[redacted]

...AN RAILWAY
...ERS' GUIDE.
...TAINING
...are Tables of all the Indian
...n Boats, and Dak Companies,
...ett Companies; the Routes
...towns of Northern, Central,
...dia, &c.
...AP OF INDIA.
... to March 1890.
...BAY:
...Bombay Gazette Steam Press
... ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 128,021—New Series.

BOMBAY :—MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1890.

BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIET...

CUTLER, PALMER'S CLARETS.

As supplied to over 100 Messes, Clubs, &c.

Qts.	pts.		Qts.	pts.
12-8	7-0	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc	12-8	7-0
22-0	12-0	Dinner—St. Julien, La Rose and Palme	22-0	12-0
25-0	13-8		25-0	15-0
28-0	15-0		28-0	18-0
34-0	18-0	After Dinner—Chateau Rauzan, Lafitt	34-0	18-0
38-0	20-0		38-0	20-0

"C. P. & Co.'s stock and selection of Claret are the largest, and rank as the finest in India."

CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

...PPING.

...AND ORIENTAL ...PANY.

...RAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

...P. Captain. Friday.
...0 H. T. Weighell....17th Jan
...0 T. I. Alderton......24th „
...00 G. W. F. Browne..31st „
...00 E. Stewart .... 7th Feb.
...0 H. T. Weighell....14th „
...0 J. L. Parfitt ......21st „
...00 G. W. F. Browne..28th „
...1·00 W. J. Webber .. 7th Mar.
...00 H. T. Weighell.....14th „
...0 W. D. Worcester..21st „
...00 G. W. F. Browne..28th „
...000 C. Fraser .... 4th Apr.
...500 H. T. Weighell... 11th „
...800 P. Harris.. ...... 18th „
...500 G. W. F. Browne 25th „
...600 R. Harvey........ 2nd May.
...500 H. T. Weighell.. 9th „
...70 G. W. Atkinson 16th „
...800 L. Reeves .... 23rd May.

...L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, ...ondon.
...o Aden only, and Passengers ... proceeding to Brindisi, Mar... ...les, and Londo...

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare ...m Brindisi to London, by the mail route, and names are ...istered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.

...eavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a. m. on day of sailing.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain	On or about. 1890.
ROME	5011	1000	A. W. Adamson	18th Mar.
ORIENTAL	5500	1000	E. Stewart	12th Apr.
PENINSULAR	5500	1000	W. J. Webber	13th May.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	On or about 1889.
SUTLEJ	4205	880	W. D. Worcester	16th Jan.
MASSILIA	4918	1000	C. Fraser	30th „

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 8th Jan. 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, ...ANA, and NAPLES.

...to all Ports of Italy, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 ...Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive

...ers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LON... ...EE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the ...ks.

...Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for ...owing or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE

...ers.	Tons.	H.P.	
...	..	...	10th Jan. 1890.
...CO BALDUINO.	5,000	800	1st Feb. 1890.
...LE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	20th Feb. 1890.
...ORE	5,000	800	10th Mar. 1890.
...CO BALDUINO..	5,000	800	1st April 1890.

...NGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain ...GH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK ...Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT ...LLY REDUCED RATES.

...ean Servants and Native Ayahs are charged ...and Rs 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In ...mmediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be ...

...M TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

...eamer. To sail.
...RMIDA...................On the 8th February 1890.

...Handbooks of Information and other particulars ...ing Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
...n House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Jany. 8, 1890.

...STRO- HUNGARIAN ...LOYD'S S. N. Co.

...AM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st Feb. 90
MELPOMENE	E. Perini	3,900	550	5th Feb. 90
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st March.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st April.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 1..

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specialy Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamer for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	L. Lemesich	4 600	650	15th March,

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Mossowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Sad and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
OSIEDON	L. Lemesich	4,600	650	21st Jan. '90

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street. Bombay, 26th Dec. 1889.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY. FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES. TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 12th February 1890 at 3 p.m. FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on Board.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	T.R.	Commander.	To sail.
ML NUBIA	3551	T. G. Knox	25th Jan.
M ARABIA	3541	J. Laird	8th Feb.
L HISPANIA	3330	G. Abrey	25th „
ML ASIA	3560	Wm. Russell	11th Mar.
L PERSIA	3547	R. Hutch'son	29th „
ML BRITANNIA	3039	Brown	12th april.
L NUBIA	3551	F. Bright	26th „
L ARABIA	3541	J. Laird	17th May.
ML HISPANIA	3330	G. Abrey	31st „

Steamers marked L proceed to Liverpool direct; those marked M to Marseilles only; steamers marked ML go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both ports. Passengers by the Marseilles steamers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles). Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and an experienced stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for first-class passengers. All the state-rooms are on the upper deck. For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 10th Jan. 1890.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KILWA," 1,552 tons, at 11 a.m. on 19th January, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 15th January.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "HIMALAYA," 1,427 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 16th January, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 14th January.

FOR RANGOON.

THE S. S. "COLABA," 1,464 tons, on or about 21st January.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 15th January.

The undersigned are prepared to accept Marine Risks on the Indian Imperial Marine Insurance Company, Ld.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 11th January, 1890. Agents.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favourite Passenger Steamer "CITY of DUBLIN," 5,000 Tons, Captain J. SWAN, will SAIL for LIVERPOOL on or about the 16th January 1890. This Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins (on deck), amidships. Baths, Punkahs and every comfort for First-class Passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.
Bombay, 26th December 1889.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. PASSENGER SEASON, 1889-90.

MESSRS. THOS. COOK & SON have pleasure in inviting the attention of Members of the Civil and Military Services, who may desire to take advantage of the new and much improved Second Saloon accomodation of the P. & O. Company's Vessels, to their system of Registration of Forward bookings, by which the names of intending Passengers are registered, and from which parties are selected and grouped together in specially selected Cabins.

For further particulars and dates of sailing of Steamers of the P. & O. and other Lines see Cook's "Oriental Travellers' Gazette," containing Telegraphic Code, post free on application to

THOS. COOK & SON,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
11, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.

HOMEWARD PASSENGERS.

PASSAGES BOOKED by P. and O. and all other steamers without charge for commission. A pamphlet giving rates and full particulars forwarded on application. Grindlay's Handbook for Travellers may also be had free.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY. Rs. 25 per doz.	Has met with Great Approval. Many Testimonials have been received as to its Superior Quality. It is now supplied to a Large Number of Messes and Clubs. The production of one of the Oldest and Largest Distilleries in the Highlands. Has a Fine, Full, Mellow Flavour, and an Agreeable Odour. The Whisky for Connoisseurs.

TREACHER AND CO., LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

IRISH WHISKY.

THOSE who prefer an IRISH WHISKY will find our brand extremely good. Our present holdings are finer and more mellow than usual. No Irish Whisky imported into India can be compared with it.

Cash Price, Rs. 24 per dozen.

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

ST. JULIEN MEDOC.

THIS popular Wine is much appreciated, and is in greater demand in India than any other brand. It is the pure product of the grape, neither "medicated" nor "doctored."

Price per doz. Quarts Rs. 11-8; Pints, Rs. 6-8

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SUPERIOR PALE BRANDIES.

FROM THE CELEBRATED DISTILLERIES OF THE VINE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION OF COGNAC.

		Cash Rs.	As.
TREACHER'S SPECIAL INVALID BRANDY, Matured for Medicinal use, 15 years old	per doz.,	Rs. 63	0
*** TREACHER'S FINE OLD PALE COGNAC, the Celebrated "Heart-Labelled Brandy"	„	„ 38	0
** TREACHER'S OLD PALE COGNAC, a choice matured Spirit	„	„ 34	0
* TREACHER'S PALE COGNAC, a good "Peg" Brandy	„	„ 30	0

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CREAM-MILK,

Loeflund's Brand (Unsweetened),
Condensed and Preserved
on strictly hygienic principles, without
Sugar or Antiseptics,
Perfectly Pure and Rich in Cream.
Per Tin as. 8.

Cream-Milk is really a delicious rich cream of perfect purity and freshness, suitable for all purposes, Tarts, Stewed Fruits, &c., mixed with water, it yields Milk of the finest quality, and specially adapted for Invalids and Children.

PHILLIPS & COMPANY, LD.
Fort and Byculla Bridge. } BOMBAY—POONA { Camp & Bhoodwar Peth.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, Khandalla, and IGUTPURI HOTEL, Igutpuri.

These HOTELS are spendidly situated, and within easy distance from Railway Stations. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.—Apply to

NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS,
Khandalla and Igutpuri.

BEERS, STOUTS, AND CIDER.

TREACHER'S OWN BRAND LIGHT PILSENER BEER.

BOTTLED at the Brewery specially for TREACHER & Co., Ld., and highly recommended as the best Light Beer in the Indian Market. This Beer is supplied under the Company's usual guarantee as to quality and condition, and all those desirous of a "GENUINE LIGHT MALT LIQUOR" should give "TREACHER'S PILSENER" a trial.

	Cash Price.		Cash Price.
Per dozen bottles	Rs. 6 0	Per dozen half-bottles	Rs. 4 0
Per case 4 doz. bottles	„ 23 0	Per case 6 doz. half-bottles	„ 23 0

SOLE AGENTS
FOR

JOHNSON & CO.'S CANTERBURY ALE.

This pleasant Bitter Beer has been imported by Treacher & Co. at the suggestion of a well-known Physician in Bombay, and is strongly recommended as one of the very best Beers in the Indian Market. It has the genuine bitter aromatic flavour of the Hop, does not contain an excess of Alcohol, and possesses in an eminent degree those refreshing, digestive, and tonic properties which should characterise all Beers.

Per dozen bottles............Rs. 6 8 | Per dozen half-bottles ....Rs. 4 6

BASS'S BEER AND GUINNESS'S STOUT.

BOTTLED BY FOSTER AND SONS.

In the Home Market Messrs. Foster and Sons' bottling is considered much the best, has by far the largest sale, and commands the highest price.

The Company are the Sole Agents for the Bombay Presidency.

Per dozen bottles, cash...........Rs. 6 12 | Per dozen half-bottles, cash ....Rs. 4 12

	Bottles.	Half-Bottles.
BASS'S BEER, L G. A., by Stone, per dozen, cash	Rs. 6 6	Rs. 4 6
BASS'S BEER, L. G. A., by Foster and Sons	„ 6 6	„ 4 6
GUINNESS'S DUBLIN STOUT, by Burke and Co., per doz., cash	„ 6 12	„ 4 12
DEVONSHIRE CIDER, by Foster and Sons, per dozen, cash	„ 8 0	„ 5 8

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

KEMP & CO.'S AERATED WATERS, IN SYPHONS.

Per Dozen,—Soda, Rs. 1-8 ; Lemonade, &c., Rs. 3.
Syphons allowed for on Return.

KEMP AND CO. LD., BOMBAY.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1890.

KING, KING, & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines on favourable terms, and FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.

SECOND SALOON accommodation by the P. & O. Line secured at very low rates. Special attention given to the grouping of passengers and selection of Berths, so as to secure their comfort on the voyage. For this purpose a Register is kept free of charge, and intending Travellers are recommended to forward their names for registration at as early a date as possible, so as to ensure satisfactory arrangements being made.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. Henry S. King & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. King, Baillie & Co. Messrs. King, King & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

SPECIAL arrangements have been made for the convenience of Ladies and Children travelling alone.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at Low rates; Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.

IMPORTERS can rely on their goods being cleared promptly, economically, and safely; a large and experienced staff, many of whom have been twenty years and upwards in Messrs. King, King & Co.'s employ, being constantly in attendance on the Bunder, and at the Custom House.

LOANS granted on easy terms, Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED, and a copy of Messrs. King, King & Co.'s "Handbook for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on application, free of charge,

KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA.
KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.
HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

BALLY PAPER MILLS Co., Ld., CALCUTTA.

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BADAMIES
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PRINTING, MEDIUM
COLOURS
BLOTTINGS
PRINTING, COMMON
COVER PAPERS.

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TO WHICH SPECIAL ATTENTION IS CALLED THEY ARE :

1. UNIFORM IN FINISH. More pleasant to write upon with any pen than either the highly glazed or rough antique so often sold in Indian markets.
2. UNIFORM IN COLOUR. The shade is suited to the climate, and does not deteriorate like English papers.
3. SIMILAR IN TEXTURE AND HARDNESS to English tub-sized papers, and 2 annas per lb. cheaper.
4. GENUINE PAPERS, and consequently more durable than many imported paper which look well but give no satisfaction to the user.

Large stocks of all classes are kept, and special rates given for contract orders.

C. MACDONALD & CO.
SOLE AGENTS.
APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

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P. VUCCINO & CO., having DECIDED TO CLOSE their BUSINESS on the 31st March, 1890, will during the interim take Sittings in the very highest style of Art at the following low charges :—

		Half Doz.	Doz.	2nd Doz.	2nd Half Doz.
CARTES	Rs.	8	12	7	4
CABINETS	„	15	20	15	8
PROMENADE	„	18	28	18	9
BOUDOIR	„	20	30	20	10
PANEL	„	30	50	40	20
IMPERIAL	„	40	60	48	24

N. B.—Any Lady or Gentleman who may wish to obtain their Negative Plate already taken by P. VUCCINO and Co., can now obtain the same at a very moderate rate. Also the valuable Collection of Negative Plates of Ajunta Caves taken by the late Major Gill. Views and Panorama Plates of Bombay.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

P. VUCCINO & CO.
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS, BOMBAY.

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BLUETHNER!!!

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OF
BOMBAY AND POONA
HAVE BEEN APPOINTED
SOLE AGENTS
FOR
INDIA AND BURMAH
FOR THE CELEBRATED
BLUETHNER'S PIANOS.

THORPE & CO.

NEW SEASON'S STOCK.

HELMETS AND SUN HATS NOW ARRIVED.

	Rs.	a.
ELLWOOD'S PATENT DOUBLE-BODIED AIR-CHAMBER HELMET with outer BULGE, best Drab Felt, strongly made, a splendid protection	18	8
THE SAME MAKE as above, plain Helmet shape, without Bulge, DOUBLE-BODIED, splendid protection...	18	8
ELLWOOD'S EXTRA STOUT Drab Felt HELMET, felt under brim, well ventilated, good, strong, and lasting	10	8
ELLWOOD'S DRAB HELMET with BULGE, extra wide brim...	13	8
ELLWOOD'S DRAB "MELTON," a useful sun-hat	9	8
ELLWOOD'S DRAB "MELTON," with outer Bulge, DOUBLE-BODIED air-chamber, a splendid protection	17	8
ELLWOOD'S EXTRA STOUT White Drill Shooting Hat, body of cork and felt, really good and useful	13	8
ELLWOOD'S TAN HUNTING, as above	13	8
ELLWOOD'S REGULATION HELMET, covered, finest White Drill	13	8
HAWKE'S REGULATION HELMET, covered, fine White Doeskin...	20	0
TERAI HATS, Best Felt, Drab and Fawn, latest shapes... ...	14	8

LADIES'

CANTON DRAB FELT, similar in shape to Melton, a splendid protection	8	8
ELLWOOD'S DRAB MELTON, fine Felt, with extra Wide Brim, lined Silk, and Velvet pad	13	8
ELLWOOD'S DRAB FELT HELMET, the new Shape, well Ventilated and light lined Silk, and Velvet pad	13	8
ELLWOOD'S HELMET, covered fine White Drill, splendid protection, lined Silk, and Velvet pad	15	8
TERAI HATS, Best Felt, Drab, and Fawn...	14	8

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

KEMP AND CO.'S ELASTIC ANKLETS AND WRISTLETS

are strongly recommended to the frequenters of the Skating Rink, and to Polo and Lawn-tennis Players; they strengthen the Muscles, and cause no inconvenience to wear.

KEMP AND CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

CASCARA LOZENGES

A DELICIOUS LAXATIVE
FOR CHILDREN AND ADULTS

THESE LOZENGES are prepared with the finest Chocolate, and are far superior to any Laxative in the form of Lozenges yet introduced.

'CASCARA SAGRADA" or "SACRED BARK." is well known as the safest and most reliable Tonic Laxative of modern medicine.

Per Phial, Re. 1.

KEMP &CO., LIMITED.

BOILS, SKIN AFFECTIONS, &c. COMPOUND SULPHUR LOZENGES.

THESE LOZENGES have recently been recommended by Sir A. B. Garrod, M.D., as a pleasant and convenient remedy for CONSTIPATION, LIVER DERANGEMENTS, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, &c. They are carefully manufactured in our Laboratory according to his formula.

Price 12 Ans. per Bottle.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

BIRD CAGES.

		Rs.	a.
Very Pretty Cages, Enamel Painted	from	6	8
Various Patterns, with and without Glass sides.		7	12
Breeding Cages, Specially made	from	6	8

PHILLIPS AND CO., LD.,
Fort and Byculla Bridge. } BOMBAY—POONA { Camp & Bhoodwar Peith.

KEMP & CO.'S NEW STATIONERY IN BOXES.

	Rs.	a.
"HERALDIC," Thick Tinted Note, 50 Sheets, with Envelopes	1	2
"MEDIÆVAL," Thick Cream Laid, 40 Sheets, with Envelopes	1	0
CHROMATIC Tinted Rep., in a series of Beautiful Colours, 40 sheets, with Envelopes	1	0
CREAM REPPED PAPER, Albert Size, 40 Sheets, with Envelopes	1	0

FOR BRIEF CORRESPONDENCE.

	Rs.	a.
CHIT PAPER and Envelopes, 48 Sheets, Grey, Granite, or Cream Laid	1	0
CORRESPONDENCE CARDS, 36, with Envelopes	1	0
Do. do. 50 do. do.	1	2
UNION STATIONERY, White or Tinted, 2 quires	1	0

KEMP & CO., LD.,
CUMBALLA HILL AND BYCULLA.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

The CHEAPEST material ever offered, from the BEST makers.

	Rs.
BRUSH DYNAMO, 16 Arc Lights (2,000 candle-power each)	800
Do. do. 10 „ „ do.	500
EDISON do. 65 Incandescent Lamps, (20 c. p.)	400
GRAMME do. 20 Arc Lights of 500 c.p. each or 200 Incan. Lights of 20 c. p.	500
GRAMME DYNAMO, 10 Incandesent Lamps of 20 c. p.	180

GASSNER Dry Cells. No Chemicals. Always ready. Lasts for ever.

INCANDESCENT Lamps, 3, 5, 10 and 20 c. p.

INSULATED CABLE, from 6 annas per yard.

Do. WIRE „ 1 anna „

F. FISCHER & Co.

STONE ENGRAVING.

THE only ESTABLISHMENTS at BOMBAY and POONA, where you can select a GOLD SIGNET RING set with any stone and have a Monogram, Crest, or Initials cut on at a few days' notice, is

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
JEWELLERS, ENGRAVERS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE COLUMBIA ELITE ROLLER SKATING RINK,

Opposite the Victoria Terminus.

NOW OPEN TO THE PUBLIC,

From 5 to 7-30 and 8-30 to 11 p.m.

ADMISSION TUESDAY NIGHTS, 8 Annas. Other Nights 1 Re. unless otherwise advertised. Admission Evenings 5 to 7-30.

TUESDAY 1 Re other Evenings 8 Annas.

The Rink is also open every Morning except SATURDAY for practice for Ladies only. To this Sessions, Admission is free.

SATURDAY MORNING from 10 to 12-30 and SATURDAY AFTERNOON from 2 to 4. Childrens' matinee. Children under 12 free, Adults 8 annas.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, JANUARY 15. 1890

Mr. H. A. SIMMONS will give EXHIBITIONS OF STILT SKATING giving an entire EXHIBITION OF TRICK SKATING on stilts 2 feet high. Prices as usual.

A large stock of skates on hand. Whole sale and retail prices exceedingly low.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, JANUARY 22ND, 1890.

A GRAND FETE IN AID OF THE

EUROPEAN GENERAL HOSPITAL ENDOWMENT FUND.

A MOST ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME

will be provided for the occasion.

Admission—2 Rs. Reserved Chairs 1 Re. extra. States free. Tickets now on sale every where.

SWITCHBACK RAILWAY.

GREAT ATTRACTION. ! ! !

OPEN EVERY DAY.

4 to 12 p. m.

ENTRANCE AND RIDE 4 ANNAS.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.

(Within five minutes drive of Station.)

NEWLY FURNISHED.

Excellent Table and Lawn Tennis Grounds.

A few rooms still available for approachign hot season.

SHIKAR AND PICNIC PARTIES ARRANGED.

THE "KNIGHT TEMPLAR" 4,188 tons, one of the finest vessels trading to the East, will sail on or about the 17th instant, under command of Captain J. L. SHEILL for GENOA and HULL. She is magnificently fitted throughout with electric light, and has Cabins amidship. Carries no Doctor or Stewardess. Fares to Genoa Rs. 300, and to Hull Rs. 325. Apply to

KILLICK NIXON & Co.,
Agents.

NOTICE.

THE RIGHT of COLLECTING ROAD and BRIDGE TOLLS in the Satara District for the 12 months, commencing from 1st April 1890, will be Sold by Public Auction by the Huzur Deputy Collector, Satara, on TUESDAY, the 18th February 1890. For further particulars, apply to that officer.

P. C. H. SNOW,
Collector of Satara.

Satara, 10th January, 1890.

DISPOSAL OF BUSINESS.

NOTICE is hereby given that SIGNOR FELICE CORNAGLIA (late of my firm), has purchased my branch in Bombay, No. 83, Meadow Street. My name consequently is removed and my interest and responsibility have ceased in the above concern.

FEDERICO PELITI,
Manufacturing Confectioner, Calcutta and Simla.

J. NEUBERG.

5, MEADOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.

From a long experience both practical and experimental as a general

TOBACCONIST

I am warranted in assuring my constituents and the

PUBLIC IN GENERAL

Of my ability to give entire satisfaction as to character and quality of my

SPECIALITIES

and stock in trade.

FRESH SUPPLIES.

ADDITIONAL BRANDS.

NEW CATALOGUE.

SMOKERS' REQUISITES.

Replete with all the latest novelties affording an unrivalled selection.

J. NEUBERG,
5 MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

THE NATIONAL HAIR DYE.

REPRODUCES INSTANTANEOUSLY THE ORIGINAL COLOUR OF THE HAIR IN ITS NATURAL SHADE.

[illegible] innocent, inoffensive, and pleasant to [illegible] and the Colour it produces is so natural as [illegible]tection by the closest observer.

[illegible]ase, complete with Brushes, Re. 1-8.
[illegible]repared expressly in England for
[illegible]. S. MADON & CO.,
[illegible]HEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
BOMBAY.

VINOLIA,

THE Blandest EMOLLIENT, subsides Inflammation and Irritation without fail. A Sovereign Remedy for ECZEMA, ITCHING, PILES and all other forms of Skin Diseases.

Per pot Re. 1-12 and Rs. 6.

THE SOAP OF SOAPS!

THE SOAP OF THE AGE!

VINOLIA SOAP contains free cream. This superfatted Soap is most agreeable to use. For SKIN AFFECTIONS, the TOILET, NURSERY, and BATH, Vinolia Cream Soap has no equal.

Per box of 3 tablets (Medical), Rs. 2.
" " " (Toilet), Rs. 2-4.

To be had at

F. S. MADON & CO.,
CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, &c.
170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET,

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.

THE HUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

Beeston, Coventry, and Wolverhampton,
The most highly finished Machines in the Market.

THE "WHIPPET" CYCLES.

Spring Frame absolutely free from vibration.
Write for Price Lists to

SOUNDY & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,

No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 13th inst. at 1 p m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Gowalia Tank the very valuable and handsome black and teakwood French polished furniture, consisting of drawing room suits of various kinds, very handsome large size pier glasses with pier tables, a first rate mahogany Grand Square Pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Soehne, a mahogany harmonium, a large size musical box playing Hindustani tunes, very rich English carpets, 2 3 4 and 6 lights hanging Argand lamps by Tucker and Sons, 1 2 and 6 lights hanging kerosine lamps, very handsome marble figures, large sized fish bowls, &c., &c., the property of Bhaishanker Nanabhoy Esq., Solicitor.

Catalogues are published and the property is now on view.

On SATURDAY, the 18th instant at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 20, Marine Lines, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French polished, plain and carved substantial made household furniture of the latest design, best platedware, very rich crockery and glassware, a first-rate walnutwood Cottage piano by Dalmaine and Co., a mahogany harmonium, a handsome strong English-built dog-cart in very good order, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oil paintings in gilt frame, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, one elaborately open carved partition screen, &c., the property of Colonel C. C. PEMBERTON.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 8 VERY VALUABLE VACANT PLOTS OF GROUND AT PAREL ROAD, OPPOSITE THE VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, AND NEXT TO THE VICTORIA GARDENS.

Under instructions, from the administratrix of the estate of the late Mr. Sorabjee Jeejeebhoy, deceased, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on SATURDAY the 18th inst at 4 p.m., sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the following 8 plots of ground suitable for building purposes:—

Lot No. 1—1,527	square yds.	Lot No. 6—1,400	square yds
" 2—1,460	"	" 7—1,496	"
" 3—1,639	"	" 8—1,870	"
" 4—1,910	"		
" 5—1,477	"		

For further particulars, conditions of sale, and plan, apply to the undersigned.

The above land will be first put up in one lot; and, if not sold, then it will be put up in separate lots,

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, January 13, 1890.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,

7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 13th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
10 " " madapollams.
5 " " dhoties.
5 cases prints,
1 case 81 doz. Tweed caps.
1 " 12 Hunting saddles.
3 Hand sewing Machines.

On account and at the risk of Abdool Hoosein Mahomedally.

792—V B—7-20—15 cases brass sheets.

On account and at the risk of Hajee Aboo Hajee Esmael V B M—2467-68—1 case fish hooks.

On account and at the risk of Tyebally Allibhoy.

0706—T V—16-30—5 casks alizerine.
0777—T V—1-30—29 " "

On account and at the risk of the defaulting indenter, Esoofally Abdool Hoosein—

3920-B 3961-10—20 bales straw-boards, 8½ by 11; 1,400 sheets per cwt., in all 90 cwts,

On account of the concerned—

28 copies, "Across Chryse"; by A. R. Colquhon, each in 2 vols.

On account of the underwriters, ex s. s. Henzada—

2-Z 481-560—39 bales, each 5 cwt., straw-boards, seawater damaged.

On account of the concerned—

15 cases Jerome's clocks.

By order of Javeri Mohunlall Muggonbhai, and on account and at the risk of Bhoopati Steena Vasooloo Chetty—

1 parcel 18 rough rubies, 20½ rutties.
1 " 100 " " 131¼ "

On account of the concerned—

1 case hemp balls.

AT 2 P.M.

1 strong second-hand brougham.
1 " wagonette.
1 light dog-cart.
1 strong serviceable office shigram.
2 strong Arab horses, 1 bay and the other grey, about 14 hands.
1 Jafferabad buffalo 3 months in calf, gives 18 seers when in full milk.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered,

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 13th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms the blackwood and teakwood household furniture, the property of M. R. WYER, Esq., consisting of drawing-room and easy chairs, chiffoniers, chest of drawers, pictures, flower pots, dumbwaiter, sofas, teapoys, copying press, perambulator, piano stool, bracket lamps, door and window curtains, copper utensils, &c. Also the property of a lady, consisting of mahogany chest-of-drawers, picture frame, glassware, crockery, copper utensils, wearing apparel, table ornaments, books &c. Also on account of the concerned, a number of elegant gilt drawing-room pier glasses of different sizes and shapes.

Property on view.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 14th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Cumballa Hill School, No. 2, Cumballa Hill, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood, plain and carved household furniture, platedware, crockery and glassware, China and Japanese flower vases, table ornaments, Hink's kerosine oil lamps, carpets, also school benches, books desks, tables, boards, &c., the property of the late Mrs. A. E. HURST.

The property is now on view

SALE OF GUNNY BAGS.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 14th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Carnac Bunder, by order of Mr. Asaira Tricum, and on account and at the risk of the concerned—

Ex. s. s. Warrora.

A twill C in diamond A T corn sacks—3 bales of gunny bags, 44 by 26½, H D No. 1 Hoogly Mill, purchased in Calcutta from Mr. Aaron Cohen, and shipped by Mr. Bhugwandas Vussonjee, the whole of the bales found on arrival to be more or less stained.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE OF FINE BENGAL COTTON.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 14th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at Colaba, in the Jutha, of Luckmidass Kessowjee, on account and at the risk of Hurnundrai Foolchund—

100 bales fine Bengal cotton. A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

IMPORTANT TO RAJAS, NABOBS, SIRDARS, AND NATIVE GENTLEMEN.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable land, with three Bungalows situate at Tardeo, close to Mr. Cowasji Dinshaw Adenwalla's Bungalow, and known as Mr. Jussawalla's property.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 1st day of February next, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, in one or two separate lots, that desirable property situate fronting on the Tardeo Road, a few minutes' walk from the Grant Road Railway Station and Tramway Terminus. It is open on all sides, and includes 3 puccka-built bungalows (one large upper-storeyed and the other two lower-storeyed), besides stables, cookrooms, and servants' quarters. The ground contains about 16,500 square yards, and is on level with the Public Road. It is of the pension and tax tenure, the ground rent being only Rs. 14 per annum. The property is divided into two convenient lots as under:—

LOT 1.—Contains about 7,500 square yards of ground, and includes the upper-storeyed bungalow with its out-houses. The bungalow which has a large garden in front, has been recently painted, and is in thorough good condition. It has accommodation for two families, and is in every way suitable as the residence of a Raja or Nabob.

LOT 2.—Contains about 9,000 square yards of ground, and includes the two lower-storeyed bungalows, besides stables and two wells. It has extensive grounds, which could be utilised for building purposes, being bounded on two sides by public roads.

Further particulars may be learnt on application to the Auctioneers, where a plan of the property can be seen, and the property can be inspected any time during the day.

On a date to be fixed hereafter, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 136, Middle Colaba, the valuable and handsome French polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated ware neat crockery and glassware, a handsome sweet toned mahogany, Square pianoforte, by Schiedmayer and Sochue in good order large size cooking stone with chimney, gilt pier glasses with tables to match, China and Japanese flower vases, handsome table ornaments, Hink's K. O. lamp, carpets, pictures, &c., the property of Mrs. MINCK.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, January 13, 1890

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

On THURSDAY, the 16th inst. Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual Weekly Auction Sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, twist, &c.

1 case coloured Cashmere tweed &c.
3 " coloured velvet.
3 " stout-Brown British.
3 " white nansooks.
2 " embroidered muslin.
2 " colored scarfs.
4 bales white handkerchiefs.
2 " G. shirting.
" G. dhootees.
6 cases preserved fruits.

On account of Abdoolaly Noorbhoy.

50 cases Nitric Acid ex-Armenia.
50 " " ex-Britannia.

On account of Ebrahim Esmalljee.

1 case spangles.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE VACANT PIECES OF LAND AT TARDEO, BREACH CANDY ROAD.

On a day to be fixed hereafter, Messrs. MENESSE & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the premises at Tardeo, near the Alliance Cotton Manufacturing Company, Limited—

26 plots of valuable vacant levelled land, suitable for building bungalow's and villas.

For further particulars and plan of the land, apply to the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, January 13, 1890.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,

No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY the 14th instant, at 11 a.m., at the Erskine Road, New Mutton Market (Null Bazaar), the right of occupancy of the New Mutton stalls from No. 1 to 11 from January to March 1890. Each stall will be put up separately, and such sale will be subject to the confirmation of the Municipal Commissioner.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer; the amount of each offer must be paid over to the Superintendent of Markets, as each stall is knocked down to the bidder whose offer is the highest.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY, SITUATE AT COLABA and at MEMON WADA and NAGDEVI STREET on the 27th, 28th, 29th and 30th January, 1890.

By order of Charles Agnew Turner, Esq., Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate and Effects of Hajee Jackeria Cummoo, Hajee Ebrahim Hajee Abdool Latiff, and Abdool Saccoor Hajee Abdool Latiff, Insolvents, and with the concurrence of Messrs Lyon and Co., the mortgagees, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co., will on MONDAY, the 27th day of January 1890 at 4 p m. put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises a valuable godown situate at Colaba, and on Tuesday the 28th day of January at the same hour, another valuable godown adjoining the last mentioned godown, (and which godowns are respectively described in the 1st and 2nd schedule printed below, and at the same hour on the next day, Wednesday, the 29th January 1890, will put up for sale on the premises, a valuable and substantial dwelling house and premises, situate at Memon Wada, and on Thursday, the 30th January 1890, a piece of land with a shed thereon and premises situate on the West side of Nagdevi street, and which houses and premises are respectively described in the 3rd and 4th schedules below printed.

All the above properties will be sold subject to the particulars and conditions of sale, copies whereof may be inspected at the office of Messrs, Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, Standard Building, Hornby Row, or at the Office No. 4 Medow Street, Fort, of Messrs, Mehrjee, Johnston and Co, and which particulars and conditions of sale will be read at the respective auction sales of the premises.

SCHEDULE I

Lot I.

(On MONDAY, the 27th January 1890 at 4 p m,)

All that piece or parcel of land with the warehouse or godown standing thereon, situate at Lower Colaba, in the Registration subdistrict of Bombay, formerly assessed under No. 39, but now assessed under ward No. 519 and street No. 36 and 38, containing by admeasurement one hundred feet in length and thirty feet in breadth or thereabouts, be the same little more or less and bounded on the South east by the compartment or division of the ground belonging to Cursetjee Merwanjee No. 11 on the south-west by a passage of 3 feet in breadth and 43½ feet in length, separating the property now being described from the ground now or late of Maneckjee Nusserwanjee, on the North East by the Colaba Company New Road, and on the North West by the premises described in lot No. 2.

SCHEDULE II:

LOT II.

(On TUESDAY, the 28th January 1890 at 4 p.m.)

All that piece or parcel of land with the warehouse or godown standing thereon, (abutting upon the godown comprised in Lot No. 1) situate at Lower Colaba in the Registration subdistrict of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 100 feet in length and 30 feet in breadth formerly assessed under No. 39, but now assessed under ward No. 519 and street Nos. 40 and 42, and bounded on the north-east by the Public Road, on the south east by the ground belonging to Javerchund Nursey, on the north west by the ground belonging to the late Maneckjee Limjee, and on the south west by the ground and premises described in Lot No. 1.

SCHEDULE III.

LOT III.

(On WEDNESDAY, the 29th January 1890 at 4 p.m.)

All that piece or parcel of Fazindari land or ground with the messuage, or dwelling house built and standing thereon, situate at Memon Wada, without the Fort of Bombay, in a certain street called Mahomed Hoosein Kambayker Street, in the registration subdistrict of Bombay, bounded on the east by a public passage or drain, on the west by the said Mahomed Hoosein Kambayker Street, on the North by the house of Yacoob Gool Mahomed, and on the south by the house of Hajee Ebrahim Soomar, and which said premises now being described formerly consisted of three several dwelling houses, but were afterwards converted into and now form one dwelling house, and were formerly assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Nos. 63, 64 and 65, and are now assessed under Ward No. 1,017 and street Nos. 75, 77, and 79,

SCHEDULE IV.

LOT IV.

(On THURSDAY, the 30th January 1890 at 4 p.m.)

All that piece or parcel of land with a shed standing thereon, situate on the West side of the Nagdevee street, in the Registration subdistrict of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 212 and two ninth square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 709 and 709, New Nos. 3,232 and 3,232 old survey Nos. 1722 and 1722, and New Survey Nos. 2-3,017 and 2-3,017, and in the books of the Collector of Assessment under Ward No. 2,377 and street No. 514, and bounded on the east by Nagdevi street, on the West by a sweeper's passage, on the North by the house of Memon Currindina Hajee Yacoob, and on the south by the house of Memon Hajee Gool Mahomed.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, January 11, 1890.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned begs to inform Ladies that she SUPPLIES WET-NURSES and DOMESTIC SERVANTS to all parts of India and England, and also takes entire charge of Infants in her Nursery at moderate rates.

The business is of several years' standing and possesses good testimonials. Apply to

MRS. M. MOLESWORTH,
Wet Nurse and Servants' Agency, Agra.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

THE SECOND ANNUAL EXHIBITION of PICTURES, &c., will be OPENED to the Public by H. E. THE GOVERNOR, on WEDNESDAY, 12th February, 1890, at the Secretariat.

On TUESDAY EVENING, 11th February, a CONVERSAZIONE will be held for a Private View of the Exhibition, open only to Members of the Society and Lady Friends.

The latest date for receiving Framed Pictures and other Exhibits, is February 3, 1890. For Prospectuses and other particulars, apply to the HONORARY SECRETARY,

L. R. W. FORREST,
Bombay.

MESSRS. F. AHRLE & Co.

PHOTOS taken in Fancy Dresses, Worn at the Carnival, at the Skating Rink on the 10th inst., or any other Fancy Dress Ball during the season at greatly reduced rates, for all sizes and groups in a most artistic style and arrangements suiting to the character of the costume, at our well known studio above

MESSRS. SOUNDY & Co.,
Esplanade.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL
ON THE WAY TO KHANDALLA
IS NOW OPEN AND READY FOR VISITORS
UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

A First-class Hotel and splendidly situated on the Hill, with a good western and all round view and within an easy distance from the Railway Station. A Lawn Tennis Ground has been made close to the Hotel for Visitors.—A new Grand Sympathetic Piano for general use.

Apply to the
MANAGER, LANOWLI GYMKHANA, HOTEL.

NOTICES,

NOTICE is hereby given that from the 1st January, 1890, the BUSINESS hitherto conducted in MY NAME will be CARRIED on under the style of

MACBETH BROS. AND CO.,

to whom all business communications should be addressed.

JOHN B. K. MACBETH,
41, Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY,

INCLUDING

MYSORE STATE RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

REDUCTION OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS FARES.

FROM and after 1st January 1890, the ordinary First-class Fare will be reduced from 18 to 12 pies per mile, and the ordinary Second-class Fare will be reduced from 9 to 6 pies per mile, upon this Railway.

Except in special circumstances and on special occasions, Return Tickets will not be issued.

JAS. CRAIK,
Traffic Manager.

Traffic Manager's Office, Dharwar, 16th December 1889.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of TEAK TRELLIS and other Wood Work for Executive Engineers, Aden, of which full particulars may be obtained at the office of the Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences, Middle Colaba.

2 Tenders which must be sealed and accompanied by Rs. 100, as earnest money will be received at 12 noon on Tuesday, 14th January 1890.

3. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

E. C SPILSBURY, Captain
Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences.

Bombay Defences Office, Middle Colaba, 28th Dec. 1889

NOTICE

TO MILL OWNERS AND OTHERS.

I HEREBY give notice that Messrs. NORRIE MITCHEL & Co., of Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay are no longer my Agents, for any purpose whatsoever.

I have appointed as my Agents for the Bombay Presidency, Messrs. SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co., Engineers &c., of Bombay, who are empowered to act for me and on my account in all business transactions, and to whom all inquiries respecting my machinery, etc., should now be addressed.—Dated this 29th day of November 1889

SAMUEL BROOKS,
Cotton Machinist.

Union Iron Works, West Gorton, Junction Iron Works, Newton Heath, Manchester.

WITH reference to the above ADVERTISEMENT all information and particulars respecting Machinery &c, manufactured by Mr. SAMUEL BROOKS will be furnished by us on application.

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE and Co.,
Engineers and Machinery Importers, Khetwady, Bombay

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY,

INCLUDING

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

TENDER FOR STATIONERY.

THE Agent is prepared to receive sealed Tenders at his Office, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, up to 1 p.m (gun fire), on MONDAY the 27th January 1890, for the SUPPLY of STATIONERY required for the Broad and Metre Gauge Sections of the Company's System during the 12 months ending 31st March 1891. Supplies to commence from the 1st April 1890.

2. Tenders must be accompanied by an earnest fee of Rs. (500.) Five hundred, in Currency Notes or Government Paper without which no Tender will be considered. Government or other Securities to be endorsed in favor of the B B, and C. I. Railway.

3. It is optional with Tenderers to Tender for either (a) All the items mentioned in the Tender Form, or for (b) Paper Miscellaneous or (c) Paper Printing alone. All Tenders should however, be Superscribed "Tender for Stationery for B. B. and C. I, and R. M. Railways."

4. In respect to the Metre Gauge requirements, Tenderers will be required to quote separately (in the columns provided for the purpose on the Forms) their rates for delivery both at Bombay and at Ajmere.

5. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

6. Terms and conditions of Tender along with Forms of Tender, can be obtained (on payment of Rs. 2) and samples seen upon application to either the Deputy Storekeeper, R. M. Railway, Ajmere, or to the Storekeeper, Parel.

S. A. DUIGAN,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, Bombay, 3rd Jan. 1890.

SALE OF THE BOMBAY SAW MILL MACHINERY.

THE UNDERSIGNED is prepared to receive up to and including the 15th day of January next, Tenders for the purchase in one lot of the ENGINE MACHINERY and TOOLS, belonging to the Bombay Saw Mills Company, Limited (now in liquidation), and now lying on the Company's premises at Tank Bunder, Bombay, and also for the purchase (in another lot) of one overhead 5-ton travelling crane, 50 feet span, to run out 150 feet, with power and hand gear, containing transfers travelling trolly and elevating chains complete, also lying on the said premises. No tenders will be received after the above date.

2. The party or parties whose tenders may be accepted shall pay to the undersigned 25 per cent. of the purchase-money immediately on the acceptance of his or their tenders being notified to him or them, and shall pay the balance within one week from the date of payment of the advance, and shall remove the machinery from the aforesaid premises within four weeks from the date of acceptance of his or their tenders.

3. Particulars regarding the articles to be sold can be had on application to the undersigned at his office, at 3, Tamarind Lane, Bombay, care of Messrs. Ewart, Latham and Co., or to his Solicitors, Messrs. Craigie, Lynch and Owen, at their office, in the Standard Buildings, Hornby Road, Bombay.

J. I. MURRAY,
Trustee for the Debenture-holders of the Bombay Saw Mills Company, Limited.

Bombay, 13th November 1889.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION,

SUIT No. 237 OF 1887.

RATTONSEY LILADHAR and BAI MANEK, son and daughter of LILADHAR OODHAWJI deceased, minors under the age of 18 years, by their next friend NARANDAS THAKARSEY MOOLJEE of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Old Hanooman Lane, out side the Fort, and BAI KUSTUR, wife of NARANDAS THAKARSEY MOOLJEE, also of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, residing at Old Hanooman Lane, aforesaid.................. Plaintiffs

VS.

VALLUBHDAS GORDHANDAS of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, residing at Ganeshwadi, out side the Fort, aforesaid........................ Defendant

PURSUANT to the order of reference of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, made in the above suit, and bearing date the Twenty-six day of August, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-nine, Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of Liladhar Oodhawjee, late of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitant deceased, the testator in the pleadings in the above suit mentioned who died at Bombay, on or about the Eleventh day of August, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-two, are hereby required to file such claims in writing in my office in the Court house within one Calendar month from the date hereof, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily xcluded from the benefit of the said order.—Dated this 3rd day of December, 1889.

CHARLES E. FOX.
Commissioner.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 78 OF 1888.

ASLA NANJEE and GULBA NANJEE, respectively of Bombay, Marwadi Inhabitants residing in Fanaswady, without the Fort of Bombay.................................Plaintiffs.

vs.

RAKHMABAI, wife of NARAYEN HARRICHUNDERJEE of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, residing at Borebhat Line, without the Fort of Bombay, and CHARLES AGNEW TURNER, Official Assignee, and Assignee of the estate of the said NARAYEN HURRICHUNDERJEE, an Insolvent.....................Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above suit and bearing date the Ninth day of March, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-nine, the following immoveable property WILL BE SOLD by Public Auction, before Charles Edward Fox, Esq., Commissioner of this Honourable Court, at his office in the Court house, on WEDNESDAY, the Twenty-second day of January, One Thousand Eight hundred and Ninety, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon,

PARTICULARS.

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed plaintiffs Asla Nanjee and Gulba Nanjee, and of the abovenamed defendants Rukhmabai, wife of Narayen Hurrichunderjee and Charles Agnew Turner, Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of the said Narayen Hurrichunderjee, an insolvent or any of them in all that piece or parcel of land or ground together with messuage, tenement or dwelling house or chawl, built and standing thereon situate without the Fort walls of Bombay, in an Oart called Borebhat, and on the western side of Borebhat Lane in the subdistrict of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and twenty eight square yards, be the same a little more or less and which said land is registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue for Pension and Tax under old No. 679, and new No. 3,069 old survey No. 516, and new survey No. 7,722, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under No. 636 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the north by Oart of A. G. De-ga, on or towards the south by the said Borebhat Lane, on or towards the east by the property of Dhakoul Govindjee, and on or towards the west by the property of Wittoba Bhugwan Panday, and which said land and premises were formerly in the occupation of the tenants of one Bhowanibaii daughter of Gungadher Luxumonjee, and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the first defendant.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, Attorneys and for the Plaintiff's abovenamed, National Bank Buildings No. 20 Esplanade Road, Fort Bombay.—Dated this 22nd day of November, 1889.

CHARLES E. FOX,
Commissioner.

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Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.	4,800	125	125	..	..
Ambica S. & M. Co.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	..
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Bombay National Mfg Co., Ld	700	1,000	1,000		560
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 3	675
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Guzerat S. & W. Co.	420	1,000	1,000	...	85
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	760
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,500	500	500	...	605
Hinganghat Mill Co.	700	575	500	Rs. 37	725nom
Hyderabad Deccan S.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	700
Indian Mfg. Co., Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	940
Imperial Cotton Mills	1,300	500	500	Rs. 2	465
Jamshed Mfg. Co.	1,600	25	25	Rs. 1	300
James Greaves Mill	1,2[illegible]	50	50	Rs. 2	642½
Jaffer Ali S. & W. Co. Ld., Original	600	50			100
Increased	1,483	25	2	Rs. 1	
Jubilee Mfg. Co Ld.	—	900	1,000	—	700
Jewraj Balloo S. & W.	1,100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	880
Khandesh S. & W.	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	590
Khattou Makanjee S.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	525
Lukhmidas Khimjee	1,000	00	1,000	Rs. 50	770
Leopold S. Bleaching	3,500	0	100	Rs. 5	150
Madras United S.	600½		1,000	Rs. 100	1,950
Mahalaxmi S. & W.	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	525
Maharaja Mysore S.	4,500	100	100	Rs. 7	105
Mazagon S. & Mfg.	6,000	250	250	Rs. 5	110
Morarjee Goculdas S.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,560
Maneckjee Petit Mfg.	4,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,100
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	615
National S. & W. Co	600	1,000	1,000	...	250
Oriental S & W. Co.	6,720		625	Rs. 18½	845
People of India S.	1,000	50	250	Rs.	60
Presidency Mills Co.	748	1,000	1,000	[illegible]	[illegible]
Prince of Wales S.	2,189		125	...	10
Queen S. & W. Co.	799	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	700
Ripon Mfg. Co., Ld	641	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,090
Sassoon S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,[illegible]
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld.	1,716	500	500	...	500
Sholapore S. & W. Co.		10	1,000	Rs. 60	1,275
Soonderdas S. & W.	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	415
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	Rs. 15	270
Swadeshi Mills Co. Ld.	4,000	500	500	..	265
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	660
Sun Mills Ld	1,300	250	250	..	260
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	0	1,000	Rs. 25	375
Veeragaum S. & Mfg	800	500	500		..
Venishunker Luxmishunker Cotton Mill Co., Ld.		500	..	Rs. 20	500
Western India S.	1	1,000		Rs. 25	445

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10 p.ct	215
	750	150	150		165
Badham Pile & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 14	142
Bapty Co. Ld.	625		185	Nil	56
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.		00	0	6 p.c.	60
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	620
Bombay Ice Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	88
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	180	Rs.	3,200
Do. (3rd Issue)	2,000	62	45	Rs.	800
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c.	106
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500		...	150
Cooper, Madon Ld	3,000	100	100	Rs.	5
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	40 nl
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	177½
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Suretyship As.	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co. Limited	12,000	25	25		5¼
Kurrachee Lighterage	500	256	250	...	75
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26½	358
Marcks & Co. Ld.	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	75
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	13 p.c.	70
Napier Foundry	500	100	100	...	60n.
Oriental Government Security Life As.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	210½
Oriental Loan Asso.	5,000	20	20	8 p.s.	20
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	1000	Rs. 20	372
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	Nil	65
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs.	100
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	100
Southwell and Austin.	1,000	...	95	...	80
Telephone Co., Ld.	19,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	12
Treacher & Co., Ld.	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,265
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100		Rs. 10	130
Western India Flour M Mody & Co	,000	1	125	Nil.	85
Bhownugger City P. & M. Co., Ld	550	250	250	Rs. 15	230

THE OPIUM REVENUE.

The following is the statement of the opium revenue up to 8th January, as compared with the estimates for the year 1889-90 :—

	Bengal. In month of Jan. 1890.	Bombay. In month of Dec. 1889.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Estimate	50,82,500	14,00,000	64,82,500
Actual	53,47,200	13,35,750	66,82,950
Better than estimate.	2,64,700	..	2,00,450
Worse than estimate.	...	64,250	..

Ten sales of Bengal opium and nine months' pass duty on opium exported from Bombay :—

	Bengal. To end of Jan. 1890.	Bombay. To end of Dec. 1889.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Estimate	5,08,25,000	1,53,00,000	6,61,25,000
Actual	5,46,71,070	1,59,48,725	7,06,19,795
Better than estimate.	38,46,070	6,48,725	44,94,795
Worse than estimate.	..	..	..

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 10th January, 1890.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·895
Temperature of the Air	76·0
Wet Bulb Thermometer	68·4
Dew Point	64·7
Relative humidity of Air	·681
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10).	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a. m., next day)	84·6
Maximum do. do (read at 8 a.m.)	68·1
General Directions of Wind.*	NE, ENE, WNW, NW, ENE, E.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	196

* From midnight to midnight.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

SATURDAY NIGHT, JAN. 11.

10 p.m.	72·7

SUNDAY, JAN. 12.

6 a.m.	69·0
10 a.m.	74·2
2 p.m.	82·3
4 p.m.	81·4

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Municipal Ward Election, Dadur Ward Office.
Novelty Theatre, Ferrell's Comedy Company, 9 p.m.
Yacht Club Dance.
Switchback Railway.
Columbia Skating Rink, 5 to 7-30 and 8-30 to 11 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 10th :—Sculptor (s), from P. Gulf ; Ponani (s), Mangalore. On the 11th :—Clan Forbes (s), Glasgow ; Sheikh (s), Liverpool ; Assam (s), Cardiff ; Khiwa (s), Hongkong ; and Lawada (s), Calcutta.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 11th :—Kt. of St. John (s), for Antwerp ; and H. M.'s Troopship Crocodile (s), England. Yesterday.—Labourdonnais (s), Aden via Kurachi.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Sculptor entered the dock on Friday, and the s. s. Clan Forbes on Saturday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Shaikh entered the dock on Saturday.

THEFT OF GOLD ORNAMENTS.—A woman, named Cashi, residing at Nowrojee Hill, reports the theft of two gold ornaments, valued at Rs. 55, from her box on the 9th instant.

POSTAL NOTICE.—With effect from the 13th January, 1890, the charges on foreign money orders and British postal orders will be regulated by Schedule 29 *viz.*, 1s. 5d. per rupee.

LECTURE.—Dr. Blaney will deliver a lecture in the Framjee Cowasjee Hall, on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at 5-30 p.m.—Subject.—"The District Fever Mortality of Bombay," Mr. Pherozshah M. Mehta will preside. The lecture is open to the public.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Surgeon-Major Burroughs, of the 4th Bombay Rifles, residing at the Marine Lines, reports that his servant, named Deen Mahomed, absconded on the 9th instant, taking with him a silver badge, valued at Rs. 5, and Rs. 39 in cash, which he was entrusted with to pay bills. The man is said to have gone to Hyderabad.

THE DISTURBANCE ON BOARD THE SIERRA NEVADA.—The case, which had arisen out of the disturbance on board the ship Sierra Nevada, during her voyage from New York, in which the boatswain was charged with having assaulted the carpenter, came on for hearing again on Saturday before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, and was struck out, the charge having been withdrawn.

DEATH FROM SNAKE-BITE.—An inquest was held by the Coroner on Saturday, at Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, respecting the death of a Malee, named Babajee Rama, aged 25 years. At 5 o'clock that morning he went to work in the garden, when he was bitten on the right foot by a cobra, and died at 10-30 a.m. the same day. The cobra was subsequently caught, and afterwards killed at the Chowpatty police station. A verdict of death from snake-bite was recorded.

A SHOP LIFTER.—At the Esplanade Police Court on Saturday a lad, named Bhan Raju, was placed before Mr. Cooper by Police Inspector Briscoe charged with theft. He had been in the employment of the Municipal Commissioner, who had been in the habit of sending him on errands to shops. The other day he was sent to Messrs. Thompson and Taylor's for some soda-water, and managed to carry off with him two bottle-locks, such as are used to ensure the safety of the contents of bottles of spirits, etc. He was convicted and sentenced to undergo fourteen days' rigorous imprisonment.

DROWNED IN A TANK.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday, at Cammateepoora 10th Street, respecting the death of a female child, aged 2½ years, named Janee. At 3-30 p. m. on Saturday, the deceased fell into, and was found drowned in, a tank near the Municipal stables. The tank is being filled by the Municipality and is left unfenced, and is dangerous to children. A verdict of accidental death was recorded. The jury are of opinion that during the filling in of the tank it should be fenced.

SYSTEMATIC ROBBERY OF A WOMAN.—At the Girgaum Police Court on Saturday Inspector Cobb charged Narayen Krishnajee, Mallaree Bapoojee, Mucoonda Hurry, and Yeknath Hurry, before Mr. P. Ryan, with committing theft of sundry gold and silver ornaments of the collective value of Rs. 112 from a woman, named Rai, on the 17th December last, and also with aiding and abetting each other in the commission of the said offence. The case for the prosecution was that on the date in question accused Narayen and Mullaree went to the house of Rai at Mandvi about noon. Narayen who was acquainted with Rai at Poona, told her that he had brought a basket of fruits from her relatives at Poona for her. The basket of fruits, he said, was at his house at Muddonpoora, and if she would come with him she could have the fruits. Rai thereupon accompanied Narayen and Mullaree to their house at Muddonpoora. On her arrival there she met the other two accused, Mucoonda and Yeknath in the house, when she was asked to have some liquor. Country liquor was procured from a shop near by, and she drank so freely that she fell sound asleep; during which time she was robbed of all her ornaments by the four accused, who left the house, locking the door, and leaving Rai asleep inside. Rai awoke at half-past 7 o'clock that evening, and found that all her ornaments had been stolen from her, and the door locked from the outside. She managed to get out through a window, and told the neighbours what had happened. She also reported the matter to the police. Inspector Cobb, at once instituted an enquiry and arrested accused No. 4 Yeknath at Coombarwarra on the following afternoon, accused Nos. 1 and 2, Narayen and Mullaree, were arrested at Poona, and accused No. 3, Muccoonda, at a village called Jawlee in the Phultan District. The whole of the ornaments with the exception of one article, were recovered from several Marwarrees in the town with whom they had been pledged. The four accused were convicted. Narrayen Krishnajee, Mullaree Bapoojee, and Muccoonda Hurry were sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment each, and Yeknath Hurry, who appeared not to have taken a very active part in the matter, was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE SCHOOL FINAL EXAMINATION.

WE are asked to state that the following additional candidates have passed the School Final Examination :—

Ankalji, Anant Govind ; Avasthi, Harishankar Revashankar ; Bhide, Keshow Sitaram ; Chikkamurl, Venkaji Tamaji ; Dane, Kirpashankar Krishnaram ; Desai, Chhotalal Dalpat ; Desai, Chunilal Chimanlal ; Harlikar, Ramchandra Ganesh ; Herkal, Bhimaji Ramchandra ; Kulhalli, Ramchandra Krishna ; Kulkarni, Hanmant Bhimji ; Kulkarni, Venkaji Shrinivas ; Marathe, Shankar Bhikaji ; Masur, Bhimrao Venkatrao ; Mone, Atmaram Trimbak ; Patel, Ishvarbhai Baberbhai ; Punekar, Krishnaji Govind ; Sardesai, Krishnaji Vasudeo ; Sheth, Thakurdas Nagindas ; Sheth, Vithaldas Nagindas ; and Tillu, Sitaram Krishna.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

THE following was the parade state on the 11th inst.—

Distribution.	Field Officers.	Capts.	Lieuts.	Staff Sergts.	Sergts.	Buglers.	Rank & File.	Total.
A Company	1	1	1	1	1	...	19	24
B "	1	1	1	...	3	...	7	13
C "	...	1	1	...	2	...	10	14
D "	...	1	1	1	3	...	24	30
E "	...	1	1	1	2	...	11	16
F "	...	...	2	1	1	...	18	22
G Cadets	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	2
H Cadets	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
I Cadets	...	...	1	...	3	...	20	24
K Cadets	...	...	...	...	3	...	9	12
L Cadets	...	...	1	...	2	...	55	58
Army Staff	...	1	...	2	...	...	6	9
Staff & Band	...	...	...	...	1	...	27	28
Total	2	6	10	6	21	1	206	252

The following officers were on parade :—

Lt.-Col. the Hon'ble L. H. Bayley ; Major R. S. Brown ; Capts. T. W. C. Leatham, (Adjutant), Baird, Nicholson, Lund, Place, and Willis ; Lieuts. Jefferies, De'Soane, T. M. English, F. W. English, Sharp, and Cornforth ; and 2nd-Lieuts. Rowland, Kenny, Wilkinson, and Ferneaux.

PHILLIPS' "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.—The Cream of SCOTCH Whiskies." Enormous demand. Per dozen Rs. 24. PHILLIPS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam ship Knight of St. John, 2,248 tons, Captain J. P. Bevis, sailed on last Saturday for Antwerp with a general cargo and 3 deck passengers.

THE Coasting steam ship Hindoo, 25 tons, Captain G. J. Baker, cleared last Saturday for Cutch Mandvi, &c., with a general cargo and 300 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steam ship Lawada, 2,149 tons, Captain S. P. Nailer, arrived in harbour on last Saturday from Calcutta with a cargo of grain, and 36 deck passengers.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steamship Khiwa 1,452 tons, Captain E. Crewe, arrived in harbour on last Saturday from Hong Kong *via* Singapore and Penang with a general cargo and 9 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's s.s. Loodiana, 2140 tons Captain W Britten. arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta *via* Coast ports with a general cargo Mr. R A Collil and Mr. A B. Walker, as cabin passengers.

THE French Mail steamer Labourdonnais, 1,274 tons, Captain P. Sibilet, sailed yesterday for Aden *via* Karachi with a general cargo, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Gilder, Mrs. Charles, Miss Vinton, and 60 deck passengers on board.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's steamship Sculptor, 850 tons, Captain J T Cronin, arrived in harbour on Friday evening from the Persian Gulf with a general cargo, 174 cases of opium, 60 deck passengers, and 17 horses.

THE Coasting steamship, Ponani, 542 tons, Nakoda, arrived in harbour on Friday evening from Mangalore with a general cargo, and the following passengers :—Miss Peak, Mrs. Lusmoore, Mr J B Macfarlan, and 68 deck passengers.

THE steam ship Mecca, 937 tons, Captain F Skinner, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta *via* Coast ports, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Brigadier-General Cox, Major Sanders, Captain Rich, and 6 deck passengers on board.

THE steam ship Sheikh, 1,245 tons, Captain Charles V Daly, arrived in harbour on last Saturday from Liverpool *via* Port Said and Karachi with a general cargo, and the following passengers :—Mrs Ferrell, Miss Ferrell, Miss Verrini, Miss Ford, and Mr. Arthur.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamship Arabia, 674 tons, Captain G. F. Simpson, cleared on Saturday for the Persian Gulf *via* Karachi with a general cargo, and the following passengers :—Miss E. Blackwell, Miss Hirst, Mr. P. Newton, Mr. Narshim, Mr Meir and 65 deck passengers.

THE Clan Line steam ship Clan Forbes, 1,591 tons, Captain R G Taitt, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Glasgow and Liverpool *via* Port Said and Suez with a general cargo, and the following passengers :—Mr. Gillespie, Mr. Ralston, Mr. Milne, Mr. Humphreys, Mr. Bell, Mr. Badenoch, and 4 deck passengers.

THE steam ship Assama, 2,449 tons, Captain A Smith, arrived in harbour on last Saturday from Cardiff *via* Port Said and Suez, with 4,739 tons of coals, 98 tons coke, and the following passengers : —Mr. and Mrs. Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. Frankel, Miss Hope, Miss A Hope, Mr. Hope, Miss Crawford, and Mrs. Pratt. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Killick, Nixon and Co.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—JANUARY 11.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. City of Dublin	2150	Swan	A	Sir C Forbes & Co.
" Clan Macdonald	1716	Rule	B	Finlay, Muir & Co.
" Henzada	1341	Avern	D	B I S N Co
" Durham	2130	Mathews	L	J Mackintosh & Co.
" Sullamutt	2414	Webber	N	H A L Baladina.
" Sculptor	850	Cronin	O	B & P S N Co.
" Idaho	2401	Brotherton	P	F Muir & Co.
" Labourdonnais	1274	Sibilet	Q	M Maritimes Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Kt. Templar	2701	Shiell	1	K Nixon & Co.
" Nubia	2119	Knox	2	W & A Graham & Co
" Tanjore	1402	Raffin	4	Hajee Cassum.
" Lombardy	1570	Langborne	6	P. & O. S. N. Co.
" Poseidon	2510	Lemesich	8	A-H Lloyds & Co.
" Europa	1413	Jones	12	K Nixon & Co.
" Sheik	1245	Daly	13	K Nixon & Co.
" Almirante Barroso Man-of-War.)	..	D Mello	..	Prazil.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander	From
10	Sculptor (s)	Cronin	Persian Gulf.
	Ponani (s)	Nakoda	Mangalore, Jan. 7.
11	Clan Forbes (s)	Taitt	Glasgow, Dec. 3.
	Sheikh (s)	Daly	Liverpool, Dec. 8.
	Assama (s)	Smith	Cardiff, Dec. 15.
	Khiwa (s)	Crewe	Hongkong, Dec. 24.
	Lawada (s)	Nailer	Calcutta, Dec. 26.
12	Mecca (s)	Skinner	Calcutta, Dec. 18.
	Loodiana (s)	Britten	Calcutta, Dec. 18.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
11	Kt. of St. John (s)	Bevis	Antwerp.
	H. M. Troopship Crocodile	Evans	England.
12	Labourdonnais (s)	Sibilet	Aden via Karachi.

The following vessels were entered for loading on Saturday :—
Steamer Poseidon, for China, &c.
" Clan Forbes, for London and Dunkirk.
" Asama, for Marseilles.
" Tanjore, for Aden Jeddah, &c.
" Sculptor, for Aden, Hodeida, &c.
" Himalaya, for Coast and Calcutta.

The following vessels cleared on Saturday :—
Steamer Hindoo, Baker, Cutch Mandvi, &c.
" Arabia, Simpson, Persian Gulf via Kurrachee.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.		
8	Culna s	Calcutta.
	Niemen s	Colombo.
9	Dorunda s	London.

DEPARTURE.

8	Secundra s	Rangoon.
	M Meanatchy	Singapore.

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 7th January, as compared with the statement of the 30th December :—

LIABILITIES.	December 30. Rs.	A.	P.	January 7. Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	58,00,000	0	0	58,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits, &c.	1,60,85,186	14	3	1,75,30,339	3	6
Other Deposits, &c.	3,34,28,778	12	11	3,23,90,260	15	1
Bank Post Bills, &c.	2,63,786	11	4	5,00,551	3	9
Sundries	15,20,692	6	9	7,34,285	12	0
Rs.	7,70,98,444	13	3	7,69,55,437	2	4

ASSETS.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities	19,48,204	0	0	19,57,170	0	0
Other authorized Invtmts	79,20,099	12	0	78,72,686	0	0
Loans on Govt. and other authorized Securities	1,17,06,394	15	10	1,37,51,513	9	10
Credits on do.	1,01,14,640	3	4	98,79,277	6	9
Bills discounted &c.	2,32,65,197	2	2	2,42,09,322	8	5
Balances with other Banks	13,53,680	9	11	11,30,312	12	3
Bullion	4,24,300	11	11	4,24,390	14	7
Dead Stock	12,41,537	2	8	12,29,967	3	9
Stamps	11,087	1	0	13,649	9	0
Sundries	99,367	4	5	5,72,832	13	6
Cash &c. at Head Office	90,57,725	14	9	61,75,902	6	10
Do. at Branches	99,51,209	12	3	97,38,411	13	5
Rs.	7,70,98,444	13	3	7,69,55,437	2	4

The memorandum of the branch department of the Bank of Bengal up to 7th January is as follows :—

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	
Treasury Balance at Head Office	10,97,027	Decrease.
Do. at Branches	25,42,180	Increase.
Other Deposits	10,38,518	Decrease.
Post Bills	2,36,764	Increase.
ASSETS.	Rs.	
Bank's Investments	38,448	Decrease.
Loans	20,45,119	Increase.
Accounts of Credit	2,35,363	Decrease.
Mercantile Bills	9,44,125	Increase.
Cash at Head Office	28,81,824	Decrease.
Do. at Branches	2,12,798	do.

IF, as seems possible, observes the *Pioneer*, the rearmament of the army in India with the magazine rifle will take three or four years to accomplish, it is likely that a large supply of barrels of the new pattern will be indented for to be fitted on the Martini-Henry stock. This change could be made at no very great expense in this country, and our soldiers would then have a weapon which would be quite good enough for all the practical requirements of a campaign. There are a very large number of Martinis available in India, and it would be better to utilize them in the manner suggested than to have three different kinds of rifles in use. The Snider should at least be discarded as quickly as possible, for the majority of rifles of this pattern are now so worn that accurate shooting with them is impossible.

THE Delhi-Umballa-Kalka Railway from Delhi to Umballa is likely to be opened sooner than was expected. Then, writes the Lahore paper, some of the inconvenience of its working by the East India Railway, instead of the North-Western Railway, will soon become apparent.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS—JANUARY 10.

Graeme Lt.-Col., Bengal, Yorkshire L I, on leave, from Quetta.
Cole, Lieut, Bengal, Yorkshire L I, on leave, from Jacobabad.
Ellis, Lieut, Bengal, Yorkshire L I, on duty, from Quetta.

JANUARY 11.

Hamphrys, Lieut, Bo, 1st Lanc Regt, to rejoin, from England.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 9.

Montgomery, Lieut, Bo, 1st Bo Grenadiers, from leave, to Ahmednager.

JANUARY 10.

Beale, Lieut, Bo, 5th Bo, L I, on furlough, to Europe.
Beale, 2nd Lieut, Bo, 5th Bo L I, on leave, to Bareda.
Leander, Vety-Surgn, Bo, A V D, on duty, to Kirkee.
Elphinstone, Lieut, Bo, 7th Bo Infy, off leave, to Mhow.

JANUARY 11.

Dodd, Surgn, Bo Medical, Staff, on leave, to Poona.

JANUARY 12.

Spencer, Warwick, 2nd Lt, Ms, 8th Ms N I, off leave, to Rangoon.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY,
Commanding. Bo. Vol. R. Corps,
Bombay, 13th January, 1890.

There will be drill at the following places until further orders :—

At the Oval, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 6-30 a.m.

St. Mary's School, Nesbit Road, Mondays and Fridays at 5 p.m.

Queen's Statue, Mondays and Wednesdays at 5-15 p.m.

Byculla School, Mondays and Thursdays at 5 p.m.

Byculla Scottish School, Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 p.m.

St. Peter's School, Mazagon, Mondays and Thursdays at 4 p.m.

Indo-British Institution, Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 p.m.

St. Mary's School, Nesbit Road, Tuesdays at 4-14 p.m., and Thursdays at 7-15 a.m.

Cathedral High School, Mondays 3 to 4 p. m., and Thursdays 4 to 4-30 p.m.

John Connon School, Wednesdays and Fridays, 4 to 5 p.m.

2. There will be Company drill for officers and N. C. officers at the Oval at 6-30 a.m. on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

3. There will be Companydrill for the D Company under the Company Officers, at a quarter-past 5 p.m. on Wednesday, the 15th inst., behind the Town Hall. Mufti with rifles, &c. Members attending will have their tram fares paid.

4. The signalling classes will parade at the Oval as follows :—1st and 2nd class on Monday afternoon at 5 ; and on Wednesday and Friday mornings at 7-15 ; 3rd class on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings at 7-15.

5. Time-table of practice and competition for the Bayley Shield and Wyer Cup :—

January 1890.	Bayley Shield. 150, 300 and 500 yards, seven shots at each distance. 150 yards, 4 shots kneeling, and 3 standing ; 300 yards, 4 shots kneeling, and 3 sitting ; 500 yards, 4 shots prone and 3 kneeling.	Wyer Cup. 700 and 800 yards, ten shots at each distance. Position any.
Monday, 13	D Co. Practice	A Co. Practice
Tuesday, 14	E do	C do
Wednesday, 15	B do	L H do
Thursday, 16	F do	A Co. Competition
Friday, 17	D Co. Competition	C do
Saturday, 18	E do	L H do
Monday, 20	B do	D Co. Practice
Tuesday, 21	F do	E do
Wednesday, 22	A Co. Practice	B do
Thursday, 23	C do	F do
Friday, 24	L H do	D Co. Competition
Saturday, 25	......	E do
Monday, 27	C Co. Competition	B do
Tuesday, 28	L H Co. do	......
Wednesday, 29	A Co. do	F Co. Competition

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

6. The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to Lieut H R King from the 11th January to 11th February 1890, both days inclusive.

7. There will be Riding School for all members at 7 a.m. on Tuesday, the 14th instant. Plain clothes.

By order,
T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS
By Major G. W. Roughton, Commanding
Bombay Vol. Artillery.
For the week commencing 13th January 1890.

1. The adjourned Battery Committee Meeting will be held at Head-quarters at 6-30 this evening. Members of the Committee are particularly requested to attend.

2. The following drills will take place this week :—

Tuesday, 7 p.m.—Gun drill at Head-quarters.

Wednesday, 7 a.m.—Gun drill in Arsenal Compound.

Wednesday, 6-30 p.m.—Proficiency class at Head-quarters.

Thursday, 7 a.m.—Gun drill in Arsenal Compound.

Thursday, 6-30 p.m.—Squad drill at Head-quarters.

Friday, 9 p.m.—Gun drill at Head-quarters.

Saturday.—Gun drill at Middle Ground Fort, parade at the Apollo Bunder at 4-15 p.m. Dress, uniform and helmets without ball, badge, or chin-chain.

3. The Signalling Class will meet on the Oval at 7 a.m. on Tuesday and Saturday.

4. There will be practice with the Nolan range-finder on the Oval at 7 a.m. on Saturday.

5. There will be class-firing on the Coorla Range on Tuesday and Friday mornings. Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 5-30 a.m. (local time). An instructor will be present.

By Order,
ARTHUR LESLIE, Captain.
Acting Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Poona, 10th Jan. 1890.

The Commander-in-Chief is pleased to make the following appointments :—

2nd Bo Cavy (Lancers)—Lieut H J E Purvis, Offg Sqdn officer on probation, 5th Bo Cavy (Sind Horse), to be Sqdn officer, and rank below Lieut Pillean and above Lieut Gordon.

27th Bo L I (1st Belooch Bn.—Lieut W M Southey, 1st Duke of Cornwall's L I, a candidate for the S C, to officiate as wing officer on probation, from the 4th Jan 1890.

With reference to G O G No. 646 of 1889, Surgn R F Adams, MB, medical staff, is appointed to the medical charge of the Station Hospital, Deesa, vice Surgn-Major J E V Foss, MD, medical staff, travelling at the public expense.

Surgn J D Moir, MB, medical staff, having returned from furlough is posted on general duty, Sind Dist, travelling at the public expense.

Erratum—That part of A O No.608 of 1889, relating to Surgn C T Hudson, MS, is cancelled.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, War Office, it is intimated that—

I—Capt J H Jellet, No 27 Batty Eastern Dn, has been appointed Adjt, R A, Bo Dist.

II—Lt R A Kaye has been posted to the 26th Fd Batty R A.

Capt B Deane-Freeman, 2nd Lanc Fusrs, having been selected for the Adjtcy of the 3rd (Militia) Bn Lan Fusrs is, under instructions from Horse Gvards, directed to proceed to England without delay, travelling at the public expense.

The following transfers of Army Schoolmasters are ordered, with effect from the 1st proximo :—

J C Gainber, from R A, Kirkee, to R A, Bombay.

R C Farrell, from R A, Bombay, to R A, Kirkee.

The following transfers and postings of Army School-masters are ordered :—

- T Simms, from 1st Bn L N Lancashire to R A, Mhow, vice Browne, relieved.

L J Spendlove from England to 1st L Lancashire, vice Simms, transferred.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence:—

18th Hussars—2nd Lt C A Hope to remain in England on extension, from 15th Dec 1889 to 28th May 1890, on medical certificate.

13th Bo I—C O O Tanner, from 13th Jan to 12th May 1890, to Bombay, to study the native languages.

Poona Vol R Corps—Lt C H Esplay, in India, from 1st Jan to 31st Dec 1890, on private affairs.

Medical Staff—Surgn-Major J E V Foss, to England, for 6 months, on medical certificate.

Surgeon M O C Drury, to England, from 11th Jan 1890, to 10th July 1890, on private affairs.

Erratum—In A O No. 469 of the 11th Oct last referring to 2nd Lt R E Roome, Rl Scots Fus, for 10th Oct 1889 to 7th Jan 1890, substitute 1st Oct 1889 to 10th Jan 1890.

THE proceeds of ten sales of Bengal opium and nine months' pass duty on Bombay opium amount to Rs. 7,06,19,795, or Rs. 44,94,795 better than the estimate. Nearly 38½ lakhs of the improvement are due to Bengal.

THE WEATHER.

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.—Observations taken at 8 a.m.—Explanation of Columns in the Table.

1. The barometric readings are all corrected to Calcutta standard and reduced to the same temperature (32°) and also of the sea-level. The 2nd column under the head "Pressure" gives the difference between the barometer reading of to-day and yesterday at each station, and + prefixed to the number implies that the barometer has risen and — that it has fallen.

2. The 2nd column under the head "Wind" gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 24 hours, and is obtained by dividing the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometer during the previous 24 hours by 24.

3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade, or in a small shed with open sides, and a thatched or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 A. M. The 6th column under the head "Temperature" gives the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature, and is approximately the mean temperature of the day. The 7th column gives the difference (with the proper sign) between the mean temperature of to-day and yesterday.

4. The humidity is given as a percentage expressing the rate of the actual amount of moisture in the air to the amount required to saturate it.

5. The amount of cloud is expressed in terms of the number 0 to 10, 0 denoting a cloudless and 10 an overcast sky.

6. The last column under the head "Rainfall" gives the difference with its proper sign between the actual rainfall from 1st Nov. to date and the average rainfall for the same period.

STATIONS.	Barometric Pressure. 8 a.m.	Change in past 24 hours.	Variation from mean of day.	Wind. Direction.	Rate per hour.	Temperature in Shade. 8 a.m.	Maximum of past 24 hours.	Minimum of past 24 hours.	Variation from mean of day.	Humidity, 8 a.m.	Cloud.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Since 1st Nov. to date.	Variation, 1st Nov. to date.
Delhi	30·048	—·071	—·081	W S W	1	54·6	76·6	48·1	+0·5	48	3	...	...	—0·78
Agra	30·036	—·063	—·101	S E	2	53·8	79·1	48·6	+0·4	64	1	...	...	—0·30a
Allahabad	30·045	—·034	—·091	Calm	1	52·1	77·0	46·7	—0·7	86	1	...	0·01	—0·36a
Jhansi	30·021	—·051	—·089	Calm	1	58·7	84·4	52·9	+2·5	53	4	...	...	—0·32a
Jacobabad	29·959	—·037	—·166	Calm	1	49·5	82·5	46·1	+3·3	62	9	...	...	—0·03a
Karachi	29·946	—·043	—·183	W N W	8	67·9	83·6	66·9	+12·5	89	9	...	0·03	—0·17a
Ajmere	30·039	—·075	—·110	Calm	1	49·7	84·7	48·3	+3·7	64	8	...	...	—0·31a
Deesa	30·001	—·030	—·108	E N E	...	56·2	93·3	52·4	+2·0	48	7	...	...	—0·15b
Rajkot	29·987	—·038	—·109	Calm	3	61·5	90·9	52·0	+2·0	70	...	...	...	—0·35b
Neemuch	30·033	—·061	—·075	Calm	1	62·6	86·8	52·3	+6·7	54	2	...	...	—0·32a
Indore	30·049	—·043	—·062	Calm	1	59·3	84·1	48·7	—1·3	50	...	...	...	—0·67b
Saugor	30·014	—·052	—·105	S S W	3	59·8	81·3	54·8	+3·9	42	2	...	...	—1·75a
Jubbulpore	30·057	—·064	—·113	Calm	1	49·0	80·4	42·4	—6·7	72	...	...	...	—1·35b
Hoshangabad	30·051	—·044	—·093	E N E	3	53·9	84·3	51·3	—1·6	65	...	...	...	—1·33b
Khandwa	30·028	—·058	—·072	E	2	57·8	87·2	48·5	—4·9	34	...	...	...	—1·08b
Raipur	30·020	—·037	—·086	W S W	3	60·7	83·0	53·7	—1·7	62	...	...	0·01	—1·08b
Nagpur	30·028	—·044	—·080	Calm	3	62·1	86·2	53·7	—1·8	52	...	...	...	—1·65b
Amraoti	30·017	—·039	—·077	E N E	4	65·8	88·1	59·8	+2·6	61	...	...	...	—1·89b
Akola	30·022	—·059	—·088	E S E	2	59·4	88·0	49·1	—5·2	43	...	...	...	—1·41
Surat	29·990	—·036	—·079	S S W	L	58·4	92·1	52·1	—3·7	88	...	...	...	—0·18a
Malegaon	30·054	—·046	—·070	W S W	3	58·9	88·4	49·0	—3·8	30	...	...	...	—1·40b
Bombay	29·974	—·028	—·079	E N E	9	70·9	84·6	68·9	+1·3	68	...	...	...	—0·87b
Poona	30·078	—·045	—·045	Calm	6	57·7	87·0	51·5	—4·0	55	...	...	...	—1·66b
Sholapur	30·046	—·030	—·056	E S E	6	67·2	89·2	56·6	—0·8	52	...	...	...	—1·79b
Ratnagiri	29·970	—·020	—·050	Calm	5	73·3	93·4	64·4	—2·0	57	...	...	...	—0·80b
Belgaum	30·011	—·010	—·047	E	3	66·4	82·8	56·4	—0·8	53	...	...	0.34	—1·66b
Goa	29·993	...	...	E	2	73·0	82·0	72·0	...	95	...	...	0.04	...b
Karwar	29·955	—·033	—·073	N E	2	68·0	91·3	63·5	—2·0	71	...	...	...	—3·15b
Mangalore	29·955	—·022	—·073	E S E	3	71·5	90·3	65·4	—3·9	69	...	...	3·58	—0·11
Calicut	29·949	—·021	—·073	E N E	3	69·9	86·7	66·2	...	73	...	...	4·08	—3·33b
Cochin	29·966	—·008	—·035	Calm	M	71·6	86·2	65·8	—4·7	73	...	...	8·49	—1·33c
Bangalore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secunderabad	30·066	—·015	—·070	Calm	3	58·6	83·7	56·1	—0·7	79	...	...	0·79	—1·30b
Masulipatam	30·018	—·028	—·056	N N E	2	68·8	82·1	65·1	...	90	...	...	4·02	—4·25a
Bellary	30·039	—·028	—·035	S E	3	71·0	84·5	59·9	+0·7	63	...	...	0·66	—1·64b
Cuddapah	30·014	—·046	...	S S E	...	69·9	86·1	62·5	...	81	...	...	3·73	—3·20b
Madras	29·996	—·032	—·090	N	7	73·8	84·8	69·2	+2·1	77	...	...	15·57	—8·46
Coimbatore	30·036	—·033	—·057	N E	3	66·5	83·8	63·3	—0·3	85	3	...	1·85	—3·98a
Trichinopoly	30·006	—·034	—·063	Calm	4	69·8	84·5	62·8	—3·3	87	3	...	5·95	—4·31a
Negapatam	29·967	—·033	—·077	N W	7	72·8	80·5	69·3	—0·9	83	3	...	18·84	—12·61c
Colombo	29·917	—·018	—·081	N	8	83·0	91·5	71·0	...	61	...	...	15·92	—5·15a

In column Wind rate per hour, L = Light, M, Moderate, F = Fresh, S = Strong, H = Heavy.
a Fine weather with passing clouds. *b* Fine clear weather. *c* Sea smooth.

SUMMARY.—The barometer continues to fall slowly in the Madras Presidency, Mysore, and on the Malabar Coast ; moderately in the Bombay Presidency, Gujarat, Sind, and locally at Cawnpore and Allahabad ; and briskly to rapidly elsewhere. Pressure is very uniform over the greater part of the country except in Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, on the West Coast near Bombay and Surat, and also on the Malabar Coast, where the gradients between the coast and the inland stations are moderately great. The isobars still indicate the existence of a large barometric depression to the north-westwards of Karachi, where the weather appears very likely to be stormy or squally. Pressure is below the normal average throughout the country, and the excess appears to be now very considerable in Sind. The two small depressions noticed yesterday off the Malabar and Coromandel Coasts, respectively, have grown a little deeper and the abnormals indicate that the centre of the depression off the Malabar Coast lies to the westward of Mangalore, and weather there is probably squally. Winds are northerly at Madras and Negapatam, south-westerly at Delhi, Saugor, Raipur, Surat, and Malegaon, westerly at Karachi, and north-easterly to south-easterly in other parts of the country. The winds appear to have been moderate at Madras, Negapatam, Bombay, Poona, Sholapur, and Karachi, and generally light elsewhere. This morning's observations show that wind was 8 miles an hour at Bombay and Calicut, and 6 miles at Negapatam and Malegaon. The variations of maximum temperature from the normal are unimportant at most stations in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies and on the Malabar Coast, but they show a large excess in Gujarat, Sind, Rajputana, and also locally at Jhansi and Neemuch. The highest maximum readings above 90° were 93° at Deesa and Ratnagiri, 92° at Surat and 91° at Rajkot and Karwar. The night temperature is as much as 12° above the mean of this season at Karachi, and in other districts it continues to be generally moderately cool in most districts. The lowest night temperatures were 42° at Jubalpore and 46° at Jacobabad. Humidity has risen moderately on the Malabar Coast and largely so in Gujarat, and skies appear to be getting more and more clouded in Gujarat, Sind, Rajputana, the Punjab, and the North-West Provinces. No rain has fallen at any station since yesterday. The weather over Sind depends very much on the development, and motion of the depression now lying to the northwards of Karachi. Over the rest of the country the weather is fine except on and off the Malabar and Coromandel Coasts, where it appears rather unsettled.

S. H. C. HUTCHINSON.
Meteorologiual Reporter for Western India.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JANUARY 11.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

City of Dublin s—40 cases soap, S Hiptoola.

Britannia s—1 hogshead portwine, Eduljee Bezonjee.

FROM GLASGOW.

City of Dublin s—175 cases whisky, Dhunjibhoy Cowasjee ; 100 cases whisky, Dajibhoy Dadabhoy ; 13 cases writing paper, A Abdulrahiman and Co ; 30 cases whisky, C H B Forbes and Co.

Britannia s—106 cases whisky, D M Daboor and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Peninsular s—5 cases writing paper, &c, A A Rahim and Co ; 8 cases cheese, S R Subedar ; 56 cases cheese, F Fischer and Co ; 44 packages provision &c, A Dhunjibhoy ; 177 packages provision, &c, Treacher and Co ; 12 packages ham and cheese, Phillips and Co ; 15 cases cheese, S Heptoola.

Bokhara s—17 bales paper, K Abdoolhoosein ; 3 cases perfumery, A R A Kurreem.

Iona s—12 casks alizarine, P Nagindass ; 30 casks alizarine, M Bhagoobhoy.

Idaho s—10 casks alizarine, Lalljee Soorjee ; 6 casks alizarine, H Tyabjee ; 25 casks alizarine, E Allybhoy ; 25 casks alizarine, R Jowanjee.

Abeona s—20 bottles quick silver, M Dharsee ; 50 barrels blasting gun powder and 2 cases loaded cartridges and caps, E Mamedally and Co.

Ganges s—2 quarter casks Cognac, R Ramchundra.

Clyde s—6 bales paper, N Cumroodin.

Henzada s—131 cases oilmanstore, and 7 cases vinegar, S Heptoola ; 200 kegs paint, E E Kurva ; 20 cases provision, F Fischer and Co ; 2 cases playing cards, A Mahomed ; 25 cases loaf sugar, A Blascheck and Co ; 22 cases writing paper, S A S Dawood.

Peshawar s—10 cases whisky, R Ramchundra.

FROM GENOA.

Po s—10 cases cheese, L G Inzoli.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Labourdonnais s—3 casks claret, Byramji Bazonji and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JANUARY 11.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Dublin s—400 bales aloe fibres, Tod Durant and Co ; 155 bales cotton, and 2,550 cwts myrabollams, David Sassoon and Co.

Sullamutt s—200 bales aloe fibres, Tod Durant and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

Clan Macdonald s—1,000 cwts myrabollams, W and Graham and Co ; 245 bales twist waste, Glade and Co ; 500 cwts myrabollams, A Khimjee ; 46 bales wool, 500 cwts myrabollams, David Sassoon and Co ; 110 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co ; 225 cwts coir yarn, D Kessowjee ; 1,466 cwts wheat, Tod Durant and Co.

Nubia s—8,000 cwts wheat, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR HULL.

Kt. Templar s—4,000 cwts wheat, Beyts Craig and Co ; 462 cwts myrabollams, R Poonja.

FOR HAMBURG.

Ehrenfels s—825 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 55 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 220 bales cotton, the Bombay Co.

FOR GENOA.

Kt. Templar s—1,000 cwts groundnut seed, 5,250 cwts gingellyseed R Kaderbhoy.

FOR TRIESTE.

Dora Foster s—110 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co ; 220 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co ; 220 bales cotton, The Bombay Co ; 125 cwts olibanum, 201 cwts myrabollams, F S Punnett ; 325 cwts myrabollams, Volkart Brothers ; 660 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co.

FOR BREMEN.

Ehrenfels s—440 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 275 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Nubia s—3,000 cwts groundnuts, F L Batliboi and Co ; 3,009 cwts groundnut seed, R Kaderbhoy.

Amana s—2,001 cwts gingellyseed, 8,002 cwts groundnuts, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Knight of St. John s—2,001 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 4,000 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 48 bales cotton, Durst and Co.

Idaho s—100 cwts gum, F Hurst ; 630 bales cotton, Ritchie Steuart and Co ; 700 cwts aloe fibres and 3,200 cwts rapeseed, Tod Durant and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Lombardy s—40 bales twist, Lalljee Cutchra ; 56 bales cotton, G. Ghasiram ; 13 cwts sharkfins and fishmaws, C Jooma and Co ; 125 bales twist, Framjee Sands and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Lombardy s—100 bales twist, Finlay, Muir and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Lombardy s—90 bales twist, Finlay, Muir and Co.

HIGH COURT—JANUARY 13.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Postponed Long Causes.

285-89—Ardesir, H & D—Amichand Panalal vs Ganeshlal Sobhagmul—Pestonjee and R—Part heard.

373-89—Payne, G and S—Hassambhoy Bundallybhoy vs Khulfan Hoosein and others.

76-88—Balkrishna and D—For pauper—Balaram Bappoo vs Settbai and others.

331-89—Thakurdas, D and C—Marwady Jaleeram Ramchunder vs Vulubdas Kalidas and another—Jefferson, B, D and K.

400-89—Mansuklal, D and J—Bai Maneck and another vs Vulubdas Goverdhundas—Little, S F and N.

222-89—Chitnis, M and M—Moreshwar Nanabhoy and another vs Thucker Vulubdas Luckmidas and another—Chalk, W and S.

155-89—D S Garud—Jeykore vs Nanabhoy Anoopram and others—M E and H, M D and J, and Payne, G and S.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice SCOTT.)
Summary suit to be heard in Chambers.

692-89—Wadia and G—Bhana Heera and others—vs Valubhoy Khanbhoy.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Postponed Long Causes.

480-89—Thakordas, D and C—Rahimtulla Noor Mahomed vs Nusserwanjee Wadia—Wadia and G. Part heard.

205-87—Chalk, W and S—Munguldas Tapidas vs Khoja Gulamhoosen—Wadia and G.

444-89—In person—Anundjee Khetsey vs Pudmabai and others—Craigie, L and O.

303-89—Payne, G and S—R P Nixon and others vs Rutnajee Sewajee and others—Chalk, W & S.

321-88—Nanu and H—Deepchand Nihalchand and others vs Motichand Harakchand—Payne, G and S.

483-89—E Wilkin—Ganeshdas Chaitandas vs Joovermul Samirmul—Burder and B.

193-88—Macfarlane, E and H—Amirudin bin Kootbudin vs. Nakoda Mahomedally Rogay and others.—Tyebjee and D.

532-89—H Bicknell—Haji Moolla Mahomedji vs Lukhmidas Moorarji—Crawford and B.

537-89—N Bicknell—Thucker Hurridas Chaturbhooj vs Lukhmidas Moorarji and others—Crawford and B.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Undefended New Long Causes.

554-89—T A Bland—Govindbhai Lilladhuros Lilladhur Javerchund.

614-89—Thrkurdas, D and C—Karmali Joosub vs. Karmali Fazul.

621-89—Jefferson B D and R Kurrimbhoy Jeevaji vs. Allibhai Adumji and others.

Postponed Long Causes.

275-89—Little, S F and N—G Salmons and others vs. C A Turner and others Wadia and G. Part heard.

221-89—Ardesir, H and D—Roopsing Mathuradas vs. Nurrotum Gordhundas—Payne, G and S. Part heard.

Defended New Long Causes.

571-89—Roughton and B W G Reed vs. Khimji Jeeva and another Nanu and H.

615-89—In person Moses Sucoji Waskar vs. Rahimtoola M Sayani and others—Payne, G and S.

Postponed Long Causes.

230-89—Hore, C and B—Hunsraj Soorji vs Maghbai and another.

404-89—Little, S F and N—Govind Gungadhur vs C A Turner and others—Roughton and B.

302-89—Little, S F and N—The Trustees of the Port of Bombay vs C A Turner and an other—Crawford and B.

428-89—Burder and B—Adam Rosen vs Tyab Khan and others—Roughton and B.

431-89—Roughton and B—G W Roughton and another vs Rahimtoola Noormahomed—Thakurdas, D and C.

437-89—Mirza, H K—Haji Mahomed Roza Dasthursten musji Maneckji Dadachanji and another—Nanu and H.

559-89—Thakurdass, D and C—Hassumbhai Pradhan vs Bhau Krishnarao—M H Khan.

52-89—Payne, G and S—Karmali Joosub Datnani vs Haji Abdool Latiff—L S F & N ; & H,C & B.

100-89—Little, S, F and N—Premjee Mohunji and others vs Nandu Devji & others—T D & C.

101 89—Little, S, F and Q—Premji Mohunji and others vs Nandu Devji and others—Thakurdas, D and C.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

NOW READY—MACLEAN'S GUIDE for 1890.—Containing valuable information for Visitors and Residents cloth bound.—Price R. 5.—Postage 4 annas. *Bombay Gazette*, Albert Buildings Fort, Bombay.

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LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Now Open the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Under European management.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.—ADJOURNED MEETINGS of the Corporation will be held here on MONDAY, the 13th instant, at 3, and 3-30 p.m.

MAJOR-GENERAL FULLER, R. E., says:—I have resided at the RIPON HOTEL Mahableshwar, and have found everything comfortable and the Table good.

WANTED, a smart young CLERK, one who can use the type-writer. Salary Rs. 40. Apply to G.S.W., care of this paper.

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RUTH.—So sorry too late for Carnival on FRIDAY. Will you come next WEDNESDAY? STEPHEN.

FOR SALE.—A VICTORIA and PAIR of CHESTNUT ARABS, quiet to ride and drive, with double Harness. Apply to Colonel LYTTELTON, Malabar Point.

TOBACCO.—Havelock's and Tennant's, in STICKS of 4s and 6s to a lb. in Bond or Retail for sale Trial orders solicited.—IRANI HORMAZ SHERIAR, Cigar and Tobacco Merchant, No. 3, Kangari Mohla, opposite Crawford Market, Bombay.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS! Just arrived from China and Japan an entirely new Stock of NOVELTIES of Artistic design and finish.—EBRAHIM ADAMALLY, China Bazar, Meadow Street, Fort Bombay.

SUPERIOR JAVA CIGARS Nos. 1, 2 and 3 at Rs. 3, 2-12 and 2-8 per 100 respectively. These Cigars are expressly prepared of finest selected Java tobacco. In flavour and mildness they stand unrivalled, and all lovers of this brand should give them a trial, DANTRA & Co., 35, Church Gate Street, Fort Bombay.

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PASSAGES BOOKED to the CONTINENT and ENGLAND, 1st class, from Rs. 250 to 400. NO COMMISSION CHARGED. Information freely given. Apply to WILLIAM WATSON & Co., 28, Apollo-street, Bombay.

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SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

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SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.—*Continued.*

HANDSOME, HANDY, and STRONG WALKING STICKS of RICHEST quality MALACCA canes with handsomely carved SILVER MOUNTINGS. Prices, Rs. 5 to Rs. 12.—JEHANGIR CURSETJEE COWASJEE, Watchmaker and Jeweller, 97, Medows Street.

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SOLE LESSEE ....MR. J. B. FERRELL.

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THE
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"ARABIAN NIGHTS."
"ARABIAN NIGHTS."

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First production in Bombay of
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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 11.

REUTER corrects Thursday evening's quotation for Consols, which should have been 97⅜, and not 97¾ as wired, in spite of a partial advance in the market rates of discount. Yesterday, less ease in the London money market again is indicated by a decline of ⅛ per cent. in these funds, at 97¼ and an advance in the rates of discount to the extent of ⅛ per cent. on short London Bill, and of ¼ per cent. on Indian Bank Paper, at 4⅞ and 4 per cent. respectively. Silver is quoted unchanged at 44⅜d. per oz. through all channels, and Rupee Securities remained at Thursday's rates; Indian Sterling Loan being also unaltered. The week's shipments of Specie to this port were heavy again, consisting of £310,000 in Silver, and £70,000 in Gold. In Paris, French Rentes recovered the previous day's decline, and are again quoted at 87¼; Exchange in London was a centime higher, at fcs 25·26.

In General Produce, Linseed was quiet, but prices were unchanged, as they were also for Rapeseed. White Delhi Wheat was ½d. dearer on the spot in Liverpool, at 6s 10d. per-cental, ex-quay. There were 30,000 quarters of Wheat more afloat for the United Kingdom yesterday than on the previous Friday, at 1,760,000 quarters.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm again last evening, Surats steady; but the sales were on a smaller scale than Wednesday at 12,000 bales, inclusive of 1,200 Surats. Spot prices were unaltered all round; but American Arrivals were 1-64d. lower in most portions. The Imports were 15,000 bales. The Manchester market was firm with an upward tendency in prices; but demand was checked by the full rates asked. Quotations for Twist and for 7 and 8¼ lbs. Shirtings come unchanged; but 45in. 9lbs. are called 1d. dearer, and an advance of ¼d. is quoted for 39in. Jaconets; and 45in. Mulls and of ⅛d. in 3lbs. Madapollams. 5¼ lbs. Madapollams were also apparently ½d. higher. Reuter's quotations of 3s. 3d. being probably intended for 3s. 8d. To-day's Liverpool message reports the market firm all round, and a large business doing for Saturday, the total sales being put down at 12,000 bales, of which 1,000 were Surats. Spot Mid-American advanced 1-16d., say to 5 13-16, and Arrivals were 3-64d. higher in all positions. The Imports were 29,000 bales.

Increased activity, firm tone, and an upward tendency in prices had characterized the Liverpool Cotton market during the week ended yesterday. The total Stock, as it then stood, was nearly ¼ of a million bales heavier than at the same time last year, and close upon 300,000 bales more than in 1888, as shown below. The total Visible Supply was 351,000 bales greater than in 1889, and 123,000 bales more than in the year before; while of East Indian Cotton there were 138,000 bales more in sight than last year, and about the same quantity as in 1888. It will also be noticed that spot Mid.-American Cotton was ⅛d. dearer than at the same same date last year, and ⅛d. above the price ruling in 1888.

The spot price was unaltered in New York yesterday at 10·38 cents; but April Futures were three points higher, at 10·48 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports of 18,000 bales brought the week's total to smaller figures than for the corresponding week in either of the preceding years; and as will be seen from the statement subjoined, the increase in arrivals since the beginning of the season had become 480,000 bales and 185,000 bales as against last year and the year before, respectively. To-day an advance of ⅛ took place in ready Mid.-Uplands at 10½ cents, and of 9 points in April Futures, at 10·60 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 22,000 bales, going against 19,000 bales last year, and 11,000 bales the year before on the corresponding day.

The American crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons:—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Week's receipts	134,000	166,000	145,000
„ exports to U. K.	91,000	65,000	102,000
„ „ Continent	93,000	82,000	26,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept	4,455,000	3,975,000	4,27[illegible],000
„ exports to U. K. do.	1,786,000	1,512,000	1,572,000
„ „ to Continent do.	1,431,000	1,127,000	1,134,000
„ Stock in the Ports	691,000	890,000	1,025,000

The total Visible Supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 10th instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous years:—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Total supply of all kinds	3,210,000	2,889,360	3,116,880
„ „ Surats	302,000	163,920	303,710
For the United Kingdom only the figures are:—			
Stock in Liverpool	957,000	709,510	663,430
„ London	15,000	4,000	32,000
American Afloat	220,000	185,000	334,000
East Indian „	23,000	17,000	10,000
	1,215,000	915,510	1,039,430
Price of Mid.-Americans	5¾d.	5½d.	5⅝d.
„ Good Dhollera	4½d.	4 13-16d.	4 7-16d.
Difference	1¼d.	11-16d.	1 3-16d.

IMPORTS OF PIECE-GOODS AND YARNS.—The shipments of Cotton Manufactures to Bombay for the last month of the old year, according to the figures wired by Reuter yesterday show a material falling off both compared with November's missions, and with those for December 1888. In the case of Plain Cottons the decrease is smaller as against the previous month than compared with the corresponding month last year, the difference being some 11½ million yards, and 15½ million yards, respectively; while in Coloured and Printed Cottons it is the other way, in the case of Twist the shipments to this port for December were 50,000 lbs heavier, than during the preceding month, though on a par with those for December 1888. To Calcutta, on the other hand, shipments of Plain Cottons last month were considerably heavier in each comparison; though Coloured and Printed Cottons, as well as Twist, show a diminution both as against the previous month and December 1888. We have now the figures for the whole of last year, and we find that while there has been the sensible falling off of close upon 18 million yards in Plain Cottons, and the large decrease of 3½ million lbs. in Twist compared with the totals for 1888, an excess of over 6½ million yards is shown in Colored Cottons, and of 2½ million yards in Printed cloth.

Bombay.	Dec. 1889.	Nov. 1889	Dec. 1888.
Plain Cottons, yds.	34,600,000	46,000,000	50,000,000
Coloured Cotton „	3,500,000	5,000,000	4,100,000
Printed Cottons „	5,700,000	8,800,000	7,200,000
Twist, lbs.	950,000	900,000	950,000
Calcutta.			
Plain Cottons, yds.	78,850,000	61,050,000	69,700,000
Coloured Cottons „	4,950,000	5,150,000	5,400,000
Printed Cottons „	2,250,000	2,400,000	7,200,000
Twist, lbs.	1,000,000	1,600,000	1,150,000
Madras.			
Plain Cottons, yds.	7,850,000	7,300,000	16,300,000
Coloured Cottons „	1,650,000	1,900,000	2,900,000
Printed Cottons „	1,700,000	1,450,000	2,350,000
Twist, lbs.	950,000	1,000,000	1,450,000

Bombay only.	For 12 months.	For 12 months.
Plain Cottons, yds.	478,859,000	496,850,000
Coloured Cottons „	51,574,000	44,950,000
Printed Cottons „	109,521,000	106,950,000
Twist, lbs.	12,970,000	16,400,000

COTTON.—Notwithstanding the tenor of advices from the governing market, a quiet feeling came over ours to-day, and business was upon a smaller scale, the total purchases having aggregated under 4,000 bales, of which about a quarter were of Pachora, at Rs. 198, the others having been in Julgaum, at 205-7; Barsee, at Rs. 229 ½; Bengals, at Rs. 180-90; Akola Ginned, at Rs. 223; Khangaum, at Rs. 218; and a little Dhulia, at Rs. 197 per candy. The market closed quiet, but without quotable change in rates.

WHEAT.—Dealers maintaining previous rates in spite of advancing Exchange, exporters are now almost entirely out of the market, and only a small business has transpired to-day.

SEEDS also are very quiet, and little has been done in any description, quotations being unchanged, all round.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:

Cotton	7,672	bales.
Wheat	29,001	cwts.
Linseed	2,121	„
Rapeseed	3,033	„
Gingelly	8,908	„
Ground Nuts	9,671	„
Castor Seed	800	„

FREIGHTS are steady with rather more enquiry, rates are partially 3d. per ton higher, but, speaking generally, they may be called unaltered, and nothing fresh in the way of engagements has transpired.

EXCHANGE has been quiet at about yesterday's quotations, but with a steady tone, as money, both here and in Calcutta, is scarce. Some Bank Demand Paper was again sold at 1s. 5¼d. for this mail; but forward rates have been weak, owing to the further large shipments of Specie coming forward. Little business has been passing, however, either for ready or forward delivery. We quote:—

Bank Bills on demand		1s. 5 7-32 to ¼d.	per rupee
Do. Telegraphic		1s. 5 5-32d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight		1s. 5 11-32d.	„
Credits	do.	1s. 5 7-16d.	„
France	do.	·83¼	„

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—There has again been a good deal of movement in this market, but the cash price of Fours closed eventually ¼ per cent. higher than Friday's final rate, at 96⅞, after advancing to 97, the reaction having been due to an anticipated heavy falling-off in the Presidency Bank's cash balance for the week. For the February settlement 97 3-16 was touched; and for the March account 97 7-16 to ½ was at one time quoted. 102 is still the nominal rate for 4½ per cent. Paper.

SHARES have been neglected on all lines, and the only changes which we have to note this evening are a decline of Rs. 20 in Manockjee Petit mill share at Rs. 1,100; of Rs. 10 each in Luckmidas Khimji; Queen at Rs. 770 and Rs. 700, respectively; and an advance of Rs. 5 in Mofussil Press shares, at Rs. 415.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

ALEXANDER—January 6, the wife of J R Alexander, Sergeant, 17th Lancers, of a daughter.

CARTER—December 17, at Lahore, the wife of A M Carter, Superintendent, Northern India Salt Revenue, of a son.

COX—January 5, at Khagole, the wife of E W Cox, Clerk of Works, of a son.

FLETCHER—January 4, at Dilkusha, the wife of Surgeon H J Fletcher, M S of a daughter.

HENNESSY—January 2, at Subathu, the wife of Barrack Sergeant P Hennessy, of a son.

WALL—January 6, at Kalka, the wife of B P Wall, Assistant Engineer, D U K Railway, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

HOGAN—WALKER—January 8, at St Joseph's Cathedral, Allahabad, John Hogan, third son of Mr Garrett Hogan, to Lizzie Walker.

LEATHER—HARRIS—January 7, at the Baptist Chapel, Allahabad, by the Rev G J Dann, John Leather, Ordnance Department, to Mary Elizan, widow of J M Harris.

LUSHINGTON—CORDUE—January 4, at St John's Church, Peshawar, by the Rev G E Nicolls, BA, Alfred Wyndham, son of John Law Lushington, Esq, of Spring Hall, Sawbridgeworth, Herts, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Madras, to Elizabeth Alice, third daughter of Captain S Cordue, late of H M's 59th and 40th Regiments.

MITCHELL—FAICHNIE—January 8, at Christ Church, Rawalpindi, by the Revd A N W Spens, William, third son of the late Alexander Mitchell, of Sanchrie, Ayrshire, to Emily Jane, widow of the late Norman Faichnie.

DEATHS.

CAW—January 7, Maria, relict of the late Captain Alexander Caw, Government Shipping Master of Calcutta, died of fever.

CRACROFT—January 2, at Ghazipur, Walter Cracroft, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, aged 40 years.

GARBETT—December 31, at Cawnpore, Mary Adelaide Lilian, the beloved wife of Major C H V Garbett, 3rd Bengal Cavalry, aged 23 years.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1890.

THERE is somewhere in a pigeon hole a scheme for improving an important thoroughfare in Bombay—Church Gate Street—by the simple expedient of buying up the houses on one side of the street and setting back the line. The immediate result would of course be the equal enhancement of the value of the buildings on both sides of the street in question. The increment on the side actually rebuilt, would of course accrue to the ratepayers who made the improvement, but against that profit must be set the loss incurred in the acquisition of the old buildings, with compensation to the owners for disturbance, and also the value of the ground added to the width of the street. The net result would be that the ratepayers would have to make good a deficit of from a lakh and a half to two lakhs, for an improvement which would considerably enhance the value of the property on the other side of the street, of which the owners would receive the whole benefit. That particular scheme of street improvement is hung up because the Municipality cannot quite see its way to an expenditure which would not be recouped. In London a very few years since a similar improvement was carried out by the now defunct Metropolitan Board of Works. The Shaftesbury Avenue was constructed at great expense, the one side of old streets standing on a line northward from Charing Cross being purchased and the frontages of the new buildings set back so as to make a magnificent boulevard. The house property on the other side of this newly-created thoroughfare of the first class, was of course enormously enhanced in value, and the fortunate owners put the unearned increment into their pockets. This object lesson was not thrown away upon the London public; it was one of the incidents which discredited the Metropolitan Board of Works, and prepared the way for its being itself improved out of existence and replaced by the London County Council, which brings a very different order of ideas to the performance of such work. The new Council has taken in hand another extensive improvement. It is proposed to remove the block of buildings between Holywell Street and the Strand, and make a new thoroughfare leading northward to Oxford Street. One side of Holywell Street, a narrow and somewhat disreputable lane, will thus become part of an improved and aggrandised Strand. Of course the value of the new frontages will recoup only portion of the outlay for the improvement. If the precedent of the Shaftesbury Avenue were followed, the unearned increment on the surviving side of Holywell Street would accrue to the owners, and there would be an end to the matter. The County Council claims, however, a right to what in barbarous American is known as "betterment," that is to say a contribution from the owners of the properties which have been benefited by the improvement, of a proportion of the cost not exceeding one-half of the total expenditure. The application of this principle affects not only the owners of the opened up side of Holywell Street, but the proprietors of buildings in part of the Strand itself, and in the streets for a considerable distance around.

The principle has been embodied in a clause of a Draft Bill, which the Council will send up to Parliament, and in the schedule of streets to be made contributary a very large area is included. It extends from Temple Bar to Waterloo Bridge, and from the river to Lincoln's Inn, excluding only Somerset House and the Law Courts. If Parliament sanction the application of this principle the Strand Improvement will not be the last to which it will be applied. "Betterment" has hitherto been scarcely heard of in England, but in the United States it has been embodied in the legislation of several States, and in France its application has been well understood. It is the well-recognised practice of the Councils General of the Departments before making any grant of what may be called County Funds towards the cost of cantonal improvements, that the locality to be benefited must contribute a certain proportion of the outlay, and if in addition to such local effort the land-owners or manufacturers whose properties will specially benefit by the improvement do not contribute proportionately, the grant from the Departmental Treasury is withheld. The fact that the principle is acted on in France though so near at hand does not seem to have attracted any attention in London. Mr. John Morley, when speaking at the Eighty Club a few weeks since, spoke of "betterment" as a provision of American law and he recommended it for home use. It appears that in the States of Illinois, Minnesota, Arkansas, California, and Nebraska, special taxes can be levied for local improvements, or a "betterment" tax may be levied on contiguous property. A correspondent, writing to the *Times*, while admitting this fact, objects to Mr. Morley's statement that the American Constitution prohibits any tampering with contracts, and reserves for Congress all legislation affecting their inviolability. But it does not appear that the Americans themselves regard the enforcement of the obligation to contribute to the cost of beneficial improvements as a violation of contracts; even if it were there is nothing to prevent Congress legalising the principle, if it see fit; and that is all that Parliament is asked to do. It is not to be supposed that so startling a proposal should find ready acceptance amongst those who have hitherto been profitted by improvements effected by lavish outlay of public money. There has been a cry of alarm already, and many hard things have been said of the London County Council. Mr J. R. Adams has availed himself of a Briton's privilege to write a letter to the *Times* setting forth the "outrageous and impracticable" nature of a proposal which is based on a principle that he admits to be sound one. The organ of City opinion takes note of this admission, and points out that while "the difficulties involved in the application of it are very great, it cannot be said that the principle itself is unjust or indefensible, and its adoption by the County Council is only a natural protest against the improvident procedure of the Metropolitan Board of Works which made a great arterial thoroughfare like Shaftesbury Avenue by widening out existing streets and left one side standing, whereby the whole of the enhanced value of the premises left standing was presented to the owners at the cost of the ratepayers who paid for the improvement."

This concedes the whole principle of "betterment," and those who advocate the legal enforcement of it, will be able to adduce the testimony of the leading journal as that of an authority on their side. That caution is necessary to prevent the application of the principle working injustice is evident enough. The danger lies on the surface. The first difficulty presents itself when the lessee of premises in a street adjacent to a newly-opened up thoroughfare is asked to contribute to the cost of the improvement of his neighbour's street. Granting that the degree to which the side streets have profitted may be approximately ascertained the question arises should the landlord or the tenant be called upon to pay rental on the enhanced value? The occupier might conceivably say that he would not have taken the premises had he known that the rent would be raised; that he did not seek or desire the additional value conferred upon his holding, and that he was in no condition to pay it. If the ground landlord has to pay the betterment, and is not able to increase his rent until the lease falls in perhaps fifty years later on, he will have a right to complain of hardship. Mr. Adams would get over difficulties such as these, and others aggravated as they probably would be by the cross-swearing of surveyors as to the effect on values of the improvement, by making the County Council buy up all the properties to be benefited and sell them again at a profit. This expedient however is open to the fatal objection that it would involve the local administrative body in immense financial transactions and open the door to jobbery and favouritism. The difficulty of apportioning the burden of the contributories between the occupants and the owners of the contiguous properties would be far less than that of buying at a fair price and re-selling the streets of whole districts at enhanced rates. Probably the burden in question will not be so heavy as it may appear at first sight. It is limited in the Draft Clause prepared by the London County Council to one-half the total cost of any improvement. The larger the area over which the distribution of this liability extends the lighter the burden becomes on those who share in the benefits of the improvement. The property-holders and the ratepayers of every large and growing city in the Empire, have a direct and immediate interest in the result of the great experiment now initiated in London. It is not even alleged that the application of the principle in America and in France has injuriously affected the owners of property. Under that system, if equitably and intelligently worked out, great improvements can be undertaken which benefit a whole community, and the value of the property enhanced without oppressing the ratepayers. The principle "betterment" if adapted in Bombay would bring within measurable distance not only the widening of Church Gate Street, but the opening up of the congested Fort and the over-crowded quarters of the Native Town. New and spacious streets and avenues, while facilitating traffic and finding shop keepers the frontages which they require for the display of their goods, would bring air and light into the homes of the inhabitants, and prove the best preservative against the epidemics which are now with reason so much dreaded.

A PORTENTOUSLY long memorial which has been addressed to the Government of Bombay on behalf of the Hindus of Kalyan demonstrates, in a fashion which must be puzzling to those who believe that an Indian nationality has already been welded into existence, that the British *raj* cannot yet abdicate its functions as arbitrator between discordant races and creeds. There happened at Kalyan what has happened over and over again in many places in India. With artless simplicity the memorialists tell the Government, "the population of Kalyan is mixed. There are Hindus as well as Mahomedans there." And Hindus and Mahomedans being there, we all know what was in danger of happening when a Hindu festival, with palki procession to the shrine of Shri Balaji, chanced to coincide with the Mohurram. The Mahomedans, when this was the case last year, informed the authorities that there would be rioting if the procession were allowed to follow the route along which it had passed for time immemorial. Why there should be rioting on-lookers from a distance fail to see, especially since the route which the procession has been accustomed to follow seems to have been far away from the Mahomedan quarters of the town. The wish, perhaps, was father to the fear, and so the Mamlatdar who was in charge of the taluka last year seems to have thought. He disregarded the not too disinterested forebodings of the Mahomedans, told them to behave themselves, and allowed things to take their course. The District Magistrate who was telegraphed to by the Mahomedans confirmed the Mamlatdar's orders, and told the police authorities to take the necessary measures for the preservation of the peace. And preserved it was. This year, however, a new Mamlatdar, a gentleman apparently not so much given to possess his soul in patience, was in authority. His fears were worked upon by the Mahomedans, and he [illegible] route for the process[illegible] the District Magistrate [illegible] to the scene of hostility [illegible] firmation of the Mamlat[illegible] than follow the new route [illegible] the devotees of Shri Balaji [illegible] any procession at all. Th[illegible] kept, but the god was [illegible] ary adoration. We do [illegible] more difference between [illegible] A B C D in the map and [illegible] is 'twixt Tweedle-dum and Tweedle[illegible] parently there was, or the process[illegible] not have made it a point of princi[illegible] the one route because the other [illegible] to them. Evidently they are [illegible] grieved, and no one will envy the [illegible] ment the task of trying to [illegible] contented. This, we can see, will [illegible] easy matter, for they have fallen into the hands of the lawyers, who have [illegible] up to some fine old-fashioned *Nisi Prius* [illegible] of representing their grievances. [illegible] much of the contention that while the Criminal Procedure Code empowers the authorities to order people to abstain from a particular [illegible] it does not empower them to order people to keep to a particular route. From which it appears that if the District Magistrate had forbidden the procession altogether, he would have been within his right, but that as he only prescribed a route for it, he was doing a very wrong thing indeed. We are quite unable to pronounce judgment upon the case. But there is one observation in the memorial with which we shall all agree, and that is where the memorialists remark:—"Until education removes the superstitious fanaticism which has at present a pretty stronghold upon some minds, such frictions as the present are things which can with some confidence be always predicted."

MR. SIMMONS, the proprietor of the Columbia Skating Rink, has offered to organize a fête at the Rink on the 22nd inst., the proceeds of which will be devoted to the European General Hospital Fund. Mr. Simmons has shown such a faculty for organizing entertainments of this kind that the fête is sure to be attractive and successful, and it is to be hoped that the institution to be benefited, which is just now making special claims upon public liberality, will profit largely by it.

THERE will be a ladies' tiffin at the Byculla Club on Saturday, the 22nd, and Tuesday, the 25th February, and on Saturday, the 1st March. Members wishing to secure a table should send in their names and the number of their guests, to the undersigned as soon as possible, specifying for [illegible] day they require a table. The Club ball [illegible] take place on Monday, the 17th February, a[illegible] half yearly general meeting on Friday, the [illegible] February.

MR. JUSTICE BIRDWOOD has been [illegible] Judge of the Parsee Chief Matrimonial [illegible] succession to the late Mr. Justice [illegible] Haridass.

THE Allbless family, whose charity is [illegible] known, have just contributed nearly threequarters of a lakh of rupees to local charitable funds for the benefit of Parsees. At the performance of the third day's funeral ceremonies on Saturday, in connection with the death of Mr. Perozshah Dhunjeebhoy Allbless, a young member of the family, his father and other relations contributed an aggregate sum of Rs. 71,650, for various charitable objects. The deceased's father contributed Rs. 60,000, out of which Rs. 50,000 are to be invested in trust, to the credit of a fund bearing the deceased's name, for the support of poor Parsees; while Rs. 10,000 are to be made over to the trustees of the Parsee Punchayet funds for the support of lame and blind Parsees and of helpless Persian Zoroastrans. A sum of Rs. 5,000 from the deceased's personal estate is also to be made over to the trustees for the support of or for monthly salaries to be paid to blind and lame and helpless Parsees.

A REVISED edition, published by Messrs. Th[illegible] and Company, of the Western India Turf [illegible] Rules, has just been issued. The rules, which were passed at a meeting of the Club held in March last, and which took effect at the beginning of this year, are most complete, everything being stated in plain and simple language as to the management of the Club, scale of weights for age, and class races in each month of the year, betting and lotteries.

THE *Kentish Gazette*, commenting on Lord Harris's speech at the Canterbury Conservative Club, which we reproduced on Wednesday last, says:—"From the start to the finish there was the ring of an Englishman and patriot in it. This is what Kent knows Lord Harris to be. He has done his duty at home, and we have not the slightest fear that in his higher and more distinguished position abroad he will do the same. He will carry with him the good wishes not only of the Kentish people, but also a vast number of Englishmen in different parts of the country."

ON Saturday the German man-of-war *Carola*, Commander Valette, out of respect to the memory of the late Empress Augusta, fired a salute from 8 o'clock in the morning till 12 (noon) in the day, at intervals of three minutes between each shot. All the British Government vessels carried their flags half-mast high from sunrise to sunset and also reversed their yards while the *Carola* was firing the salute.

THE usual stories are again being brought into India by the Shikarpuri traders, says the Lahore paper, that the Amir is engaged in friendly negociation with Russia through the Khan of Bokhara, with whom he is alleged now to be on excellent terms. They further assert that while British Indian trade is killed by taxes and exactions in Afghanistan, Russian merchants are allowed free trade in the Herat district. They further state that the Amir continues to spend every penny he can spare on the armament and equipment of his army, in order that when every man is armed with the Martini-Henry he may be able to cope on even terms with British troops. These rumours must be taken for what they are worth—which probably is merely as an indication of the fact that merchants from this side are very indignant with the Amir's Government, on account of his exactions, and would much like to embroil him with the Government of India.

MAJOR SERPA PINTO, who has just been trying to convince the Makololo of the blessings of the Portuguese rule, by means of his Gatling guns, is the same gentleman who, a good many years ago, published an account of his journey from a point south to the mouth of the Congo through the heart of Africa, south-east of the Transvaal, and thence to Durban, Natal. There were not a few cynical people who were inclined to rank the traveller with the class to which Munchausen and Sir John Manderill belonged. Some of Pinto's stories were sufficiently remarkable. He met a Portuguese naturalist in the heart of Africa, dressed in a white shirt and swallow-tail coat, who invited the traveller to tea, which was served in cups manufactured at Sèvres. A notorious robber was tamed by the explorer, who taught him astronomy and the use of the globes! One of his best "finds" was a race of men as white as himself, but their heads were covered with wool instead of hair, and the wool was white. These curly-pated savages were so strong, according to Pinto, that they could bury an arrow up to the feather in an elephant's flank! Of his personal adventures, one of the most remarkable was his suspension by his mutinous followers over a cataract on the Zambesi, 560 feet high—whether by the neck or the heels is not on record.

SHIKARPURI traders, who have recently reached India, state that the Amir continues to spend every penny he can spare on the armament and equipment of his army "in order that when every man is armed with the Martini-Henry he may be able to cope on even terms with British troops." These rumours must be taken for what they are worth.

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

SERIOUS ILLNESS OF LORD HARTINGTON.

LONDON, JAN. 12.

Lord Hartington, while the guest of Baron Hirsch at Merton Hall, Norfolk, caught a severe cold, which, neglected, developed into congestion of the lungs.

London experts who attended his lordship have pronounced the case to be serious.

Her Majesty the Queen has telegraphed a message of sympathy with his lordship.

LATER.

Lord Hartington passed a quiet night. His temperature is unaltered and his strength maintained.

[Lord Hartington was born on the 23rd July 1833, and is therefore fifty-seven years of age. His father, the Duke of Devonshire, has attained the great age of 82, having been born in 1808. Lord Hartington, who is unmarried, has living a brother, Edward Cavendish, M.P., aged 52, who is his next heir.]

LORD HARRIS'S PROGRAMME.

LONDON, JAN. 11.

Lord Harris and suite will sail to Bombay in the P. and O. steamer Thames.

JAN. 12.

Lord Harris will accompany Lady Harris to Ismailia, and from thence will proceed alone to Cairo.

His lordship will spend a fortnight in Egypt, and then proceed to Aden.

Here again his lordship will break his journey for the purpose of visiting Perim, and Zeila, and Berbera in Somaliland.

INFLUENZA AMONG THE SOLDIERS.

The Hounslow military hospital is overflowed with influenza patients, and sheds are being utilised for the accommodation of the sufferers who cannot otherwise be isolated.

KING ALFONSO IMPROVING.

MADRID, JAN. 11.

Since noon to-day King Alfonso has been much better, and is declared to be hourly improving.

The fever has quite gone, and the Royal infant is now merry and in a fair way towards recovery.

REPUBLICAN OUTRAGE IN SPAIN.

MADRID, JAN. 12.

An armed Republican band cut the Railway line, mid-way between Andalusia and Madrid. Troops are being hurried to the spot by train.

ALLEGED PLOT AGAINST THE CZAR.

LONDON, JAN. 11.

It is stated that the doctors discovered symptoms of poisoning on attending the Czar, who became indisposed after wearing his German uniform.

THE EMPRESS AUGUSTA'S FUNERAL.

BERLIN, JAN. 11.

The funeral of the late Empress Augusta was an imposing and solemn ceremony. The cortege was witnessed by thousands of persons, whose grief was manifest.

THE BELGIAN STRIKES.

BRUSSELS, JAN. 11.

The attitude of the strikers at Charleroi is becoming alarming.

Bands of men who are out are menacing the workers, and several attempts to destroy mills and factories with dynamite are reported.

THE SHAH AND THE SULTAN.

LONDON, JAN. 11.

The Shah has conferred the highest Order of the Lion and the Sun on the Sultan, who approves the concessions to England in the Persian Commercial Treaty.

OBITUARY.

Dr. Von Dollinger, the leader of the Old Catholics, died yesterday at Munich, from influenza.

Major-General Henry Moore, C.B., C.I.E., Bombay Staff Corps.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

KING ALFONSO RECOVERING.

MADRID, JAN. 10.

King Alfonso's condition is critical, but there is less fever, and the Royal patient has had some rest.

ENGLAND AND PORTUGAL.

LONDON, JAN. 11.

Lord Salisbury regards the reply of Portugal to his Note as a proof of her conciliatory spirit, and affording a basis for an amicable settlement of the question at issue.

THE INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC IN RUSSIA AND FRANCE.

Influenza has quite died out in St. Petersburg, and is largely decreasing in Paris. There is also some abatement in the number of cases in London, and there are fewer cases in hospitals and among the employes of the General Post Office.

INCREASING IN THE PROVINCES.

The epidemic has increased to an alarming extent in the Thames Valley. The doctors in the Brentford Dist[illegible]eclare they are unable to cope with the eno[illegible]umber of cases.

[illegible] MAILS.

The Bo[illegible] of the 27th ult. reached Brindisi yesterday.

THE COST OF CIVIL JUSTICE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 12.

The Government of India announces that the administration of civil justice in all India costs two crores fourteen lakhs, while the receipts are two crores and two lakhs. In Bengal alone there is a surplus of about fifteen lakhs; in Madras the receipts and charges are practically equal; in Bombay the receipts are twenty and a half lakhs and the expenditure nearly thirty-one lakhs. In the North-West Provinces and Oudh the receipts are nearly thirty-eight lakhs, while the charges are forty and a half lakhs.

SIND HORSE SHOW.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

SHIKARPUR, JAN. 12.

Mr. George Macpherson, C. S., Judicial Commissioner, accompanied by Mrs. and Miss Macpherson, arrived here to attend the show this evening. Mr. Macpherson was received at the station by the Collector, the Judge, and the district officials, and the Municipal Commissioners. The advent of the Commissioner in Sind, Mr. A. C. Trevor, C. S., is eagerly anticipated.

SUPREME LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 12.

The Bill dealing with the prevention of cruelty to animals will be introduced into the Legislative Council next Thursday.

CALCUTTA MILITARY MANŒUVRES.

The military manœuvres which have been sanctioned with a view of showing how Calcutta could be defended against an attack from sea, will last from the 4th to the 14th of February.

THE NEW COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF'S STAFF.

General Sir George Greaves has appointed Major Spratt, Royal Engineers, to be his Military Secretary; and Major Clowes, 8th Hussars, his Aide-de-Camp. His other Aide-de-Camp will be taken from two of the Bombay Army.

T. R. H. THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT.

Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught will probably travel home *via* China, Japan, and America.

ADDRESS TO PRINCE VICTOR.

A deputation from Allahabad, consisting of Sir John Edge, Chief Justice, and Messrs. Conlan, Colvin, and Howard, barristers, will present an address to his Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor at Lucknow.

CRICKET: BEHAR WANDERERS *VS.* THE ENGLISH TEAM.

The match between the Behar Wanderers and the English Eleven at Bankipore has ended in a draw. The Wanderers made 145, and the English team 126 in the first innings. The Wanderers in the second innings scored 91, and the English team 46, with the loss of one wicket only.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, JAN. 10.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Co.'s s. s. Imperatrix arrived to-day from Bombay.

SINGAPORE, JAN. 11.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Nizam extra left here for Bombay this morning.

HONGKONG, JAN. 11.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Venetia extra left here for Bombay this morning.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total Week's sales of Cotton	97,000	bales.
„ „ „ Surats	9,000	„
„ „ Import of Cotton	172,000	„
„ „ „ Surats	8,000	„
„ „ Stock of Cotton	957,000	„
„ „ „ Surats	109,000	„
„ Stock of Cotton in London	15,000	„

LONDON, JAN. 10.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats steady.

Good Dhollera	4⅛d.

The Manchester Market was firm, upward tendency; demand checked by the full rates asked.

7 lbs. Shirtings	5-3½
8¼ „ „	6-6
40s Mule Twist	9½
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 4⅞d.
2¾ per cent. Consols for account	97¼
3 per cent. French Rentes	87½
4 per cent. Rupee paper	68⅜
4½ per cent.	71½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107½
Bar Silver	44⅛d. per oz.

NOTES FROM JHANSI.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

JHANSI, JAN. 9.

THIS new station, which has only lately sprung into existence, has its own little account to add to this year's gatherings of the several hundred various paragraphs that appear yearly in the different widely circulated papers of India. I have waited with patience and strained my eyes through perusing the daily papers for the purpose of, perchance, dropping across an interesting para. or two, giving details of the events of the week, but my trouble seems to have been all in vain, as I have neither seen or heard any mention whatever of the awakening of dull Jhansi from its long slumber. Nevertheless, I shall not be entirely checkmated as I find there is a way of getting satisfaction, and that, *viz.*, by giving a short detail of each of the events which I personally had the pleasure of witnessing.

26th December.—The children's treat and Christmas tree was the first to open the week, and the sports for the little ones commenced at 3 p.m. There was a very large gathering of spectators, all of whom seemed well pleased with the able management of the secretary, Mr. B. B. Clough, who notwithstanding the excessive work placed upon him carried it through manfully and without a murmur. This worthy gentleman well-merited the congratulations extended him on the occasion, as it was simply impossible for any one single individual to have gone through what he had without previously having made up his mind to put his whole heart and soul to the work. At about 5 p.m. there was a general rush to the table and a scramble for seats. The table, which was beautifully laid out by Mr. W. J. Essai, late of Bombay, put one in mind of a peep into fairy land. A full half-hour was passed at the table, after which the little ones, followed by the spectators, all made a rush to the adjourning room in which were beheld two of the most exquisitely decorated Christmas tree. The neatness and taste with which the trees were spread was due again to the worthy secretary, who received his thanks in the happy smiles and grateful expressions of every little one present. I must here not fail to mention that the band of the 4th B. I. very kindly entertained us with a few choice selections during the course of the evening.

27th December.—Sports. The sports commenced exactly at 2-30 p.m., and lasted till dusk. It was useless entering into details. Suffice it to say, that they were well conducted, and that the prizes awarded were presented by the local officials. The credit was again due to Mr. B. B. Clough.

28th December.—Concert. The concert which commenced at 9 p.m., to an overcrowded house was without exaggeration a perfect success. The audience was fully of my opinion, as their ocassionally uproarious applause testified.

29th December.—Sunday intervening gave us ample time to rest our wearied limbs and refresh ourselves for the night of the 30th December 1889 to witness one of the old English burlesques "Milky White," which by the kind assistance of some of our military officers, stationed in Jhansi, was put on the boards before a crowded audience. Professionals themselves could in no wise have presented the piece better.

31st December.—Grand Supper and Ball. The ball was largely attended. The decorations of the ball room were superb, and the Band of the Suffolk Regiment, which supplied the music, was all that could have been wished for. At about 11-45 an adjournment was made to the supper table, which was most gorgeously decorated, the tables fairly groaning under the weight of luxuries on them. The refreshments were under the management of Mr. W. J. Essai, who earned the utmost praise. Dancing was kept up till 4 a.m.

EXPERIMENTS on an extensive scale of new staples are, says the *Madras Mail*, being made in Upper Burma and the Shan States:—"The result of the experimental cultivation of wheat in the Shan States has not proved very successful, still the authorities have distributed to some of the chiefs about 5,400 lbs. of seed, who have promised to make another trial. Wheat, which was experimented on in the Toungoo and Shwebo districts, and tobacco in several other districts, have both proved almost a failure, while the latter plant in Saigong was devoured entirely by insects. It is satisfactory to learn that tobacco cultivation was more encouraging in Lower Burma, especially in the Pegu and Amhurst districts, the leaves obtained there being almost equal to the best samples. As regards vegetables, the prospect is more encouraging, particularly in the Upper Chindwin and, the Jungdwin Valley, where beet, onions, lettuces knol-kohls, sage, and tomatoes flourish luxuriantly."

THE CARNIVAL AT THE SKATING RINK.

THE fancy dress carnival and dance, to which every one who frequents the Skating Rink had been looking forward with pleasureable anticipation, took place on Friday evening, and it must be said at the outset, as the spectators generally admitted, that such a sight has seldom, if ever, been witnessed in this city. The Rink was opened for skating shortly before 8-30 p.m., and very soon after that time, skaters, attired in all sorts of costumes, began to appear upon the floor. Thickly and still more thickly they came, covering the surface, until about nine o'clock, a merry crowd was flying round the course to the music of the band. Mr. Simmons, whose excellent management of all the details of the entertainment had so much to do with its success, provided, besides the Band belonging to the Rink, a second one,—that belonging to the Bombay Volunteer Rifles, which by the kind permission of Lieut.-Col. Bayley had been allowed to attend. So the music never once ceased during the whole evening; as soon as one Band finished a piece, the other struck up a different tune. Mr. Simmons has made these fancy dress carnivals a special subject of study, and has given many most successful ones both in New Zealand and Australia, and also in Calcutta, but on no occasion can the gratification he must have felt at his success have exceeded his pleasure on Friday night. Not the slightest hitch occurred, and not one of those present could help admitting that it was not the fault of the management if they did not thoroughly enjoy the evening. By nine o'clock there must have been nearly five hundred skaters, most of them in fancy costumes, and a few in evening dress. Amongst the first to appear upon the floor was "Robinson Crusoe." It was a splendid representation of the character, though one would have fancied the costume must have been a trifle warm, as it principally consisted of heavy furs. The character was impersonated by Mr. Watts, and the quiet air of reserve with which he glided through the throng of skaters was a strong suggestion of a recluse just re-introduced among men, and feeling a little out of place at the innovation of a Skating Rink, since he last saw the world. Amongst the fair sex many striking costumes were to be seen, foremost among them being "The Silver Lake," in which handsome disguise Miss Soundy was attired. She carried off the first prize, amongst the ladies, for brilliancy of costume, and she certainly deserved the place she took. It would be impossible to enumerate all the dresses, the majority of them being got up with so much care and taste, but a few of the principally noticeable ones may be described, and it may be mentioned that Messrs. Southwell and Austin were the designers of many of those which obtained prizes. There was "The Pin Case." It was a most original costume, worn by Mr. Gardiner, and consisted of a gay coloured chintz, with rows of pins ingeniously inserted, all over his dress, cap, and shoes. Miss Soundy, as the Silver Lake, has already been mentioned. She was certainly amongst the greatest successes of the evening, the costume being entirely original and exceedingly rich. It was composed of green velvet, and silver gauze with flowers and grasses, and long velvet boots; a jaunty little cap, in the shape of a water bell, finishing a dress which showed the skill and taste of the designers. The "Columbia Youth's Elixir" was another character, and was impersonated by Mr. Piper, who appeared first as a very old and feeble man, gradually regaining his vigour, after he had been rinking for a short time, until he at last cast off the disguise of the old man, and became young again. Mrs. Norville, who has had much experience in the way of designing costumes, also turned out some most pretty and well-finished dresses; one of the best being that of Master W. Ballantine, who carried off the prize for being the best dressed boy in the room, appearing as a Page, of the Elizabethan Period. There was an exceedingly good dress of a Naval Captain, which also came from her skilful hands. There were many intensely amusing, as well as many richly dressed skaters, the designers of whose disguises are unknown. There were roars of laughter when that noted character, "Ally Sloper," sailed out on the boards in all his glory, accompanied by his beloved daughter Evelina, and made his way, amid frequent interruptions and many accidents, to that end of the rink at which the refreshment room was situated, and where the "Unsweetened Gin" did lie. And while his erratic course was being watched another figure appeared, with hesitating, faltering gait, holding in his hands his "Goods and Chattels," and showing in himself a living, moving reproduction of the well-known "Private Secretary" of Globe Theatre fame; and those who knew him well hung upon his words, waiting to hear pass those pale and nervous lips the cry: "D'you *know*, I'm *so* cold"! "Old Father Time" (Mr. Sarl) was an original and clever make-up. The disguise was perfect, and the character admirably sustained; his quaint antics, too, affording much amusement. Master Frank Soundy made a very good "Golden Calf," although he looked more like a sprite from a Drury Lane Christmas Annual, as he glided about through the feet of the skaters.

Most handsome costume worn by a lady:—

1st prize—Miss Soundy.............. Silver Lake.
2nd prize—Miss Hawkins.............. America.
Hon. mention—Miss Higgins ...... A Bride.
„ —Mrs. Munday ...... Yum-Yum.

Most original costume worn by a lady:—

1st prize—Miss Engel ....Silver Question.
2nd prize—Miss K. Crawford ....Masher.
Hon. mention—Mrs. Runcorn......Champagne.

Most handsome costume worn by a gentleman:—

1st prize—Mr. H. Bromley ....Iago.
2nd prize—Mr. Lambert ....Forester.
Hon. mention—Mr. Dyson ....Candour.
„ —Mr. Atts...............Robinson Crusoe.
„ —Mr. Burt...............Bunthorne.
„ —Mr. Munday........Nanki Poo.
„ —Mackenzie ....Neapolitan Fisherman.

Most original costume worn by a gentleman:—

1st prize—Mr. Sarl......................Father Time.
2nd prize—Mr. A. Hind ....Evelina Sloper.
Hon. mention—Mr. Stephenson ...Private Secretary —Packet of Pins.

Best sustained character:—

1st prize—Mr. W. B. Green............Ally Sloper.
Hon. mention—Mr. Stephenson ......Private Secretary.

Best dressed little girl:—

st prize—Miss K. Soundy ....Cupid.

Best dressed little boy:—

1st prize—Master A. Ballantine ......Page.
Hon. mention—Master F. Soundy... Golden Calf.

At ten o'clock the band ceased for the first time during the evening, while the skaters, at least all those in fancy dress, formed up with their partners for the "Grand March." It was, indeed, a picturesque spectacle, as some hundreds of costumed skaters went through the various figures of the movement. Suddenly, the electric light was extinguished, and some began to fear that something had gone wrong with the machinery, and that they would be obliged to finish their evening in the comparatively dim light afforded by the Chinese lanterns. But there was no such thing. In a moment or two a wierdly beautiful red light shone from the roof, lighting up the stream of strange figures, and creating a most beautiful picture. Every one was silent, gazing with rapt admiration upon the lovely scene, and then the hearty applause which broke from the thousand spectators must have been pleasing indeed to those who had devised this ingenious novelty in the way of spectacular effect. During the march the judges,—of whom Mr. Simmons had appointed something like twenty, principally ladies,—generally the best judges in such matters—were busy at work, deciding to whom the prizes should be awarded; and a better could not have been chosen, for at no time did the costumes show to greater advantage. After the march the skaters once more circled round the Rink until eleven o'clock, when the floor was cleared, and Mr. Simmons appeared, and went through one of his clever performances upon skates. He accomplished some wonderful feats, and concluded his exhibition by jumping over eight chairs, upon a pair of ordinary skates, coming up on his feet, with marvellous ease and grace, and quietly skating back and repeating the performance several times. There was some more general skating, when he had done, until about a quarter to twelve, when skates being finally removed, dancing was commenced and kept up merrily for about an hour.

FERRELL'S COMEDY COMPANY AT THE NOVELTY.

ON Saturday night the farcical comedy "Arabian Nights," which had such a wonderful run in London last season, was played at the Novelty to a crowded and appreciative audience, by Ferrell's Comedy and Burlesque Company. The plot of the piece is of the simplest, if indeed it can be said to have a plot at all, but it abounds in amusing incidents, and some of the situations are ridiculous in the extreme. With the advantage derived from having something worth playing, it is no wonder then that the talented company which Mr. Ferrell has been able to get together, that the opening night was a perfect success. Arthur Hummingtop, who has sent his wife to the seaside for a month, having nothing else to do, one day took up the Arabian Nights and read it, and was so fired by the example of the good Caliph Haroun al Raschid that he determined to disguise himself and seek midnight adventures. In the course of one of these excursions he meets a young lady who has lost her way, the night being very dark and foggy, he kindly undertakes to see her to her destination. Owing to the darkness and fogginess of the night it takes a couple of hours' wandering about before the destination is found. On the way thither Hummingtop informs the damsel in distress that he is Haroun al Raschid, the father of his people. Later on he discovers that his companion is cold and wraps his handkerchief round her neck. On this handerchief his mother-in-law has written his full name and address, of which fact he is not aware. Next day he expects his wife to return home, and he is also informed that his niece from America is to arrive. While waiting for them an old friend, Ralph Ormerod, who has just arrived from America, calls, and Hummingtop tells him of his adventure. A letter is now handed to him which begins, "My dear Papa," and ends "Your daughter Rose," which he concludes was written by the young lady he had squired the night previous. He writes in the same strain, telling her not to come just then; but before he can despatch the letter the young "lady," who is Rose Columbier (the Gutta Percha girl) steps in and this letter is subsequently purloined by Hummingtop's mother-in-law. The poor man does all he can to induce Rose to leave, but she says she is determined to have "some fun." The mother-in-law, Mrs. Gillibrand, comes into the room at that stage and Hummingtop in a moment of desperation introduces Rose to her as his neice. Then follows an amusing scene. Rose calls for "drinks" addresses her companions as "old chap" and "old girl," and behaves generally in a most reprehensible manner. Hummingtop explains to Mrs. Gillibrand that "in America you know they are much more free in their style than we are." When the ladies leave him, Daisy Maitland, his niece, arrives. He tells her the customs in England are fearfully starched, and explains that, as his wife is not with him, she had better remain at an hoted for the time being, which is just opposite his house. His wife now arrives, and he imagines he will have some breathing time; but unfortunately his niece takes it into her head to look after his house when he is out, imagining that he is all alone and at the mercy of the servants. She there meets Ormerod, who came out in the same ship with her, and who proposes to her, and is accepted. He subsequently gets Hummingtop's consent to the match. Joshua Gillibrand now appears on the scene. He is Hummingtop's brother-in-law and is a horsey whiskified objectionable man whom his mother wishes to marry to Rose (imagining she is Hummingtop's niece). Hummingtop will not consent to this, and his mother-in-law, who has been spying on him all the while, tells his wife that he has a daughter. He swears that Rose is Ormerod's daughter, and while he is saying this Ormerod and Daisy appear on the scene, and a general fainting of the ladies brings the second act to a close. He subsequently tells his wife the truth, explains matters to his niece, and Joshua relieves them all of Rose by marrying her. Mr. J. B. Ferrell had a very difficult part, indeed, as the perplexed husband who wished to tell the truth, but was afraid to; and those acquainted with that gentleman's histrionic powers can well imagine that he was thoroughly successful. Mr. S. Arthur as Ralph Ormerod; Miss Ferrell as Daisy Maitland and Miss Verrini as Mrs. Hummingtop had comparatively little to do; but what little they did do, contributed in no small degree to the success of the piece as a whole. Mr A. C. Seymour as Joshua Gillibrand, the hulking horsey, dissipated "only son of his mother," as he described himself, was eminently successful. The interest of the latter part of the play depended mainly on him and Miss Maggie Ford, as Rose Columbier, to sustain, and that they did so successfully was proved by the hearty laughter and cheers of the audience. Miss Ford was simply inimitable as the fancy circus girl who was determined to have "some fun." Mrs. Ferrell as Mrs. Gillibrand was a typical mother-in-law of the most tyrannical and selfish kind, and she transformed herself into the doating mother with no effort.

This evening "The Arabian Nights" will be played for the last time, and to-morrow evening "The Don," one of Mr. J. L. Toole's latest and best productions, will be played.

THE CHIN-LUSHAI EXPEDITION.

THE CHIN COLUMN.

A POUK correspondent, wiring to the *Pioneer* on Thursday, gives the following reports from the various stations of the column:—

Kan, 31st December.—On the morning of the 28th a sentry of the Gurkha picquet in advance of Taungtek heard a rustling in a bush alongside of him. Imagining that it was some animal he threw in a stone, which was replied to by a shot from a concealed Chin. On the alarm being given the Chins bolted, finding, no doubt, that their attempt at a surprise had failed.

General Symons, without waiting to dress, turned out with the picquet of Gurkhas and gave chase, and, overtaking the Chins, caused them to considerably hasten their retreat. A continuous fire was kept up from both sides, but there were no casualties on either. Still the hats and garments lying along the path of the retreating Chins showed they had gone rather quicker than they had intended.

Later on the General with a party of the 4th Gurkhas turned out again and endeavoured to follow up and cut off the Chins. On coming near them at about 3½ miles from camp they made a great show as far as shouting and beating gongs and firing wildly, but they again retreated behind a rough stockade constructed across the path. General Symons advanced against this, sending Lieutenant Hamilton with a party to the flank with a view to enfilading it. After climbing up the cliff and reaching the stockade, it was found that the enemy had again fled. In their provoking manner they halted, shouted, beat gongs, blew horns, fired wildly and then ran. Their number is estimated at 250, and although many shots were exchanged no one on either side has apparently been hit.

The first party of the Scottish Borderers under Major Stoney, left Kan this morning for the front to join General Symons, and another party leaves on the 3rd, and the remainder of the Gurkhas on the 5th. These will probably proceed to Taungtek on the top of the Taopi Hill, the fourth stage from here, unless the General has pushed on beyond in the meantime and requires their services further on towards Yotwa.

THE LUSHAI COLUMN.

A Lungleh telegram, dated 9th January, says:—Several fresh cases of cholera are reported on the line. Captain Westropp, of the Transport Department, and Mr. Nunn, Inspecting Veterinary Surgeon, have arrived here from Lower Lungleh, after having inspected the various camps en route.

The wounded sepoy of the 28th Bombay Pioneers refuses to have his leg amputated, but is doing fairly well.

The weather continues fine. Six hundred maunds of supplies are reaching Lower Lungleh daily.

THE SHWELI EXPEDITION.

A Mandalay telegram of 9th January says the Bhamo column marched for Bimbong on the 3rd January, leaving their sick at Touhoung.

The villagers of Twessing disinterred the bodies of Private House and Jemadar Chabi Lall, of the Mogoung Levy, buried near the village, and mutilated them. Sixteen villagers were captured by the party sent against them, their headman was punished and the bodies re-interred.

The crossing of the Shweli river is covered by stockades, and opposition is expected. No reply has been sent to our friendly overtures, so artillery has been brought up to destroy the stockade. Information has been received that supplies from Momeit have started for Bimbong.

OBITUARY.

MAJOR-GENERAL MOORE.

MAJOR-GENERAL HENRY MOORE, C.B., C.I.E., Bombay Staff Corps, whose death is also announced, obtained his commission in June 1850, was admitted to the Staff Corps in February 1861; attained the rank of Captain in 1862; Major, 1868; Lieutenant-Colonel, 1872; Colonel, 1877; and Major-General in September 1887, having some fifteen months earlier obtained permission to reside out of India. General Moore was created a Military Companion of the Bath in November 1879 at the close of the Afghan Campaign, and Companion of the Indian Empire in 1878. The General's service in the army was particularly eventful. In 1857 he served in Persia, for which he obtained a medal and clasp; in 1858 in the Mutiny at the capture of Beder Shoorpoor; pursuit of rebels through the Patchmarri Hills and Central India, action of Chota Oodeypore (despatches, G. O. G. I. 643 of 1859, medal). During the Abyssinian War in 1867-8 he served with the Intelligence Department, capture of Magdala (despatches G. G. O. 493 of 1868, medal, brevet of Major). For his services in the Lushai Expedition, 1871-2, Lieutenant-Colonel Moore was mentioned in the (despatches, G. O. G. I. 480 of 1872, clasp, brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel). In the Afghan War, 1878-9 he was present at the occupation of Pisheen and advance to and occupation of Kandahar, skirmish at Takt-i-pul, occupation of Ghirishk, and affair at Saif-u-deen (despatches, Lond. Gaz., 7 Nov. 1879, medal, and C. B.). In the Egyptian Expedition of 1882 the Colonel served as head of the Intelligence Department, Indian Contingent, occupation of Suez and Ismalia, advance to Kassa-sin, battle of Tel-el-Kebir, pursuit to Zagazig, and occupation of Cairo (third class Osmanieh medal and clasp and bronze star).

DR. VON DOLLINGER.

DR. VON DOLLINGER, whose death at Munich from influenza is reported by the *Central News*, was recently declared to be the oldest, or almost the oldest, of the distinguished choir of the aged, in point of years. Nevertheless, added the writer, he is probably the youngest of them all in point of physical and intellectual vigour. Appended is a sketch of the venerable Professor, which recently appeared in a home paper:—

He is in his ninety-first year. He was born in the last year of the eighteenth century, February 28, 1799. His tall figure, which has been a familiar sight in the streets of Munich since 1826, is almost as erect as it was fifty years ago, although he has been bending over books during the greater part of our century. It was said of him, not long ago, that he is probably the only man living who could dictate an encyclopædia of history and biography with every date correct. The statement is certainly hyperbolical; but since the death of Ranke, he has doubtless a right to be honoured as the greatest master of universal history and literature.

It is not, however, on the fields of history or literature proper that he has won his laurels, but on those of theology, where his range of knowledge is confessedly unrivalled. He has been a man of theological war from his youth, free as he has always kept himself from the *odium theologicum* the disease so peculiar to that campaign. If he had been tainted with that sickness, he might have now been an archbishop or a cardinal. When Dollinger was ordained priest, in 1822, ten years before the English Oxford movement, he found the Roman Catholic Church of Germany divided into two hostile camps, which may be roughly described as the Scientific and the Jesuit, as the National and the Ultramontanist, or the peculiarly German and the peculiarly Roman. The one regarded the Church as an organism, the other as a mechanism. The Pope, in the view of the one, was a president, a primate of Christendom, developed by historical circumstance, who derived his authority from the society over which he presided; to the other the Pope was a vice-God, from whom the Church virtually derived its being and authority, under Sailer, Wessenberg, and other like-minded prelates. A powerful school of Liberal Catholic priests had been educated in South Germany and Switzerland, who cultivated brotherly relations with the Protestants, and were eager for a return to the Old Catholic foundation, on which they believed all German Christians might unite. The defeat of the French Revolution, the universal depression of the Liberal cause throughout Europe, the triumph of the Holy Alliance, and the general Conservative reaction, brought back the suppressed Jesuits into power and favour, who preached up the Papacy as the only possible bulwark of law, order, and all threathened interests. In order to complete the Papacy as a political-ecclesiastical institution, and to justify its interference in the political and social questions of every State, it was necessary to get the infallibility of the Pope acknowleged throughout the Roman National Churches as an integral doctrine of Christianity. The Jesuits found some hinderance to their diplomacy in the old Gallician traditions of the French Church. But the principal stumbling-block in their way was the existence of the great school of liberal and scientific Catholics in Germany. These scholars and reformers, of whom Dollinger has so long been the recognised leader, have always been much more akin in thought to their Protestant fellow-students and fellow-citizens than to the ignorant and bigoted clerity of Spain and Italy.

The joyous, hopeful old scholar, so young and fresh in mind, is, as all the world knows, an excommunicated man, and he is little troubled at it. This passion for the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, has been the secret of Dollinger's power and influence as a scholar and as a leader of men. "He and the band of Catholic scholars, whom he has gathered around him," said one of the most distinguished of German theologians, "have first fully made us understand that Catholicism is one thing and Ultramontanism quite another, and even a contrary thing." "One old Catholic," said another eminent Protestant theological professor, well-known to English scholars, "is at the present day a greater force upon the Continent and is more dreaded by the Jesuit than fifty thousand Protestants." To those only who judge of the importance of movements by the counting of heads, and who suppose that "the Kingdom is given" (not the power over the future) not to the "little flock," but to a big demonstrating mob, the judgment of Beyscelag and Nippold will seem absurd. It was this passion for truth and his resolution to accept and follow it at all costs which forced the quiet student and man of peace into the forefront of the modern battle against the Papacy. Lesser men who refused to accept the new dogma of the Pope's infallibility were excommunicated at once, but the greatest of Catholic theologians, the educator of Bishops, the scholar who had so frequently been cited boastfully against Protestants as the glory of the Catholic Church, was the last whom the recreant German prelates dared to put "outside the pale of the Church." They had borrowed from him the scholarship and the arguments with which they had opposed the dogma in the Council. The Archbishop of Munich, in ? the year after the Council, entreated Dollinger to avoid the scandal of execution, and to follow the German episcopate in the so-called "sacrifice of the intellect," and declare that dogma to be a truth of Christianity and history which he had proved to be a lie. Dollinger was then in his 72nd year, a time of life in which many bold reformers become Conservatives, and warriors are glad to lay down their arms, so that they in their last days may repose. "No," replied the aged Provost to the Archbishop, "as a Christian, as a man who has spent his life in theological research, as a student of history, as a citizen, I cannot and will not accept this dogma of the unlimited autocracy and personal infallibility of the Pope. I cannot, as a Christian; for it is irreconcilable with the spirit of the Gospel and with the express sayings of Christ and His Apostles; it establishes exactly such an Empire of this world as Christ refused, and sets up that lordship over the congregations which St. Peter denied to be his, and forbad to others. I cannot, as a theologian; for it is a contradiction of the genuine traditions of the Church. I cannot, as an historian; for at such I know that the attempt to turn this false hypothesis into a political fact has cost Europe streams of blood, has devastated and destroyed nations, has obliterated the beautiful organic system of the primitive Church, and has introduced and fostered the vilest abuses in the Church. Lastly, I cannot, as a German citizen, for the doctrine that the Roman Pontiff is infallible in faith and morals (which includes all political and all municipal life under morals) subjects every nation to the Papacy. It alienates the clergy from the laity. It was this doctrine which brought the old German Empire to ruin, and if it be accepted by the Catholic part of the new German Empire it will introduce amongst them an incurable germ of disease." The Archiepiscopal and Papal bann was launched at his venerable head; but it only increased the reverence of the best men in Bavaria and throughout the Fatherland for their greatest scholar. The University of Munich confirmed him in the rectorship; the King refused to eject him from the provostship.

SIR EDWIN ARNOLD purposes spending six months in Japan.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN adjourned meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held at the Municipal offices yesterday, Mr. Grattan Geary presiding. The following members were also present:—Messrs. Bhagwandas Narotumdas, Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar, Thomas Blaney, Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Darashah R. Chichgar, Dinshaw Edulji Wacha, Dosabhai Framji, C.S.I., J. R. Duxbury, Eknath Raghunath Khote, Fazulbhai Jumabhai Lalji, Framji Dorabji Divecha, Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik, Jaya Karadi Lingu, Rai Bahadur Luchmun Singh, Messrs. Manekji Behramji Dadabhai, Manekshah J. Taleyarkhan, Colonel G. L. C. Merewether, Messrs. Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, Naoroji Beiramji Santook, Narayen Ganesh Chandavarkar, Pherozeshah Merwanjee Mehta, Rahimtula Khairaz, Shivaji Dhurmaji, Tribhowandas Munguldas Nathoobhoy, Accacio Gabriel Viegas, and Captain W. P. Walshe.

CONCESSIONS TO TANSA WATER-WORKS CONTRACTORS.

Dr. Blaney proposed:—That as recommended by the Standing Committee in their No. 5759, dated 3rd instant, the Corporation hereby approve and sanction the following agreement being entered into with Messrs. Walsh, Lovett, Mitchell and Company:—

That, in view of the works being so far duly completed by them to the satisfaction of the Engineer, as to be fully available for delivering the Tansa water into the Vehar Lake by 1st March 1892, and on condition that they be so completed but not otherwise, the following modifications and alterations of the terms embodied in the existing contract shall take effect:—

1. The penalty clause to be waived.

2. The provisions as to bonus applicable to tunnels under clause 17A of the existing contract shall, in so far as completion of tunnels prior to 1st January 1891 is concerned, be abrogated, and in lieu thereof shall be made applicable (*mutatis mutandis*) to completion of the whole works to the extent aforesaid for any complete month or months prior to 1st March 1892.

3. In respect of work remaining to be done on 1st November 1889—

If and as long as the contractors carry on the works in conformity with such scale of progress as the Engineer shall prescribe as necessary to attain such completion, they shall monthly, as the work proceeds, be paid extra rates upon the items and according to the particulars noted below, *viz.*:—

Description of Work.	Present contract rate.		Extra rate in addition to present contract rate.	
	Rate.	Per.	Rate.	Per.
	Rs a. p.		Rs. a. p.	
Excavation for conduit got with blasting..	4 12 0	100 c. ft.	2 4 0	100 c. ft.
Uncoursed masonry in conduit	27 6 0	„	3 10 0	„
Cement pointing	6 8 0	„	2 8 0	„
Concrete	19 12 0	„	4 4 0	„
Cement plaster	8 0 0	100 s. ft.	2 0 0	100 s. ft.

4. In respect of work executed prior to 1st November 1889—

The extra rates provided for by the last preceding clause shall be made retrospective, and the sum representing such extra rates as applied to this work shall become payable and be paid immediately after such due completion; provided, however, that an advance on account thereof to the extent of Rs. 1,20,000 may be made to the contractors upon the security of their entire plant by mortgage or otherwise as the Solicitors to the Corporation may advise, and to be recoverable from such security in case of non-completion as aforesaid by 1st March 1892.

"That, save as aforesaid, the provisions of the existing contract remain in full force."

He said that there was no single business on which the present Standing Committee had bestowed so much labour, thought, and time as on the matter under review. They had had the opportunity of discussing it very frequently with the Municipal Commissioner, and they had received the advice of such an eminent Engineer as Mr. Clerke; they had several interviews with the contractors, and there had been several meetings for considering the subject and deciding as to what was the best course to adopt, and had arrived at the conclusion that by making these alterations in the contract, and by making the extra grants mentioned in the resolution, was the best way of enabling them to complete the work by the 1st of March 1892. The Corporation, therefore, had to consider whether it was worth their while to make the extra grant, or whether the city would lose anything, and what by not having the works completed by the early date alluded to in the resolution. He need scarcely say that if they had an increased supply of water a year or two earlier, they would derive an extra revenue from it.

Mr. P. M. Mehta: How much?

Dr. Blaney: To the extent of its utilization by the people who need it.

The resolution was seconded by Colonel Merewether.

Mr. P. M. Mehta said it was a matter of regret to him to have to say that over and over again that the Standing Committee had got into the habit of bringing perfunctory recommendations to the Corporation for sanction. In the present instance the Committee asked them to sanction higher rates for a certain contract already given, and nothing could have been easier for the Committee than to tell the Corporation what would be the total sum by which that contract would be increased by the enhanced rates. Dr. Blaney had told them that it could not be accurately given; but he, Mr. Mehta, said that this was not the case, for they already had the quantities, and it would be very easy to multiply them by the increased rates which would give the information he desired. In the circumstances he failed to understand why they proposed to give a large bonus to the contractors to hurry on the Tansa scheme so as to secure an increased supply of water when they had already undertaken the Pawai scheme for the purpose of filling up Vehar, and he thought they could manage to pull on for another year with Vehar as they had done for so many years past. The fact that the Corporation was not in possession of the figures involved in the proposal put it out of their power to consider whether it was worth adopting. If the sum was a large one, it was not likely the Corporation would sanction its expenditure without the most mature consideration, whereas if it was only a small matter, they might be induced to adopt the proposal speedily. He for one would never hesitate to take responsibility of throwing out any proposition, however urgent it might be, until the Corporation was placed in a position to judge of its merits. He denied that any responsibility would lie on the Corporation if it refused to come to a decision without having the necessary and proper information before it.

Dr. Cowasji Hormusji, as a member of the Standing Committee and as a member of the sub-committee of the Standing Committee said that he had opposed the grant in both places and he had done so for good reasons. The Committee had held many sittings to consider the subject, and Dr. Blaney could very easily have given the information which had been imparted at those meetings, *viz.*, that the extra grant involved 4½ or 5 lakhs of rupees. He opposed the motion on the board principle that a contract was a contract, and the contractors had undertaken the contract with their eyes open and further were warned by the Municipal Commissioner, at the time that their rates seemed to be much lower than those put forward by the other contractors from whom tenders were received. But notwithstanding this the contractors told the Commissioner that they would be able to carry out the contract at the rates they submitted, now in the middle of the contract they turned round and said they were unable to do so. In these circumstances he would ask whether it was right in principle that a body, like the Municipality which had to undertake large contracts, should allow this sort of thing? If they granted increased rates in one case, there was nothing to prevent the other contractors coming forward and asking for similar concessions.

The Municipal Commissioner then said if he had only the question of Tansa to deal with, he could have given them a satisfactory explanation of it. He thought his friends on the Standing Committee would admit that when the question came before them he gave a clear explanation on the point, and it was thoroughly threshed out; but after this the matter remained in abeyance, and he could not possibly recall at a moment's notice all the details connected with the subject. Even if he were a far abler man, and had night as well as day to work in, he could not possibly keep in his head for days, weeks, and even months together all the various things that came before him during any one day. What he had to do was to thresh them out and then lay them before the Committee, and he thought every member of the Committee would admit that it was always uncertain when a particular matter would come before the Corporation. Besides, his ordinary daily work they were aware that lately he had been troubled with having before him the prospect of replying to a frivolous vote of censure that had been moved before them. A matter of this kind might, perhaps, require him to go through records for years past, while at the same time he could not stop the current flow of Municipal work. Even at that moment he had to attend to various important contracts, which had to be sent off by the mail and if he made a mistake in them he supposed he would be called over the coals. He quite appreciated the difficulty in which Mr. Mehta said he was placed, and he did not want to underrate that difficulty, but he would apologise in advance if he could not, on the spur of the moment, give all the information that was required.

Mr. Mehta here said that neither he nor any member of the Corporation expected the Commissioner to give all the information. For the Standing Committee had learned from him the facts of the case, and they should have placed them before the Corporation.

The Commissioner said that at the time this matter had been discussed certain figures were dinned into him, and he would recapitulate them as faithfully as he could from memory. The extra rates on this contract, which Mr. Clerke admitted, were necessary to meet expenses, leaving the question of profit out of consideration, aggregated 4½ lakhs of rupees, of which two lakhs and forty thousand worth of work had already been executed, leaving two lakhs and ten thousand to be done. The second point raised was as to whether they wanted to get the work done by March 1892, although they were going to have the Pawai scheme, which they hoped to get by next monsoon. They should remember there were two mains discharging into the city—the 32-inch and the 24-inch main—whereas some years ago they had only the former. They then built the Bunderwara reservoir, which was on a higher level than the lowest parts of the city, and they determined that a 32-inch main should no longer discharge water into the lower portions of the town but into the Bunderwara reservoir; the consequence of this was that they left one and three-quarter million gallons of water behind, which the inhabitants of the city had been enjoying up to that time, and could not do without, in fact, they wanted a larger supply than formerly. As soon as he had discovered that this was so, he suggested that, to remedy this, they should lay another main to supply the lower portion of the island, especially the northern parts. In speaking to the Corporation at that time he pointed out that as it would take at least six years to complete the Tansa scheme, it would be inadvisable to lay down an 18-inch main, and on his recommendation a 24-inch main was laid down, which would have met all requirements if it had not been that the wants of the city had increased from year to year. This drained away a great deal of water, and to supply the deficit the present Pawai scheme was put forward. They should remember that the wants of the city were even increasin - and as they were working at their lowest margin, they should not be absolutely dependent on Vehar for their supply, especially if they had not average years to fall back on, in which case they would not be able to supply the demand with the resources at their disposal. Under the circumstances he thought it was wise, even from a business point of view, to take up the Pawai scheme, in preference to some smaller scheme which might never be wanted, and which if devised might have to be abandoned. Speaking with reference to the particular subject under discussion, he contended it was not an unnatural arrangement to pay a bonus to contractors to hurry on any particular work. He then referred to the misfortunes which had befallen Messrs. Walsh, Lovett and Company, in carrying out the contract, and suggested that apart from all sentimental considerations, it would be well for the Corporation to adopt the Committee's recommendation as time was the great object with them, and the work could not possibly be completed unless this concession was made. As to the possible suggestion that the work might be completed departmentally he would say it was impossible, as, in the first place, he could not organize the staff to carry out the work with the short space of time at his disposal, and in the next place it was not likely that the contractors would allow him to use their machinery for the purpose. This machinery was of a special kind, and would have to be imported from England, which would necessitate a great delay. In conclusion he pointed out that even after paying the concession they would have expended less than had they accepted the next lowest tender.

Mr. Manekshaw Taleyarkhan moved an amendment that the matter be referred back to the Standing Committee for further information.

Mr. P. M. Mehta seconded the amendment, which on being put to the meeting was carried.

Colonel Merewether demanded a poll, the result being that sixteen voted for and four against the amendment.

THE BUDGET ESTIMATES.

On Dr. Blaney's motion the following items of the budget estimate were sanctioned without discussion:—Rs. 15,76 600 + Rs. 1,50,000 for general tax; Rs. 3,25,700 for wheel tax and tolls; Rs. 8,07,000 for town duties; and Rs. 22,050 for licenses.

The Corporation then adjourned till this evening at 3 p. m.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.

THIS most useful compilation, which was started in 1875, still remains the standard Guide to Bombay. Year after year has seen the most valuable additions made to the mass of useful information which it affords on all matters connected with the city of Bombay, and this, the 15th edition, is in advance of its predecessors, especially in what concerns the vast progress made by the city in recent years. We may be allowed, however, to remark, as was done on a previous occasion that on one or two points certain inaccuracies have been allowed to remain uncorrected. Thus the number of students attending St. Xavier's College is still set down at 670. This may have been the number when the Guide first appeared fifteen years ago; but it falls short of the actual number by some six or seven hundred. The omission, too, from that portion of the work which deals with public charities, of such well-known charitable institutions, the institution for Deaf-Mutes, the Leper's Home, and the Foundling Hospital is another oversight to which attention may be called. But in spite of these few inaccuracies and omissions, which we feel assured will be rectified in the next edition, the Guide is in every way worthy of the popularity and the good name it has won as a digest of useful information of the most interesting and varied character concerning the city and its environs.—*Bombay Catholic Examiner.*

WE trust that the tardiness of our acknowledgment of the fifteenth edition of this well-known little work will not in any way be taken as a mark of want of that appreciation which its worth and use so manifestly entitle it to from all who have had anything to do with the great metropolis of Western India. With what we may be allowed to call the "standing matter" of the publication, our readers are well acquainted, both from the numerous reviews already given of it and probably indeed from personal perusal. Mr. Maclean's graphic chapters on the geography and history of Bombay, and Mr. MacPherson's charming descriptions of the native festivals are perennial sources of instruction, interest, and amusement. The present edition, however, has another claim on our atttention, as we have here a succinct account of the marvellous development of the city, and its resources during the last thirteen years. Well-written descriptions of the magnificent gems of architecture that have been raised in recent times, will repay the trouble of those who are even remotely interested in Bombay. An interesting chapter is devoted to the numerous charities, for which the city is so famous. We then are given a very complete railway guide containing short descriptions of the principal places of interest in India and a well posted directory for the city itself, which, from its ingeniously simple arrangement, will be hailed by all busy men whose time is money. We can confidently recommend the guide, as a guide in the literal sense of the word, and as a historical work of no mean merit.—*Poona Observer.*

MILITARY NEWS.

LIEUTENANT DAVIS, 1st Munster Fusiliers, comes out as a probationer for the Staff Corps.

LIEUTENANT WELSH, 1st Battalion Border Regiment, takes up the Adjutancy of the Moulmein Volunteers.

CAPTAIN BASS, Royal Irish, and Lieutenant Windsor, Worcestershire Regiment, are posted to the 1st Battalions of their Corps, and Captain Stuart, King's Royal Rifle Corps, to the 4th Battalion of his.

COLONEL MURRAY succeeds Colonel Bushman as First Assistant Adjutant-General at Army Head-Quarters when Colonel Bushman goes home. Colonel Cook from the Sirhind District is appointed Assistant Adjutant-General, vice Murray, and Colonel Harvey, Wiltshire Regiment, succeeds him as District Staff Officer, 1st class, but goes to Peshawur in place of Colonel Bax, who is transferred to the Sirhind District.

CAPTAIN COUNT RODOLPH MONTECUCULI and six officers of the Austrian corvette Aurora, had a private audience with his Excellency the Viceroy and their Royal Highnesses Prince Albert Victor and the Duke of Connaught at Government House, on the 7th inst.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it WILL POSITIVELY RESTORE IN EVERY CASE GREY OR WHITE HAIR to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smel of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Sold Wholesale by the Anglo-American Co., Limited Farringdon-Road, London, England

MUNICIPAL FINANCE.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In my letter of Thursday last, I observed that the disquieting feature of Municipal finance is the alarming speed at which the expenditure is allowed to overrun the annual income. The prevailing notion seems to be that the revenue is growing, and that, consequently, it is of no use decrying the growing expenditure. If that notion were founded on a substratum of fact, it might be allowed to pass unchallenged. But inasmuch as it is not so, it is necessary in this place to dispel the illusion and make the public alive to the reality of the financial situation. What are the facts with regard to municipal revenue during the past four years for which we have complete accounts? That whereas the total annual receipts from all sources stood at Rs. 43,83,970 in 1885-1886, they rose to Rs. 49,66,189 in 1888-89. That is to say, the increase in the gross receipts during the four years was Rs. 5,82,219. The growth is, therefore, equal to 13 per cent. It may be mentioned in passing that but for the increase on the rates for articles of consumption on which *octroi* is levied, the receipts would have been smaller. Virtually, it was the additional taxation of the town duties since 1886-87 that has swollen the receipts. Again, there was the windfall of the surplus derived from the re-sale of the land originally acquired to build the Ripon Road. That is a fortuitous item of revenue which ought not to be included in the annual normal growth. However, for purposes of broad comparison, I include it in my reckoning, as it only strengthens my argument touching the manifestly slower growth of the revenue compared with the rapid and extraordinary increase of expenditure.

Let me turn now to the expenditure side. Here are the figures for the four years:—

1885-86	Rs.	39,77,034
1886-87	„	41,76,268
1887-88	„	58,12,686
1888-89	„	52,01,251

Comparing the first year with the last, the increase amounts to Rs. 12,84,217, equivalent to 30 per cent. In other words, the growth of the expenditure, compared with that of revenue, is 131 per cent. larger! If it be asked under what head has there been the greatest amount of expenditure during the last four years, it may be observed that it is under Municipal debt. As the Tansa works progress and fresh loans have to be provided for meeting their cost, the interest charge becomes heavier. How heavy the interest charge on all kinds of loans has become will be perceived from the following progressive table:—

1885-86	Rs.	787,527
1886-87	„	893,553
1887-88	„	23,27,681
1888-89	„	14,90,117

The average of the four years is equal to Rs. 13,74,718, and the growth of the last year compared with the first is fully 90 per cent. It should be remembered in connexion with this single heavy item on the expenditure side, that the charge is a permanent one. Nay, more, it will increase as fresh debt is incurred year after year. Very few outside the Corporation have the least knowledge that within a year or so the borrowing capacity of the Municipality will come to a full stop, unless the Municipal Act is amended and the present limit of borrowing is increased. Whether the ratepayers would prefer that the city should go borrowing right and left, without in any manner husbanding its resources or providing for a rainy day by controlling expenditure, is a question which I need not undertake at present to answer. It is sufficient for my purpose if I point out how heavy is the interest charge on the Municipal debts, and how heavier will it grow within the next two or three years. An idea of the increase may be formed when I state that in the Budget estimate of the coming financial year, the charge is put down at Rs. 16,21,853, that is to say it is in excess of the actual average of the four years by Rs. 247,135, equivalent to a growth of 18 per cent. Is there no cause for disquietude in this single fact? Virtually, it means that the Municipal debt charge more than absorbs the whole taxation derived from the consolidated rates. These rates are estimated for the coming year at Rs. 15,76,000.

Then, look again at another expensive item of current expenditure. I mean, the expenditure under the Engineering Department and Public Works. What is its growth during the last four years? Fully 44 per cent., as may be seen from the figures that follow:—

1885-86	Rs.	9,64,842
1886-87	„	11,14,201
1887-88	„	12,25,240
1888-89	„	13,92,570

Another cry is for a larger staff and yet a larger expenditure. It may be that the growing demand of the city entail a larger expenditure. But the question is not, to spend whatever is asked for, but to spend what the resources of the Municipality can spare. There is a wide impression, both inside and outside the Corporation that if there be one department more than another where Municipal extravagance is rampant and where there is the least control, it is this department. It may not be generally known that its permanent staff and general supervision annually costs Rs. 367,588, as per undermentioned particulars:—

	Rs.
General Supervision	40,916
Drainage Establishment	26,445
Love Grove „	9,648
Sluices „	2,440
Carnac Bunder Depot	1,320
Streets and Buildings	84,343
Watering Establishment	81,450
	2,46,562
Water-Works Establishment	1,21,026
	Rs. 367,588

And yet so unstable is the appetite of this department that the Municipal Commissioner recommends the Corporation to sanction new expenditure on staff and salaries to the extent of Rs. 42,912 per annum! Verily, there is a deep and a lower deep yet to be reached, a deep which threatens to devour a lakh over and above the amount derivable from our second source of direct taxation. I mean wheel-tax and tolls, the revenue for which for 1890-91 is estimated at Rs. 3,25,700. Where are you to stop, then? If interest charge and public works establishment between them eat away, like two destructive cormorants, fully 25 lakhs of the so-called "growing" revenue of the Municipality, and if the limit of direct taxation is already reached, how does the Corporation intend to find the ways and means for the deficit which may overtake it at the end of 1891.—Yours, &c.,

Jan. 11. DINSHAW EDULJEE WACHA.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Jan. 11—The barometer has fallen everywhere. The change has been brisk to rapid over the Punjab and Rajputana, and brisk along the foot of the hills in the North-West Provinces, Bengal, Assam, and parts of the Central Provinces. Elsewhere the changes are moderate or slight. There has been no important change in the winds. North-easterly winds in Punjab and Beluchistan; and westerly Karachi; feeble cyclonic circulation Bengal; northerly winds, in the Bay Area; easterly winds, in the West Coast. The temperature is high, except in the Peninsula, where it is very high. In Sind and Rajputana the weather is nearly overcast; slightly clouded in Bengal and Upper India; fine elsewhere. No rain in any station. No prospect of rain in Madras. The conditions are slightly unsetted in Sind and Rajputana.

SIMLA, Jan. 12.—Barometer has changed irregularly, and by small amounts has fallen in South Punjab, the North-West Provinces, and the greater part of the Peninsula; but it has generally risen elsewhere. A shallow depression, which appeared over Sind, has advanced northwards towards Punjab. There has been no other change. Wind directions practically unaltered, but south-easterly current over the Punjab hills has been rising in force. Temperature has changed a little, except in the Central Provinces and Madras, where it has risen. The mean temperature has been above the average everywhere. A few drops of rain have fallen in Murree, but none elsewhere. Slight showers possible in the south of the Coromandel Coast to-morrow, and slight rain in the north-west of the Himalayas.

AT a recent meeting of the Royal Statistical Society Mr. Robert Giffen gave some interesting figures showing the advancing wealth of the country. Within the twenty years from 1865 to 1885 the capital of the United Kingdom rose from six to ten thousand millions sterling, which is nearly 13½ times the whole National Debt; and whereas in 1822 the rate of savings per head was £120, in 1885 it was £270. There can, therefore, be no question that our wealth is accumulating; whether the phenomenon, which the poet tells us usually accompanies this process, is also being realised—whether, that is, our men are decaying—is a point which it would be much less easy to determine.

A YEAR'S CRIME IN BOMBAY.

THE Police reports of the Bombay Presidency including the Province of Sind, prepared by Mr Ommanney, Inspector-General of Police, for the year 1888, has just been issued. He refers at the outset to this being the first occasion on which he has had to account for the working of the police as regards crime, that subject having been left in previous years to the Commissioners, while the Inspector-General reported merely on the organization, interior economy, and discipline of the force. Referring generally to offences under the Penal Code, Mr. Ommanney says:—

Offences under the Indian Penal Code have increased for the Presidency by 820, and under all laws by 1,550. Considering the bad season experienced in many districts during the year under report, this is not more than might have been expected; but it is a matter for regret that a considerable number of these cases consists of serious crimes of violence. Taking Indian Penal Code cases there is a decrease of 150 cases in Sind, an increase of 571 in the Northern Division, of 276 in the Central Division, and of 123 in the Southern Division. The reasons for the increase or decrease in the various classes are given, as far as possible, in my reviews of the several districts. The most serious feature in this statement is the increase of murders from 160 to 217, the increase being 10 in Sind, 8 in the Northern Division, 14 in the Central Division, and 25 in the Southern Division. As regards the Southern Division the chief increase is in the Belgaum and Bijapur districts, from 5 and 2 to 19 and 10 respectively. Attempts at murder and culpable homicide have hardly fluctuated at all. The increase in the serious crimes of dacoity and robbery is very serious. Under dacoities there is a decrease of 1 in Sind, an increase from 16 to 32 in the Northern Division, from 37 to 48 in the Central Division and from 17 to 29 in the Southern Division. In the Northern Division the increase occurred more or less in all the districts except Thana where the number has fallen from 11 to 5. Robberies have increased by 26, from 236 to 262. An increase of 15 occurs in Central Division, while the Northern Division shows a decrease of 5. Thefts show a considerable increase of 616, but this is, as might have been expected, owing to the unpropitious season. An increase of 319 occurs in the Northern Division and of 263 in the Central Division. The chief feature of the report is the increase in the more serious crimes of violence.

Referring to a table of statistics on property tests, he remarks:—

Taking the property tests it will be seen that out of a total of Rs. 4,20,391 stolen in pending cases, the Central Division is responsible for no less than 2,68,738, as compared with 11,849 for Sind, 50,962 for Northern Division, and 88,842 for Southern Division. Yet even after this in the percentage of property recovered to property stolen in cases disposed of the Central Division is far inferior to the rest of the Presidency. The percentage for the Presidency is 57, for the Central Division only 44, while for the Southern Division it is 54, for Sind 61, and Northern Division 74. As regards the percentage of cases in which property was recovered to those in which property was stolen, while for the Presidency the figure is 79, the Northern Division is 93, Southern Division 80, Central Division, 74 and Sind 71.

So far as cases under the Excise Laws and Opium Act are concerned, Mr. Ommanney says:—

It is satisfactory to observe that cases under the Excise Laws and Opium Act show a general decrease for the whole Presidency, although taking the figures by Divisions a slight increase in cases and persons is noticeable in Sind under the Opium Act, and in cases only in the Central Division under the Excise Laws. In the Southern Division the number of persons arrested for offences under the Opium Act has increased from 3 to 7, and a like increase from 1,005 to 1,029 in the number of persons arrested for offences under the Excise Laws is to be observed in the Northern Division. The percentage of convictions, to arrests remains almost the same as in 1887. It is noteworthy that the bulk of the cases under the Excise Laws come from Surat and Thana in the Northern Division and Khandesh and Nasik in the Central Division, and under the Opium Act along the northern frontier of Gujarat.

Coming to the condition and strength of the Police force, he remarks:—

As compared with last year there is an increase of 80 in the strength of the force, while there is a decrease of Rs. 59,928 in its total cost. The principal cause of the increase in the strength is, in a great measure, due to the strengthening of the Abkari Police in the districts of Kolaba, Thana, and Kaira, while the decrease in expenditure is most marked under the different heads of travelling allowance as well as under the heading contingencies, &c. There is a slight increase of 64 in the total number of punishments inflicted in 1888 in the whole Presidency over the average number for the three years preceding the year under report. There is a decrease of 66 in rewards by promotion and an increase of 69 in money rewards over the last year when the figures were 147 and 142 respectively.

To the report is annexed a letter from Mr. Monteath, Acting Secretary to Government, to the Secretary to the Government of India, dated 13th December 1889 referring to Sind in particular. In that letter Mr. Monteath remarks:—

The fact that crime has not increased during the past five years is at least some ground for supposing that the large apparent increase in the number of offences since 1875-76 is not a real increase. Had there in reality been causes actively at work which could bring about an extraordinary increase in the mass of crime, it is exceedingly improbable that they would have remained entirely unobserved and unknown. Yet in fact no such causes have been noticed, and executive officers in Sind from the Commissioner downwards concur in stating that there has been no real increase in crime. Again, the district of Kaira in the Presidency Proper shows results precisely similar to those in Sind; and it is known that in Kaira the registration of crime in 1875-76 was exceedingly defective, and that the increase there shown by the crime statistics is not a real increase. There are also very similar results in Ahmedabad, where too the registration of crime is known to have been imperfect in 1875-76. Lastly, there is the extraordinary increase in cases of grievous hurt and riot and unlawful assembly in 1884-88 as compared with 1875-79. These offences have more than doubled, and they are precisely the offences, the reported number of which would increase with an improvement in crime registration and increased confidence in the police. The bulk of both these offences are not serious crimes, but personal quarrels and a weak police force that had not the confidence of the people would either not hear of them or ignore them.

BENGAL.

A BRAVE ACT.—An incident took place at Prinsep's Ghat on the occasion of the arrival of Prince Albert Victor, which deserves notice. The second officer of one of the vessels in port went on board the ship Evesham Abbey, and in order to obtain as good a view as possible of the ceremony, stationed himself on the cross-jack yard. Mr. Burd, the second officer of the Evesham Abbey, who was on deck, saw the officer up aloft suddenly reel, and apprehending some accident, at once swarmed up the mast on to the yard with the third officer, Mr. Marsden. They were not a second too soon, for the moment they seized him the officer went off in to a swoon, having received a sun stroke. With the greatest difficulty, and at imminent risk to their lives, in their perilous position, Messrs. Burd and Marsden managed to drag their senseless companion to the mizen mast, from whence they passed ropes round his body and lowered him to the deck.—*Englishman.*

THE SALT ACT.—In a petition just submitted to the Viceroy the manufacturers of "washed saltpetre" in Calcutta and its suburbs complain that the new rules under the Salt Act have seriously interfered with their business, causing an almost entire cessation of work. They say that these rules are based upon a misconception of the nature of their industry, which has nothing to do with the manufacture of salt fit for consumption by any portion of the community. The saltpetre refuse which they dispose of is utilised as manure, or for the cure of hides. They are quite willing to place it at the disposal of Government, if desired, or to pay any license fee that it may be thought right to impose upon them, but beg that vexatious regulations which threaten to ruin a trade, by which some of the petitioners have earned their livelihood for more than half a century, may be immediately cancelled.

A TELEGRAM from Kan says that in the postal arrangements for the Burma column of the Chin-Lushai Expedition, there was room for improvement, writes the *Civil and Military Gazette*, for up to date, letters have taken as long to reach us from the front as from London.

THE "TRAVELLERS'" EFFERVESCING RESTORATIVE SALINE removes bile, headache, and languor. Relieves Sea-sickness. Agreeable and Cooling. Per bot. Re. 1. PHILLIPS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

THE ROSS DIVORCE CASE.

IN the Madras High Court, before Mr. Justice Handley, on Friday, says the local *Mail*, Mr. Willie Morgan, of the firm of Messrs. Barclay and Morgan, on behalf of Mr. George Percy Clerk, the co-respondent in the suit brought by Mr. Henry Thomas Ross, of the Madras Civil Service, against his wife, in which he (Mr. Ross) seeks a dissolution of marriage on the ground of his wife's adultery with the co-respondent, from whom Mr. Ross claims the sum of Rs. 30,000 by way of damages, appeared on its original side, and applied for an order calling upon the petitioner (Mr. Ross) to give further and better particulars of the places and approximate times at which the various acts of adultery charged against co-respondent in the 4th, 5th, and 6th paragraphs of the petition, are said to have been committed. The paragraphs in question run in the following terms:—

4. That during the seven months immediately preceding the 21st April 1889, one George Percy Clerk, at present holding the appointment of special assistant to the Collectors of Madura and Tanjore for settlement purposes, and residing at Combaconum, in the Presidency of Madras, was received in your petitioner's house on terms of intimacy as a trusted friend, and your petitioner's said wife was permitted by your petitioner to drive and walk alone with the said George Percy Clerk, and that, in abuse of the said trust confided in them by your petitioner, your petitioner's said wife, on divers occasions during the said period, the dates of which are unknown to your petitioner, committed adultery with the said George Percy Clerk in your petitioner's houses at Madura and Kodaikanal, during your petitioner's absence, and in other places to which they drove or walked alone.

5. That during the period from 21st April to 1st July 1889, notwithstanding your petitioner's strong objections, communicated by your petitioner to your petitioner's said wife, and to the said George Percy Clerk, to any continuance of their intimacy, your petitioner's said wife continued at Kodaikanal (with the exception of two or three short periods of a few days each, during which the said George Percy Clerk was absent from Kodaikanal) a habit of daily intercourse for hours alone with the said George Percy Clerk in out-of-the-way places on the hills, and in your petitioner's house at Kodaikanal, during your petitioner's absence, and during the said period, on divers occasions, the dates of which are unknown to your petitioner, your petitioner's said wife committed adultery with the said George Percy Clerk in your petitioner's said house and in the said places.

6. That during the period from 18th August to 3rd September 1889, notwithstanding your petitioner's absolute prohibition, communicated by your petitioner to your petitioner's wife, and the said George Percy Clerk, to speak or communicate with each other in any way, your petioner's said wife and the said George Percy Clerk having taken precautions to conceal their meeting from your petitioner, met on divers occasions in your petitioner's house at Madura, in the house of one Robert Fischer at Madura, in the tope adjacent to the said Robert Fischer's house, and in other places in or about Madura, and on divers occasions during the said period, the dates of which are unknown to your petitioner, committed adultery in the said houses and places.

Mr Morgan submitted that the petition alleged certain acts of adultery extending over a period of ten months, but gave no dates, the petitioner stating that they were unknown to him. The petitioner, Mr. Morgan said, also alleged other acts of adultery in out-of-the-way places on the hills, and in and about Madura, without giving any date which might enable the parties charged to disprove the allegations. Mr Morgan contended that as particulars on which Mr. Ross based his charges must be known to him, further particulars should be ordered. Mr. Morgan then proceded to cite a number of English cases in which further particulars had been directed to be furnished, and submitted that Mr. Ross should now be ordered to do so, as the facts set out in his petition were very vague, indefinite, and unsatisfactory.

Mr. H. G. Wedderburn, barrister-at-law, who, instructed by Mr. C. W. Wilson, of the firm of Messrs. Wilson and King, appeared for the plaintiff, submitted that the particulars given in the petition were ample, and that no further particulars were necessary. The petition set out distinctly what the case was which the co-respondent was called upon to meet; the petitioner had given all the information in his power, and was not bound to disclose his evidence. The learned counsel pointed out that under the Civil Procedure Code there was no section which authorised an application of the kind now made by the co-respondent, and contended that if the plaint do not disclose sufficient particulars, and further particulars were wanted, the application should have been one to amend the plaint. In the present case, he submitted that there was no necessity for any amendment at all. He quoted several cases decided by the English Courts and, applying the law as laid down in those cases to the present application, the learned counsel maintained that this was not an application which the Court could entertain.

Mr. Justice Handley, in dismissing the application, said:—"I do not think that this is a case in which the Court should call upon the petitioner to furnish the further particulars asked for on behalf of the co-respondent. The petition, in my opinion, sufficiently states the nature of the case on which the petitioner found his claim for relief. As to the dates of the alleged adultery, it states the dates within which it is alleged to have been committed, and that the exact dates are unknown to petitioner. As to the places where the adultery is alleged to have been committed, the allegations as to the acts charged in Madura are certainly sufficiently specific. I cannot think that petitioner ought to be asked to go further than state the houses where he alleges the acts took place or go into details as to the rooms in such houses. As to the allegations of adultery on the hills, the phrase "in out-of-the-way places on the hills" may seem vague to persons ignorant of the locality, but, taken with the allegations of habitual daily meetings of the parties, they are sufficiently intelligible to any person who, like the co-respondent, is acquainted with the locality. I cannot see that the petition, as it stands, should leave the co-respondent in any doubt as to the case he has to meet. The application must be dismissed."

Mr. Wedderburn applied for costs. Mr. Morgan objected to counsel's fees; the application was a simple one, and it would be very hard upon the co-respondent if he were ordered to pay counsel's fees as well. His lordship certified that this was a proper case for the counsel, and directed that the co-respondent should pay petitioner's costs of the application, including counsel's fees.

MADRAS.

MR. CATON WOODVILLE.—Mr Caton Woodville, the artist who came to India to sketch the principle scenes connected with the visit of Prince Albert Victor, has just completed an oil painting of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore. This painting is more than a portrait: it is a picture, representing the Maharajah and his suite, or staff, all mounted. The artist has chosen the moment when the Maharajah is reining in his charger from a gallop, and returning the salute of troops he has come to review. The picture is viewed as it were from the saluting-point, so that the royal party fronts you as you look This conception is well and very spiritedly worked out, and the general effect is exceedingly good. His Highness is mounted on his superb brown Australian charger, the housing and trappings of which are rich in gold and colour. The Maharaja wears a splendid uniform of dark blue, the sash and star of a G.C.S. I., a necklace of magnificent pearls, and a richly jewelled turban of crimson silk. He is raising his hand in salute. The attitude and bearing of the Maharajah and his charger are striking and commanding. Behind the Maharajah are Prince Soobramanya Raj Urs, Bukshi Basappaji Urs, Commander of the Troops of the Maharajah; and J. Desa Raja Urs, Aide-de-Camp to the Maharaja. The latter wears the handsome light blue and silver uniform of the Madras Cavalry, and the others the uniforms of the Mysore army. In the distance one of the Maharajah's body-Gguard is represented. The picture is about five-and-a-half-feet by seven feet, and gives the figures about half life size. Its final destination is the Durbar Hall in the public offices in Mysore, but before it rests there it will be exhibited in London, at the Royal Academy, where, no doubt, it will be regarded with interest and admiration. Mr. Woodville will put the finishing touches to the painting, and varnish and frame it in England, as he has no time to do these things here. Mr. C. G. Brown has photographed the painting, so those who desire to see what the picture is like, and get a copy of it, can do so.—*Bangalore Spectator.*

MR. H. SATOW, Commissioner of Hokkaido in Japan, who proposes to visit India in behalf of his Government, will visit Bombay, Delhi and Lahore.

IT is rumoured, says an up-country paper, that Mr. Trevor Plowden, Commissioner of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, who is at present in Calcutta, is in the running for the Agency to the Governor-General in Rajputana, in the room of Colonel C. K. Walter. It will be remembered that Mr. Plowden was in the Political Department before he went to Berar and Kashmir, having served with credit in Turkish Arabia and Meywar.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA SKY RACES.

STEWARDS.

CAPTAIN TUFNELL, Mr. P. Benn, Mr. J. L Symons, Colonel Merriman, Mr. T. Filgate, Mr. H. C. Burder, Mr. L. B. Ker, G. K. Remington, and Colonel Wise.

FIRST DAY—WEDNESDAY, 29th JANUARY 1890.

1ST RACE.—"The Bedouin Stakes."—(Open). Rs. 199. For Arab galloways, 13-3 and under, landed since 1st September 1889. W. A. I. raised 21 lbs. ½ mile.

1st Entries.

None.

2nd Entries.

Mr Graham's g a p Albert.
Sheikh Esau bin Curtas's b a gal Sandole.
Mr Sabir bin Abdul Futtah's g a gal Faras.
Mr Ali bin Taleb's b a gal Farahan.
Capt Baxter's g a gal Sandow.
Mr B's b a p Gendarme.
Do. g a p Cherub.
Mr Herbert's b a p Chota Sahib.
Mr S A W's ch a p Kedrose.

2ND RACE.—"The Worlee Stakes."—Rs. 300. For Arab horses, the *bona fide* property of members of the Bombay Gymkhana that have never won Rs. 49. Catch weights over 11 stone. ¾ mile.

1st Entries.

Mr Grant's b a h Lansdowne
Mr Grant's c a c Planet
Mr England's b a h Danube.
Mr Graham's c a h Arbid.

2nd Entries.

Mr Dale's b a h Stormwave.
Capt Richardson's b a gel, Caractacus.
Mr B's ch a h Rufus.
Mr H Benn's b a h Sir James.
Mr Scholfield's g a h Elmswood, late Grey Falcon.

3RD RACE.—"The Polo Cup."—Rs. 199. For all *bona fide* Polo ponies that have never won Rs. 49. Certificates from Polo Secretaries to accompany entries. 13-3 to carry 11 stone. W. I. 3 furlongs.

1st Entries.

Capt Capel-Cure's g cb m Lena
Mr Prevost's b a p Aftab
Mr Summer's c a p Pepsine
Mr Steel's br a p Mehlat

2nd Entries.

Mr Graham's ch a p Chocolate Cream
Mr Robertson's g barb g Idleboy

4TH RACE.—"The Byculla Cup."—Rs. 400. For Maiden galloways 13-3 and under, W. A. I. raised 28 lbs. Penalties, winners of Rs. 99, once 7 lbs, twice 10 lbs, three times 14 lbs. C B's allowed 7 lbs. Ponies landed after 1st September 1889 allowed 7 lbs. ¾ mile.

1st Entries.

Mr Grant's g a p Asteroid (late Kurgan)
Capt Baxter's b a p Kismet
Mr Graham's g ap Icecream

2nd Entries.

Mr B's g a p Tramp.
Mr England's b a p Cockyboy.
Mr Locke's b cb filly Brigantine.
Mr H Benn's g a gal Frivolity.
Mr Herbert's b a p Chota Sahib.

5TH RACE—"The Ladies' Bracelet."—Rs 100. For all galloways, 14 hands and under, that have never won a race of any description. Ladies' nominations; stakes to the owner. Catch weights over 11 stone. ½ mile.

1st Entries.

None.

2nd Entries.

Mrs Lyttelton nom Mr Cooper's ch a gal Sivajee.
Mrs Remington nom Mr Weber's g a m Envy.
Mrs Craig nom Mr Grant's b a gal, Starlight.
Miss Reid nom Mr Banker's b a gal, The General.
Mrs Stopford nom Mr. Robertson's g barb gal, Idleboy

SECOND DAY.—SATURDAY, 1ST FEBRUARY 1890.

1ST RACE.—"The Maiden Stakes."—(Open.) Rs. 199. For maiden Arabs landed since 1st September 1889, W. A. raised 21 lbs. ¾ mile.

1st Entries.

Mr Grant's c a c Planet.

2nd Entries.

Sheikh Esau bin Curtas's b a h Nawab.
Mr Moola Sulliman's g a h Sughlawee.
Mr Sulliman Ahmed Mayraekehi's ch a h Daring Noor.
Mr Ahmed bin Rashud's b a h Zoolfee.
Mr Abdoola bin Faras's b a c Gold Dust.
Mr Mahomed Hajee Futtah's b a h Tofie.
Mr Mahomed Hajee Futtah's g a h Futtie.
Mr Abdool Rahaman Haji's ch a h Mahajoob.
Mr Artin Aziz's g a h Fortune.
H H Aga Khan's g a h Albert Victor.
Mr B's g a h Vagabond.
Do b a h Rainbow.
Mr Sulliman Dawood's b a h Victor.
Mr Ali bin Taleb's b a gal Farahan.
Mr S A W's b a h Narrook.

2ND RACE.—"The Gymkhana Pony Stakes."—Rs. 300. For galloways, 13-3 and under, the *bona fide* property of members of the Bombay Gymkhana that have never won Rs. 49 prior to 1st January 1890, 13-3 to carry 11 stone. W. I. A winner after that date 4 lbs. extra. ½ mile.

1st Entries.

Mr Summer's c a p Pepsine.
Mr Grant's g a p Asteroid (late Kurgan.)
Capt Capel-Cure's b cb b Problem.
Mr Prevost's b a p Aftab.

2nd Entries.

Mr B's g a p Tramp.
Mr England's b a p Cockyboy.
Mr H Benn's g a gal Frivolity.
Capt Baxter's b a p Switchback.
Mr Meredith's g a p Minister.
Mr Bayley's b a p Marmion.

3RD RACE.—"Mahaluxmi Stakes."—(Open.) Rs. 400. For Arabs. W. A. raised 28 lbs; allowances—maiden 7 lbs. of the day 12 lbs., galloways 7 lbs, horses landed after 1st September 7 lbs. Penalties, winners of Rs. 500, once 4 lbs., twice 7 lbs., oftener 12 lbs, winner claimable for Rs. 1,200. A starting sweep of Rs. 30. 1 mile.

1st Entries.

Aga Moochool Shah's b a h The Duke.
Aga Moochool Shah's c a c Clyde.
Mr Grant's b a h Lansdowne.
Mr Sedley's b a h Browne Prince.
Mr S A W's g a h Goneaway.

2nd Entries.

Aga Junghee Shah's b a h Narrow Escape.
Mr. Khalipha bin Essa's ch a h Imperial.
Mr Dale's b a h Stormwave.
Mr Dale's b a h Heliotrope.
Mr DeLisle's b a h Warrior.
H H Aga Khan's g a h Damascus
H H Aga Khan's c a gal Jersey
Mr N S Symon's g a h Myras
Mr B's ch a h Rufus
Mr Locke's ch a h Denmark
Aga Coochick Shah's b a c Donovon (late Seamstere.)

4TH RACE.—"Arab Selling Race."—(Open). Rs. 199. For Arabs. Those entered to be sold for Rs. 800, to carry 11 stone, 4 lbs allowed or added for every Rs. 50 under or above that price. ¾ mile.

1st Entries.

Mr Grant's b a h Lansdowne
Mr England's b a h Danube
Mr Graham's c a h Arbid.
Mr S A W's c a g King Fisher.

2nd Entries.

Aga Junghee Shah's b a h Himalaya.
Mr N S Symon's g a h Myras.
Mr Macgregor's b a gal Recovery.

5TH RACE.—"Pony Selling Race."—Rs. 199. For all galloways 13-3 and under. Those entered to be sold for Rs. 500, to carry 11 stone, 4 lbs allowed or added for every Rs 50 under or above that price. 7 furlongs.

1st Entries.

Mr Grant's g a p Aerolite.
Mr Graham's g a p Icecream.

2nd Entries.

Mr Venable's g a p Ilene.
Capt Baxter's b a p Switchback.
Mr Wilkin's ch cb p The Dean.

J. F. N. GRAHAM,
Honorary Secretary.

THE excise revenue of the Madras Presidency for the official year 1888-89 amounted to the sum of Rs. 1,04,74,816, comprising the following items:—Country spirits and toddy, Rs. 94,77,618; foreign spirits, Rs. 3,01,403; miscellaneous, Rs. 11,926; rentals for sale of opium and intoxicating drugs, Rs. 2,72,629; and pass duty at Indore, &c., Rs. 4,11,600.

DISAPPOINTMENT is freely expressed at Rawalpindi that his Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor makes no stay, even for a few hours, at the "largest British garrison in the world." Expectation had run so high that a subscription list for his Royal Highness's entertainment was in progress, and contained individual subscriptions of Rs. 10,000 and Rs. 5,000 respectively.

THE business of the Ceylon pearl fishery is not yet closed, through the want of demand for the oysters in Colombo at the price fixed by Government. The price (Rs. 30 and over) is deemed too high, as no finds of pearls to justify this rate have been made—indeed, the general report is that the pearls are a poor lot this time. Captain Donnan has had to wash the remaining oysters on Government account. The sales, so far, make up the following statement:—Number in batch, 1,52,085; number sold, 75,850; price per 1,000, Rs. 22; total receipts Rs. 2,442.

THE FRENCH IN MADAGASCAR.

SOME instructive details of French policy in Madagascar are found in a letter recently sent home by the Rev. T. T. Matthews, one of the agents of the London Missionary Society. He writes:—Things have been very quiet here since the retirement, some months ago now, of the old French Resident-General.* He came here at the end of the war, seemingly quite determined to play the part that had been played at Tunis over again—to be, in fact, the Governor-General of Madagascar, not to say the King, with the Queen and the Prime Minister as his aides-de-camp.

BRIBERY, BLUSTER, AND BULLYING.

He found, however, that to play such a part would not be quite so easily done as he had thought; for he found the Hova Prime Minister a good deal more than a match for him. He began by flinging about money in the most extraordinary way; but he gained very little by that. When he began to be thwarted and found he could not have all his own way, he started in the usual French style, and tried what blustering and bullying would do, hauling down his flag and threatening the gunboats; but as he soon found that was of no use, he took to other French ways of trying to get his will worked out, the end of which was that the Malagasy Foreign Secretary was found guilty of a crime that a few years ago would have cost him his life, and was sentenced to 20 years in chains. Then he took to fawning on the Queen, Prime Minister, and the higher officers of the State, and flattering them, which was by far the most dangerous weapons he could have taken to, as the Malagasy are so susceptible to flattery; but these failed also to get him what he wanted, and so he threw up in disgust and went off to Paris. A young man has been sent in his place, who seems perfectly satisfied with drawing his salary and enjoying the luxuries of the Residency, without troubling himself very much about so-called French interests and French affairs; and he is very wise, for he could do nothing but get his country into trouble if he attempted to follow any other line of conduct than the one he is pursuing. It is more than suspected, however, that he has had instructions that he is to keep all smooth and quiet here, and that the spirited foreign policy of his predecessor, and the party in France to which he belonged, will not be supported from home. The old Resident was not supported from home during the last year or two as he seemed to be formerly, those who supported the French spirited foreign policy, of which the filibustering expeditions against Tonkin and Madagascar were the fruits, no longer being in power.

HIGH HANDED CONDUCT.

One of the Resident's subordinates was very nearly getting them into trouble a short time ago by threatening to have some Malagasy cadets turned off the parade ground at the point of the bayonet; for had that been done the consequences might have been very serious indeed. The Malagasy Government have had two British subjects in their service for some years, drilling their soldiers and training cadets; but as the old Resident was very jealous, and did not like the idea of all the training of the army being in the hands of the English, as he put it, he made offer of the services of one of the officers of his guard to train cadets. The offer was accepted by the Prime Minister, and some forty Malagasy youths were told off to be trained by this officer. After having had them in training for about a year, as his period of service was on the point of expiring he made an offer of his services to the Malagasy Government, saying he was willing to enter their service and to continue training cadets. His services, however, being declined with thanks, he was very vexed, and foolishly put out his anger on the poor cadets. He got into a violent passion with them one morning on the parade ground, and after abusing them he told them they were a set of the greatest blockheads he had ever set eyes on; for although he had been toiling at teaching them for months, they had only wasted his time, wasted powder, and spoiled the rifles that had been lent to them, for they were no better than they were the first day they came on the parade ground, and finished up by ordering them off it. As the cadets told him that they dare not leave the parade ground without orders from the Prime Minister, he told them if they did not leave at once he would have them turned off at the point of the bayonet, whereupon they left, marched to the palace, and informed the Prime Minister of what had taken place.

FRENCH SOLDIERS ON THE SPREE.

About a week after the above had taken place, the capital was thrown into the greatest state of excitement one morning by its being discovered that four of the large cannon belonging to the Malagasy Government had been rolled over the embankment into the plain below, while two of the smaller ones had been carried off and hidden, and all the rest of the cannon in and around the capital had been spiked! Fifteen oxen had been let loose from a cattle pen to roam through the streets, and a number of the stalls and little shops in the bazaar had been broken to pieces. The excitement was intense, as what had been done was regarded as an act of defiance of the Queen and Government, and hence of open rebellion. Almost the entire population of the capital was summoned to a *kabary* by beat of drum, at which the Prime Minister, in the name of the Queen and Government, stated what had been done, and declared that death was the punishment of such an offence if the depredators were Malagasy subjects. A reward of £60 was offered for information such as would lead to the arrest of the guilty parties, while a free pardon and a reward of £20 were offered to anyone who had taken part that would give himself up and reveal the names of the others. It was very soon found out that the guilty parties were eight soldiers of the French Resident's guard, who had been out of barracks all night, and while under the influence of drink had been having a "lark," and done what had caused all the excitement. The poor fellows are likely to pay dearly for their lark, for, after being severely punished here, they were sent off to Diego Suarez to be tried for destruction of munitions of war, although how those rusty, almost useless, old cannon could be called such is rather hard to understand.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

JANUARY 12.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

Cable Suakin-Jedda interrupted. Communication with the Hedjaz and Yemen interrupted.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p m. of the 12th Jan. 1890.

Via.	Latest Dates.			Time occupied in transmission.*	
	D.	H.	M.	Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	11	10	51	3	26
Teheran	12	7	21	1	9
Suez	12	5	21	1	54

* Difference in longitude allowed for.

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. 12th Jan. 1890.

—	Maximum Time.		Minimum Time.	
	H.	M.	H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	27	...	10
„ Kurrachee	...	6	...	1
„ Madras	...	14	...	4

THE *Madras Mail* learns that the Madras U. C. S. Association intend to present Mr. H. S. King, M.P., with an address during his brief visit to Madras. This is only as it should be, considering his untiring efforts on their behalf. A dinner was at first thought of, but owing to limited time and the fortuitous absence of a considerable number of the members of the service from Madras, the idea had to be abandoned.

IN his recent letter to Emin Pasha, Omar Saleh alludes with great solemnity to the "tongues of fire," which he declares he saw with his own eyes leap out from the points of the spears of the soldiers of the Mahdi while on their last religious campaign. Most people on reading this epistle at once set down this story as the child of Omar's fancy. He was, however, about as near telling the exact truth as his ignorance of scientific facts would permit. What he really saw flashing from the spear points was not "tongues of flame," but bluish discharges of electricity. Several instances of the same kind have been noticed in various parts of the world, and recently by scientists on the Alps and upon Ben Nevis. These bright electrical discharges are commonly known under the name of St. Elmo's fire.

ECHOES OF SCIENCE.

EXPERIMENTS on a small scale have been made in this country to test the value of wind-power for driving dynamos and furnishing electricity. Professor Blyth, of Glasgow, for instance, succeeded in lighting his seaside quarters by this means a year or two ago. But nothing important has come of these trials. We learn, however, that this inexpensive mode of obtaining power has been utilised at the lighthouse of Cape de la Hogue, where a windmill drives two dynamos, and the current is stored up in accumulators. The mill is arranged to work automatically, and take advantage of light breezes, as well as high gales. This is effected by a special regulator, which opens and closes the apertures in the wind wheel, so that the surface of the sails exposed to the wind varies according to its force. The dynamos are also thrown in or out of gear by automatic mechanism.

The use of Milford Haven by Atlantic steamers is found to shorten the Transatlantic passage by about half-a-day, and it is now proposed to reduce the time still further by making Fort Pond Bay, at the east-end of Long Island, the western terminus. This measure would substract at least 24 hours from the duration of the ordinary Anglo-American voyage.

At a recent meeting of the Linnean Society, some specimens of bark from the Quillaia Saponaria plant of Chili were exhibited by Mr. T. Christy. It possesses some peculiar properties. An extract from it is now used as a lather for cleansing silk, wool, and kid leather. Moreover, it is said to solidify the hydrocarbon oils and benzoline; thus rendering them transportable with greater safety. A little citric acid restores the oils to their liquid state.

A report on the food of crows has been made by Mr. W. B. Barrows to the American Agricultural Department, from which it appears that while these birds are serviceable to the farmer by killing injurious insects, mice, and other rodents, their consumption of Indian corn, rye, oats, wheat, and such cereals, more than counter balances their good offices. Crows not only eat young corn, but pull up the plants to get the germinating seed. They also harm potatoes, beans, peanuts, cherries, and other fruits. Moreover, they disseminate weeds and poisonous plants, eat beneficial insects, and destroy the eggs and young of wild birds and domesticated fowls.

One drawback to steam engines for some purposes is the length of time they require to get up steam and make a start. It is especially felt in the case of small motors for domestic or vehicular purposes. Accordingly M. Serpollet, a French inventor, has brought out a small instantaneous boiler in which the steam is generated by passing the water through a flattened metal tube, coiled in a spiril, and placed immediately above the fire box. The cross-section of the tube is very small, and the heat increases towards the end where the superheated steam leaves it. The boiler is readily applicable to existing steam motors, and has been used for driving dynamos, as well as such vehicles as sociable tricycles. The makers are La Societe des Generateurs a Vaporisation Instantanee 27, Rue de Cloys, Paris.

The lightning conductors of the Eiffel Tower were erected under the direction of M.M. Mascart, Becqueral and Berger, the first of whom is an accomplished electrician, and the second is a well-known physicist. They have already stood the test of a severe lightning stroke, and, according to a paper recently read before the Academy of Sciences at Paris, they not only afford an efficient protection for the tower itself, but for a considerable area around it.

The fact that the Bell telephone patent expires next year has given rise to the movement in Manchester for the establishment of a co-operative telephone society. At present, the rental for the instruments of the National Telephone Company is £20 per annum from each subscriber. This is considered by the promoters of the new company as excessive, and they propose to use the Bell telephone, which will be free to everybody after the patent expires. This instrument is now the "receiver" of the National Telephone Company's apparatus, the "transmitter" being the Blake microphone or carbon transmitter, covered by Edison's patent, which, however, does not expire for three or four years more. The Bell magneto-telephone is capable of working independently of the microphone transmitter, a Bell receiver being able to serve as a transmitter too, though less perfectly than the carbon transmitter. The new company is to be formed on the mutual or co-operative principle, and the rent charged for the use of the system will be such as to cover expenses and yield about 5 per cent. of dividend on the capital. The Postmaster-General has signified has intention of licensing their operations.

The probability is that the Post Office will acquire the whole telephonic system of the United Kingdom after the Edison patent expires. They will be driven to this course by the public demand for cheaper telephony, and the fact that their own telegraphic revenue must be infringed by the competition of the trunk telephone lines between town and town which are now springing up. The telephone and telegraph will then be worked conjointly, to the great advantage of the community.

Since 1885 the iron ships of the Japanese navy have been lacquered on the bottom to prevent corrosion of the metal by sea-water, and the honey combing of the plates produced by the adhesions of shell fish at the water-line and elsewhere. The remedy was recently tried on a Russian vessel and found to be quite successful on the steel surface of the hull, but not where plates of zinc had been attached. The lacquer peeled off the zinc sheathing and reduced the speed of the vessel. It was therefore decided to remove the zinc and apply the lacquer to an iron surface only.

Mr. F. Maxwell Lyte, F. C. S., points to an unsuspected risk arising from the utilisation of natural gas in the United States. This gas is the main combustible in certain districts, and it issues from the bores at an average pressure of 200lbs. per square inch. Mr. Late calculates that the upward pressure of the gas in the underground reservoirs must be comparable to the weight of a fair-sized mountain, and argues that when it is withdrawn by the exhaustion of the gas the superincumbent [illegible] may subside, and produce unexampled catastr[illegible] inhabitants of the towns using the gas may, in fact, be preparing their own destruction. Let us hope the subject will receive attention.

A small electric pump, for the use of householders who require to pump their water into cisterns, has been introduced by the Hall Electric Pump Company, of Plainfield, N. J., United States. The chief advantages of the apparatus are that it takes up little room and is self-starting; the float of the cistern starting or stopping it when the water is low or high by closing an electric current.

A "dance of molecules" has been realised in Germany, where, at a banquet given to the Congress of Naturalists and Physicians in Cologne, Dr. Hoffman presented a ballet in which the dancers were dressed to represent different chemical constituents, and in their evolutions illustrated the various combinations of organic chemistry and their reactions. The composition of benzole and the brilliant aniline derivatives were especially applauded; while the grand finale resulted in the formation of roburite, and a picturesque explosion.

The electrical balance of Mr. Wm. Snelgrove, at the Birmingham Exhibition, is a most ingenious apparatus, quite self-acting, and requiring only a few cells of a voltaic battery to perform all the duties of weighing and indicating the result. It is essentially a knife edge steel yard, capable of balancing itself, and showing the total on a set of dials. The mechanism is too complicated to describe without diagrams; but it serves the purpose admirably. The machine weighs up to half a ton, and does it in less time than an ordinary weighbridge.

Buenos Ayres seems to have the largest "rocking stone" yet discovered. It is situated on the slope of the mountain of Taudil, in the southern part of the province, and measures 90ft. long by 18ft. broad, and 24ft. high. Its bulk is 5,000 cubic feet, and it weighs at least 25 tons. Nevertheless, it is so touchily poised that a single person can set it rocking. When the wind blows from the south-east, the stone, which is pyramidal in form, sways to-and-fro on its foundation, like the branches of a tree.

Another geological freak is the rolling stones of Nevada. They are globular in shape, and about the size of hickory nuts, while their mineral composition is ferruginous and magnetic. When distributed over a table at distances not exceeding 3ft. apart, they will roll together, and form a congeries of balls.

It is proposed to hold an electrical exhibition at Frankfort next year from June to the end of November. Mr. Edison, Sir William Thomson, and Mr. Alexander Siemens have been elected honorary members of the committee.

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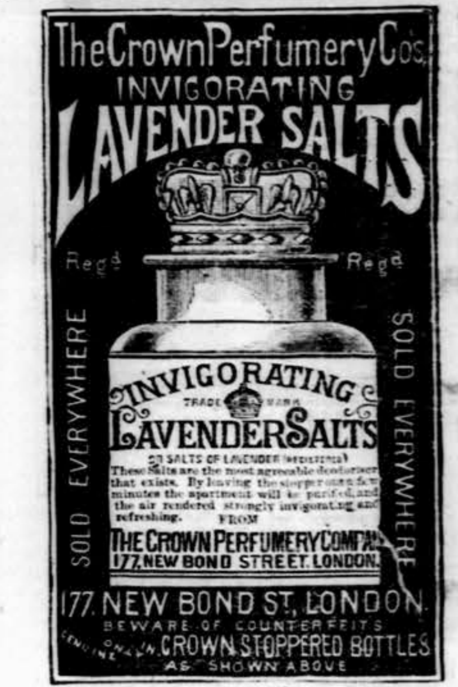

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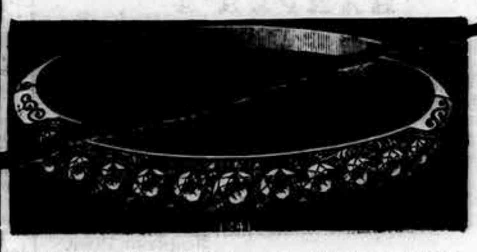
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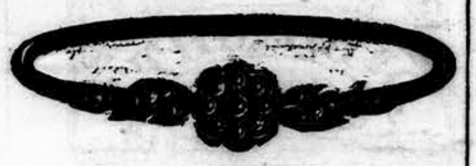
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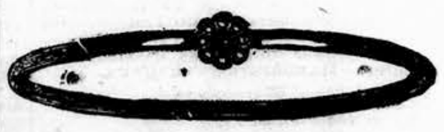
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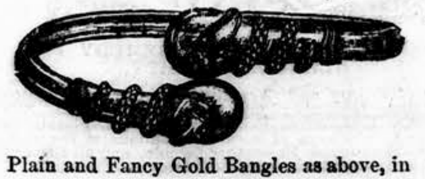
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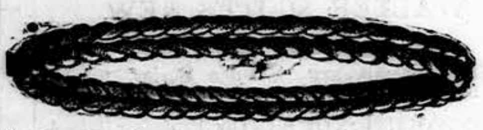
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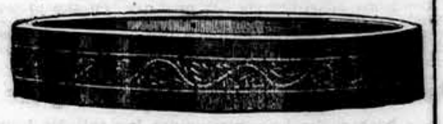
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Cadbury's Cocoa is delicious, nutritious, digestible, comforting, and a refined beverage suitable for all Seasons of the year.
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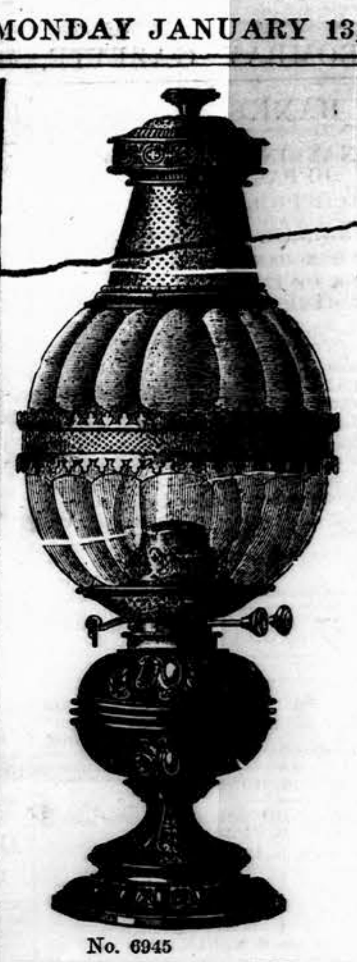
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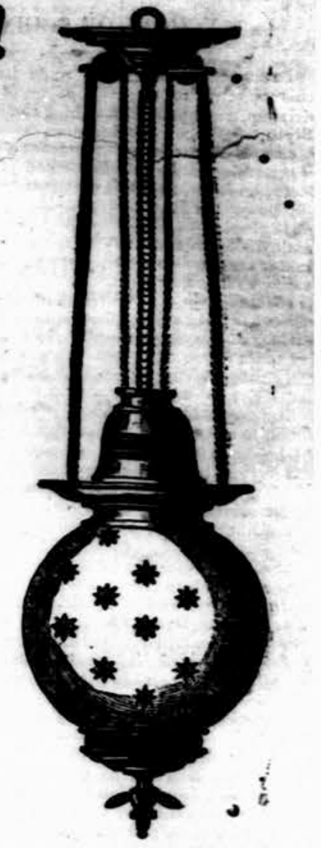
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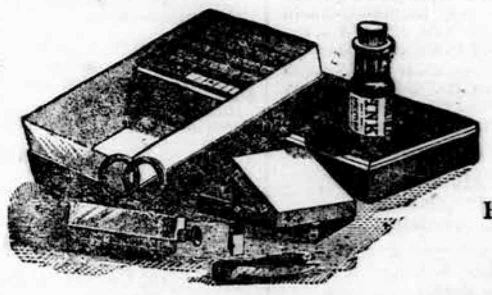

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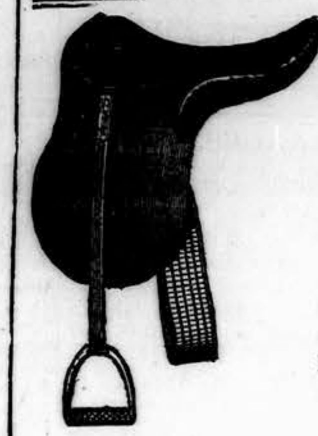

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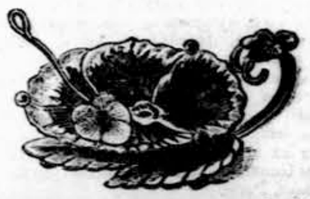
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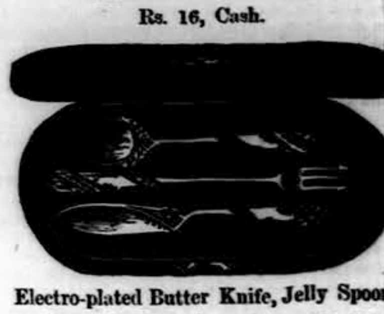
Electro-plated Butter Knife, Jelly Spoon, and Pickle Fork, in neat morocco case.
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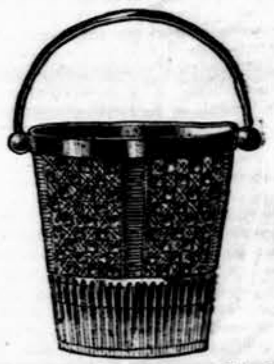
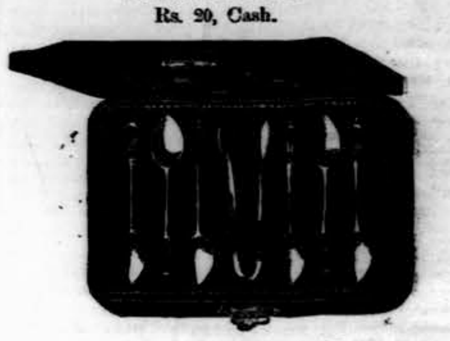

Richly Cut-glass Electro-plated Mounted Ice Bucket.
Rs. 20, Cash.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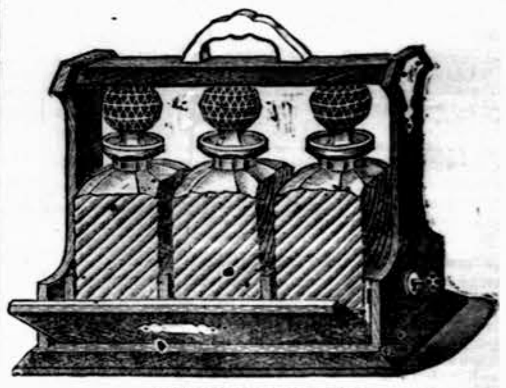
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